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SKYLAB EXPERIENCE BULLETIN NO. 6

SPACE GARMENTS FOR IVA WEAR

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration

LYNDON B. JOHNSON SPACE CENTER

Houston, Texas

AUGUST 1974

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SKYLAB EXPERIENCE BULLETIN NO. 6

SPACE GARMENTS FOR IVA WEAR

AUGUST 1974

MAN-MACHINE ENGINEERING DATA APPLICATIONS 0F SKYLAB EXPERIMENTS M487/M516

BULLETIN NO. 6

SPACE GARMENTS FOR IVA WEAR

This document is the sixth in a series of releases which are intended to make available to NASA and contractor personnel those results from the Skylab Man-Machine Engineering Experiments which have design and requirements relevance to current projects and programs. This method of data distribution has been instituted as a convenient way to provide early access to Skylab experience and is intended as an interim measure, to be followed up by a thorough experiment report six to nine months after receipt of all Skylab flight data.

PREPARED BY:

REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY:

Head, Man-Machine

Engineering Section

G. C. Franklin Chief, Crew Station

Design Branch

C. C. Johnson Chief, Spacecraft

Design Division

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SPACE GARMENTS FOR IVA WEAR

SUMMARY

In space, garments are a basic necessity to provide crewmen with thermal comfort and support for almost all of their activities. Overall, the Skylab garment design, which was generally well accepted by all the crewmen, is recognized as a major contributor to their overall efficiency and wellbeing, while also adding to the general habitability of the spacecraft.

Some of the more important lessons gained in the area of garment design and use through Skylab experience include the following:

- Personal preferences and style--as demonstrated by the varying frequencies of change, modes of dress and selection/use of garment options--are an integral part of the garment system. These factors should be considered along with function and system integration when designing future garment systems.
- Daily changes of underclothing is highly recommended, with less frequent change suggested for outer wear.
- Pockets should receive a greater level of attention in the design/development phases.
- Body changes in zero-g must be considered to ensure satisfactory fit.
- Greater emphasis must be placed on developing footwear to withstand the rigors of crew use.
- Garments made of absorbent material and worn in spacecraft having limited stowage/trash disposal facilities should be considered for a second role as housekeeping rags prior to final discarding.
- Maximum use of standard-size, off-the-shelf clothing for items such as underwear, will minimize cost and broaden the population of crewmembers having ready access to these garments.

In summary, in the words of one Skylab astronaut:

Although many things in the space station operation are optimized to an unnecessary degree, the clothes are not. They are probably one of the best tools you have all day. You need the pocket just the right length and width to accommodate such items as pencils and books. The clothes for Shuttle should be designed precisely with day-to-day operations in mind. An ordinary pair of coveralls will not do. Let me give you some examples. We all wanted our scissors. Those scissors pockets were terrible. The flap didn't overlap enough, and they just had a little piece of velcro on it. Same thing with the knife pocket. Those things are important and they allow you to do the job day after day so much faster and smoothly if you have everything where you can grip it. So the Shuttle crews should have their clothes designed to suit their particular needs. They should consider what they're going to use each pocket for. That became critical as far as where the tape and your timer were. All those things should be developed first, then the clothes can be designed. They don't have to be custom made. If we had done a better job on the clothes, we could have worked faster on a day-by-day basis.*

PRE-SKYLAB EXPERIENCE

Man in space requires garments to support his well-being, comfort, and activities while inside the habitable space-craft environment. However, because of the hostile environment outside the space vehicle, the clothing of early spaceman became life-sustaining, protecting him from the virtual absence of oxygen and intolerable temperature extremes. This life support function became the prime driver in the design of early space wardrobes.

The Mercury and Gemini garments were based on providing thermal comfort for the crewman, as well as a pressure garment for contingencies (where vehicle pressure was lost) or for extravehicular activities. Garment materials were selected on the basis of non-flammability and non-offgassing in the spacecraft environment, with little regard for crew "touch comfort." Garment quantity on board was usually limited to what the crewman wore at launch. Mercury space suits were worn from launch through recovery. Only the 14-day Gemini VII crew doffed their pressure suits while in flight. With only the pressure garment or the "long-johns" worn under it as the outer garment, little attention was paid to such

^{*}SL3 CDR, SL1/3 Corollary Experiments Debriefing, October 16, 1973, JSC-08482, pp. 16-17, Ref. 2.66.

characteristics as style or color.

These "neglected" characteristics received increased attention during the Apollo Program as mission length and number of crewmen increased. In the somewhat larger Apollo spacecraft, man was more mobile and performed more complex IVA tasks in the "shirtsleeve" environment he was provided. Thus, for the first time, the garment system addressed not only pressure suits for thermal and pressure protection but also specific IVA wear designed for function and crew comfort. A three-piece flight suit--consisting of jacket, trousers, and shirt--was provided for the Apollo crewman to wear when the pressure garment was not required.

By the end of the Apollo Program, space attire had progressed from archaic pressure suits to those having increased mobility and comfort for supporting extravehicular activities, complemented with shirtsleeve garments for almost all intravehicular activities.

SKYLAB DESIGN

Skylab was the first space program during which astronauts were to live in space and perform primarily intravehicular tasks. The garment design philosophy was one of providing pressure suits for extravehicular activities and informal shirtsleeve garments for intravehicular activities. Although the resulting garments did compromise crew comfort with materials requirements for the Skylab environment, crew "touch comfort" and overall appearance weighed more heavily in determining the final design. Individual garments (e.g., shirt, jacket and trousers) and removable trouser legs allowed flexibility in achieving thermal comfort across the broad range of Skylab IVA tasks. Personal preferences were allowed for items such as pocket design and underwear style. Standard-size, off-the-shelf garments had been included for the first time in a spaceman's wardrobe.

With a crew of three for a planned maximum mission length of 56 days, the cost of having reusable garments laundered in orbit--in terms of weight and volume for a washer, added water, systems hardware, etc.--was too great for Skylab. The garments were disposable.

Progressive modifications to Skylab garments in terms of quantity and design were made as experience was gained from

the first and second crews. These will be discussed in the paragraphs below and in the "Skylab Experience" section of this bulletin.

The following paragraphs describe the intravehicular garment inventory available to and used by the Skylab crewmembers.

Jacket Assembly

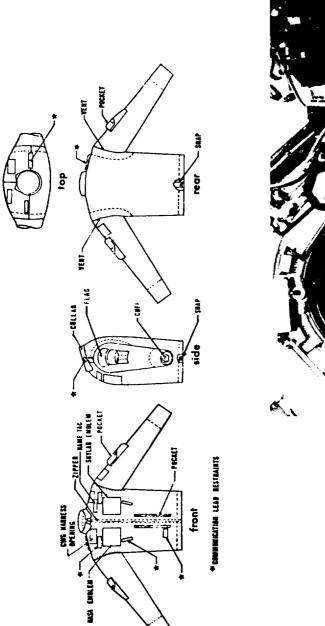
The Jacket Assembly was a contoured, custom-fit, waist-length jacket, fabricated from brown, fire-resistant woven durette fabric. The long sleeves incorporated rib-knitted durette concealed cuffs, which could be cut out during mission usage, as desired, without damage to the sleeves. Expansion vents (of spandex and durette) were incorporated into the shoulders. The jacket also featured an adjustable conformal waistband and a full collar. The waistband included three snaps which interfaced with the trouser assembly; two of these snaps also interfaced with the OWS wall snaps for temporary jacket stowage.

A front, full-length separating zipper facilitated donning and doffing. Tabs and attachment points were strategically located to restrain communication leads. Four pockets were provided on the jacket. A divided pocket, having a flap and velcro fasteners, was provided on each upper arm: the right arm pocket was designed for penlight and pens, while the left pocket was for sunglasses. Two vertical insert pockets with concealed-zipper closures were located on the front torso for stowage of miscellaneous items. Above the left arm pocket was the American flag emblem. The NASA emblem appeared on the upper right front section, while the crew emblem and name tag were located on the upper left front section.

The Jacket Assembly is shown in Figure 1. The planned jacket use rate was one per crewman per week.

Trouser Assembly

The Trouser Assembly (Figure 2), also fabricated from brown, fire-resistant woven durette material, was a custom-fit, waist-to-ankle trouser. At crew option, the trousers could be easily converted to above-the-knee shorts by unzipping a



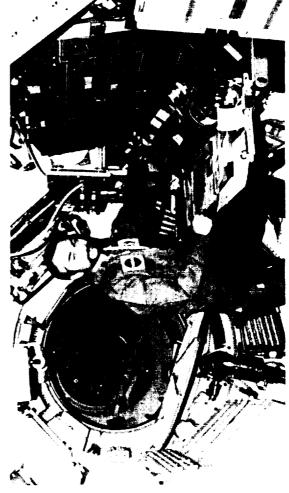
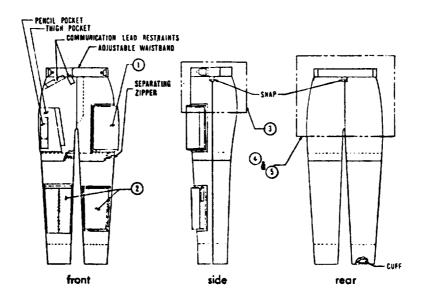


FIGURE 1: Skylab Jacket Assembly



POCKET OPTIONS:

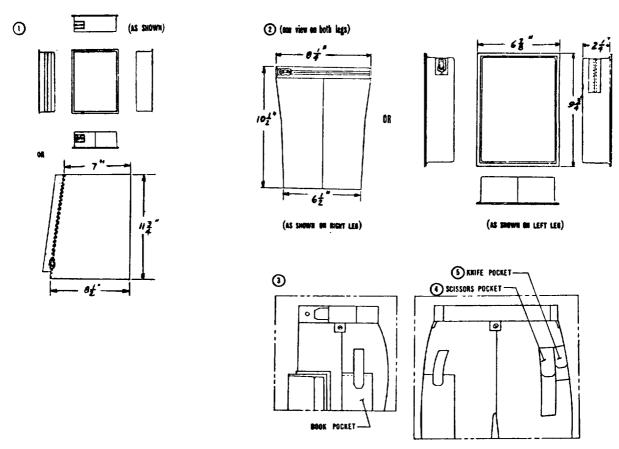


FIGURE 2: Skylab Trouser Assembly

concealed zipper and removing the lower trouser leg. As in the jacket sleeves, the legs incorporated rib-knitted durette cuffs, which could be cut out during mission usage, if a crewman desired.

The adjustable trouser waistband, providing stability and sizing comfort, had three snaps which interfaced with the Jacket Assembly (described above). One of these snaps would also interface with the OWS male wall snaps for temporary stowage. Communication lead restraints, a tab and attachment point (clamp retainer), were provided on the front of the trousers.

Four utility pockets with zippered closures were located on the front of the trousers. The right thigh pocket, a standard flush pocket, had a small pocket outside for pens/pencils. The crewman could choose either flush or box pockets for the left thigh and both leg pockets. These pockets were sized to accommodate all flight data books. The creemen could also select any or all additional pockets on the pack of the trousers: book, knife, and scissors pockets. The book pocket was sized to accommodate the Teleprinter Message Book. Elastic webbing and a fold over flap were included in the top edge of the pocket to position and hold the book. The knife pocket was sized to accommodate a Swiss Army Knife. The closure on this pocket was velcro. The scissors pocket was to accommodate a Scissors Assembly, including lanyard. A velcro closure and scissors lanyard socket snap were at the top of this pocket.

Trousers were provided at the rate of one per crewman per seven days.

Shirt Assembly

Fabricated from brown, fire-resistant polybenzimidazole (PBI) or knitted durette fabric, the Shirt Assembly (Figure 3) was a shortsleeve, pullover shirt which incorporated raglan sleeves and a mock turtleneck collar. The shirt tail, a straight cut side-slit design, was to be sufficiently long to be retained under the trouser assembly waistband.

Two tabs and two attachment points on the shirt front were to serve as communication lead restraints. A zipper-closing utility pocket was located on the upper left front section. Shirts came in five sizes and were stocked on the basis of one per crewman per seven days.

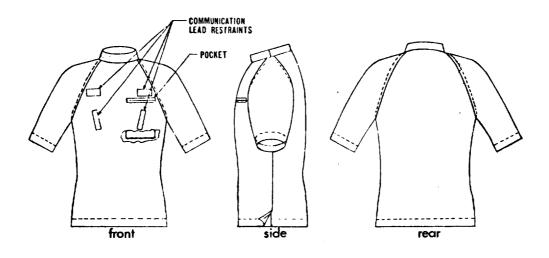


FIGURE 3: Skylab Shirt Assembly

Boot Assembly

The Boot Assembly was a lightweight pair of ankle-high boots made from woven durette for the SL2 crew and from Kevlar for the SL3 and SL4 crews. An inside-sole comfort lining of simplex knitted durette provided foot protection from tightness or material bunching. A sole stiffener and sole vents were incorporated for added comfort. A side-mounted zipper facilitated donning and doffing of the boots, which were designed to have minimum effects on crewman mobility. The Kevlar boots, which had been provided to reduce boot wear, had two-ply vamp and toe layers.

The Boot Assembly, depicted in Figure 4, came in six standard and three custom sizes. The planned use rate was one pair of boots per crewman per 14 days.

Glove Assembly

The Glove Assembly (Figure 5) was a pair of wrist-length, lightweight, five-fingered gloves. The unlined gloves were fabricated from fire-resistant simplex knitted durette, except

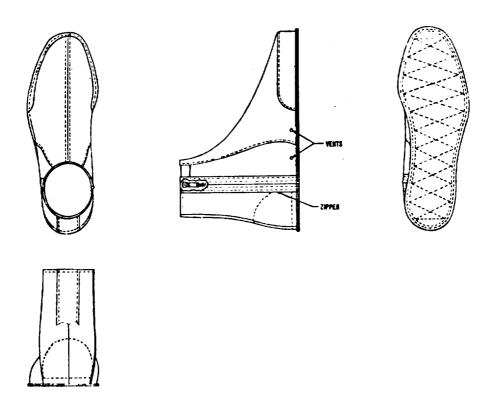


FIGURE 4: Skylab Boot Assembly

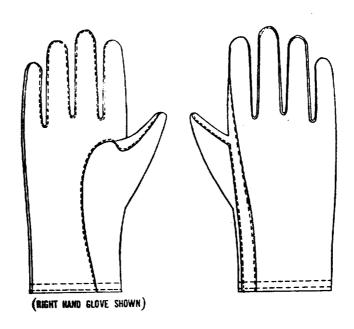


FIGURE 5: Skylab Glove Assembly

for the palm and front of the gauntlet, thumb and fingers, which were fabricated from seamless deerskin.

The glove, which came in six sizes, completely covered the hand and wrist for comfort and protection, while allowing only minimum degradation to tactility and mobility.

Two pairs of gloves were provided each SL crewman.

Underwear Sets

Skylab crewmen could select from four options for underwear sets. Each 28-day Clothing Module (described below) originally contained 14 of these sets, permitting a change of underwear every other day. Additional underwear was provided after SL2 (see "Skylab Findings" section for more detail) for the SL3 and SL4 crews. One set style or a combination of styles was allowed.

Set 1 (Figure 6) was a Full Union Suit having integrated socks but without an opening in the seat. An off-the-shelf item, the suit was 100% white cotton and came in standard sizes.

Set 2 (Figure 7) was a Half Union Suit. This suit completely separated at the waist, the lower half having integrated socks and no seat opening, and the upper half a standard pullover T-shirt. Both halves were off-the-shelf items, 100% white cotton, and came in standard sizes.

Set 3 (Figure 8) was a 3-item set: T-shirt, shorts, and socks. Three different styles of shorts were available: jockey, knee, and boxer. All shorts were white cotton and standard-size. The socks were white cotton and featured a reinforced heel and stretch top. The T-shirt was the same as in Set 2. The socks and T-shirt were also standard-size.

Set 4 (Figure 9) was an Apollo Constant Wear Garment (CWG), made of white cotton. The CWG was standard-size.

Garment Stowage: 28-Day Clothing Module/Contingency Clothing Module

Twenty-eight-day supplies of the above garments were originally packed as a modular unit for each Skylab crewman: one module per SL2 crewman, and two modules each per SL3 and SL4 crewman. The garments (excluding gloves and boots) for each of the crewmen were packed into a rucksack (as described below) to make the 28-day Clothing Module.

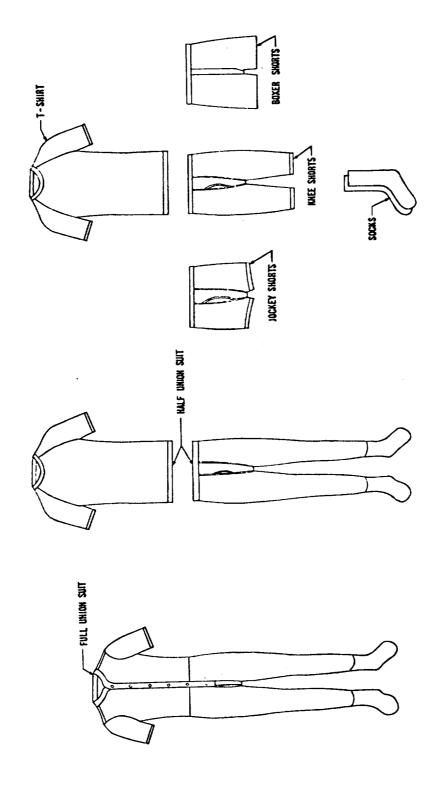


FIGURE 7: Skylab Underwear FIGURE 8: Skylab Underwear Fi --Set 1

FIGURE 9: Skylab Underwear --Set 3

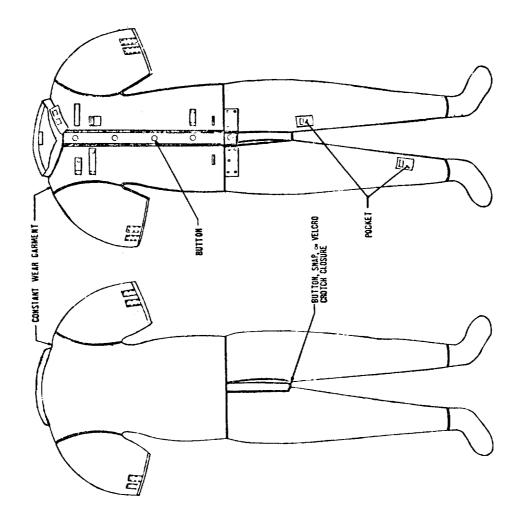


FIGURE 10: Skylab Underwear--Set 4

The Clothing Modules (sans Valet Kits), designed to fit the standard OWS stowage locker, were stowed in the Sleep Compartment (lockers S912, S924, and S934) for the on-board crew's use (Figure 10) and in the wardroom for the follow-on crews (Figure 11). Valet Kits--each containing one pair of boots and gloves--were stowed in one Contingency Clothing Module (see below) in OWS forward dome locker D416. Garment quantities selected by the Skylab crews for inclusion into their clothing inventories are shown in Table I. Contingency clothing (for backup crewmen) included 2 pairs of boots, 4 jackets, 6 trousers, 8 shirts, and 14 pairs of shorts.

The rucksack (Figure 12), fabricated from smooth-surface 14-mil Armalon, was sectioned into seven areas for specific garment containment. Each section was labeled to facilitate garment identification, and separation tabs and a hook/pile (velcro) closure system were incorporated in each section to allow single-item removal without affecting remaining items.

As a sub-assembly to the rucksack, the Valet Kit (Figure 12) provided sectioned-stowage for the boots and gloves. The Valet Kit could snap to the rucksack and could be removed as a unit and snapped to the OWS walls for temporary stowage.

A Contents Label (Figure 12) included in the Clothing Module identified the crewman name and garment contents (item and quantity) of the Module. The label also indicated the garment change cycle and enabled the crewman to keep track of garment quantity remaining.

Used clothing and empty modules were to be disposed of through the Trash Airlock (TAL).

Construction of the Contingency Clothing rucksack was identical to the unit discussed above, except the contingency rucksack had only three sections (Figure 13), and no Valet Kit attachment snaps were provided.

Within specified weight and volume requirements, a combination of garments was packed into two rucksacks: one contained the garments which fit backup crewmen for the last two Skylab missions. The other contained all gloves and boots in Valet Kits. The two contingency modules were stowed in the OWS forward dome area locker D416 (Figure 11).

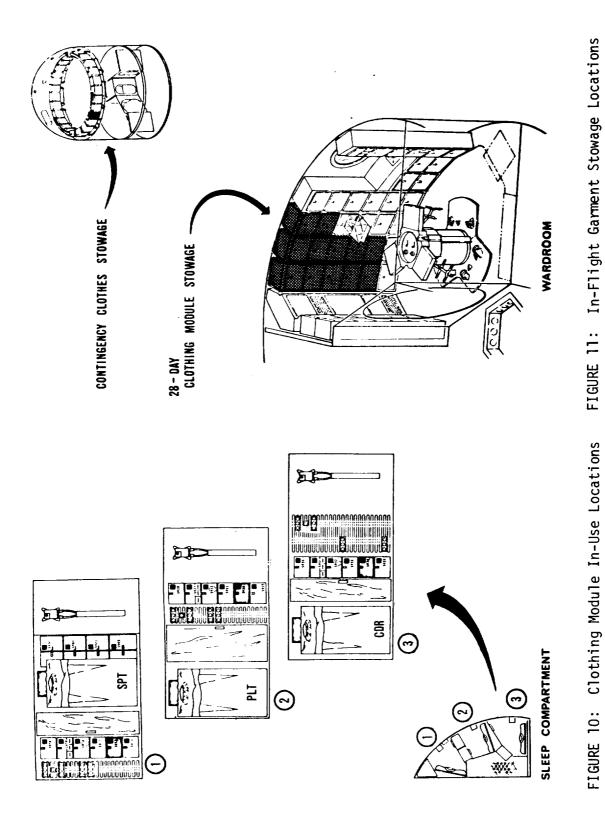
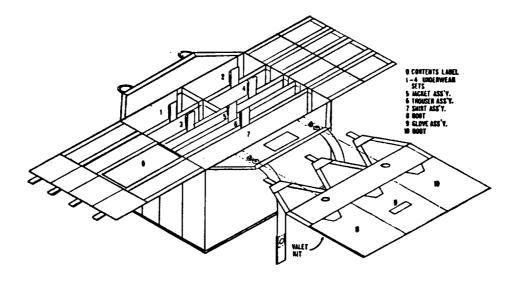


FIGURE 10: Clothing Module In-Use Locations

TABLE I: Skylab Crew Garment Selection

***									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Stappe Story	2	က	2	2	4	2	3	က	3
State Tilly	12	13	6	50	24	24	54	53	47
Stadys 13430s	5	10	1	18	œ	12	0	0	0
tarks: T	5	_	4	22	56	24	0	10	20
10 Mm Y Mary	0	2	4	0	0	0	28	24	27
Willy The	12	13	14	56	56	24	35	56	28
SHOB	2	0	5	4	2	4	14	9	8
Stock	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Tally 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SAISTON	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
130k	8	∞	8	17	17	17	4 1	17	17
GARMENT	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
GAR	ო	ო	3	2	5	5	5	Ω.	5
СВЕМЫЛИ	_	2	3	_	2	3	1	2	ဗ
SL MISSION		II			III			١٧	



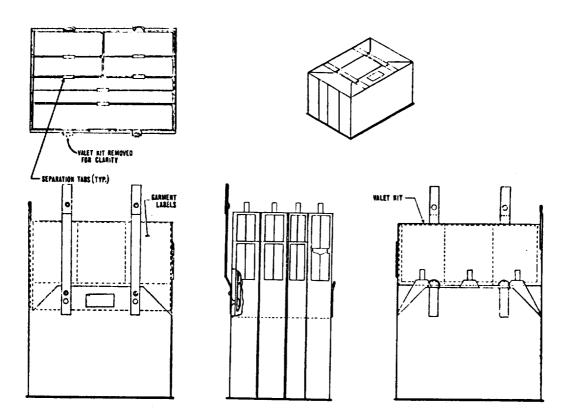


FIGURE 12: Skylab 28-Day Clothing Rucksack

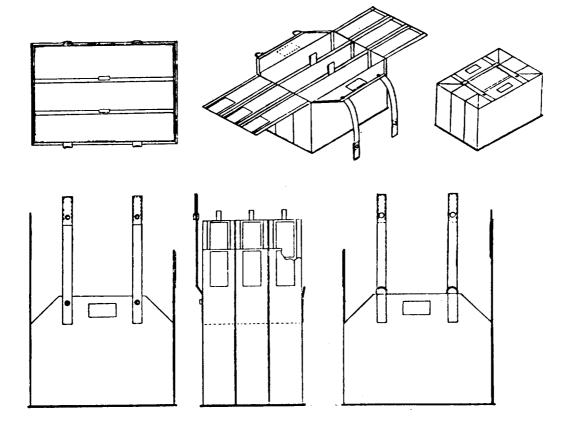


FIGURE 13: Skylab Contingency Clothing Rucksack

Triangle Shoes

The Skylab portable foot restraints, more commonly referred to as the triangle shoes, were not specified as garments, per se. However, since in some cases the crewmen tended to wear them as full-time footwear, the shoes (not to be confused with the soft boots described above) will be discussed as such in this bulletin.

The triangle shoes (Figure 14) were custom-fitted, high-top, lace-up shoes. The vamps were PBI. A removable triangular clete, which mated with the OWS grid, was fitted to the sole. A modification to the shoes in the form of protective toe caps was made for the SL3 and SL4 missions (see "Skylab Experience" below). Each crewman was provided one pair of shoes per mission.

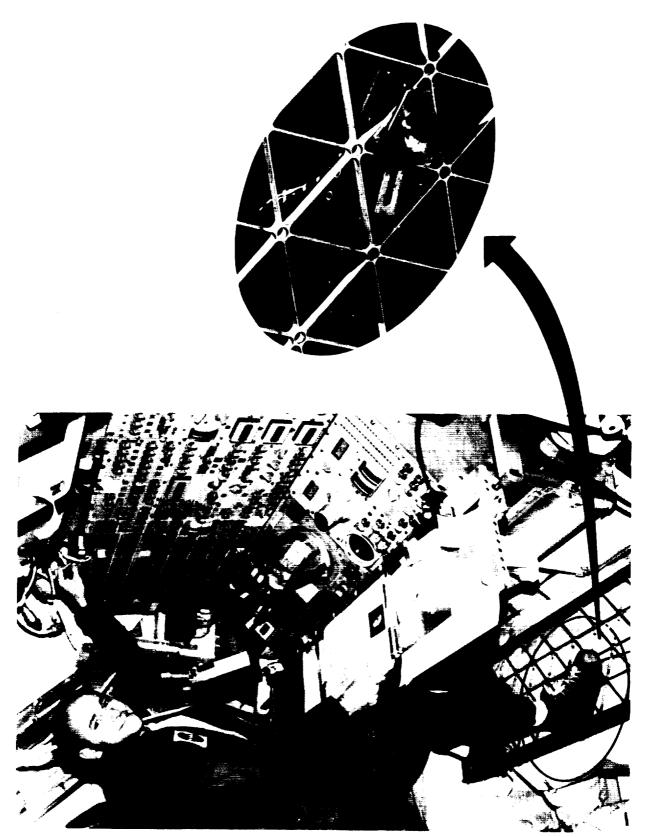


FIGURE 14: Skylab Portable Foot Restraints (Triangle Shoes)

Bump Hat

The Skylab bump hat (Figure 15) was a hard-shell "hard hat" molded in a polyimide-fiberglass composite. The 2.5-pound helmet was to provide protection to the crewman during operations of the M509 and T020 experiment maneuvering units and during miscellaneous (e.g., maintenance) activities. The hat featured adjustable chin strap and headband assemblies made from PBI fabric, felt, and webbing, and a shock absorbing headliner made of Fluorel foam rubber. The one bump hat provided could accommodate the "Snoopy hat" communications assembly.



FIGURE 15: Skylab Bump Hat

Thermal Qualities

The crewmen were provided a multi-garment system which incorporated trousers, shirt and jacket to be worn over the underwear. This inventory provided flexibility to the crewman for achieving thermal comfort by donning or doffing the jacket and by attaching or detaching the lower legs of the trousers with zippers. Gloves were also provided for thermal comfort and protection (as well as abrasion protection—this section addresses only the thermal aspects; the reader is referred to the "Head/Hand Protection" section for additional information).

The flexibility to use clothing as a means of keeping thermally comfortable was well accepted by all crewmen, as evidenced by the following crew comments:

- "The concept of...short sleeves and short-leg and... long-legged pants is superb. It works great. We used them a lot, and [that concept] should not be changed." (Ref. 2.14)
- "It was a little warm, but it cooled off after we got the lights off and so forth. And it warmed up in the afternoon, and we circulated around in here with everything from full trousers and shirts to skivvies--and seemed to feel quite comfortable temperature-wise in any of those clothes." (Ref. 2.16)
- "You use a lot of clothes in this business. You use clothes for when it's cold in the MDA, when it's hot here [in the sleep compartment]. You got your gym clothes for exercise, and you got your sleep clothes." (Ref. 2.21)
- "But I find...the garments are adequate in terms of... warmth...and that they are flexible enough so that they can be adapted to the environment that they're going to be in." (Ref. 3.24)
- "Well, temperature...was hot when we got here. It cooled off and was quite comfortable, and now we're back up into a hot cycle again. It's starting to get warm.... And the [spacecraft ECS] system can't keep

up with it and it's just getting warmer and warmer, but, thank heavens, we can doff clothing and stay reasonably comfortable." (Ref. 3.24)

Comments dealing with specific garments were also plentiful. Most of the remarks concerned the jacket, particularly its use in the MDA which apparently was the coldest "room in the house" (see also Ref. 1.29, 1.45, and 2.39):

- "You got to keep in mind we're [in] a little offnominal situation, although we're basically nominal, that is, with MDA heaters on. There was a span... [in] which MDA was warm enough that the jacket was not required. However...before that, and as it is now we have the MDA heaters off in order to help keep the workshop temperatures down. Therefore, it is warm in the workshop and chilly in the MDA, and a jacket is an extremely useful item." (Ref. 1.27)
- "The jacket is used daily, every other day, depending on how long I'm spending in the MDA, the cold part of the vehicle. It's not on all the time, and I wouldn't be without it." (Ref. 1.28)
- "...the crew quarters tended to be a bit warm and the Multiple Docking Adapter was too cold. Crewmen generally wore jackets for Apollo Telescope Mount operations." (Ref. 1.49)
- CC: "And on the TV down here, we're seeing everybody wearing jackets. Are you cold up there?"
 SFT: "It's a lot cooler." (Ref. 2.18)
- "And in the even that I have a...tour of duty at the ATM or in the Command Module and I'm going to be there for a while, I zip the legs in, and I even bring a coat [jacket] if I feel it's necessary." (Ref. 3.24)
- "It gets a little cold up there [MDA]. I had to take a jacket up there to work on the ATM or anything else. I come down to the OWS, and I find myself taking the jacket off; sometimes the T-shirt." (Ref. 3.30)

Additionally the jacket was used for another purpose during SL2 parasol deployment activities when workshop temperatures were high:

"I tried it for a while without my jacket. Actually,

your jacket served as a thermal barrier against the radiant heat from the walls. I took my jacket off, and after 15 minutes or so of that, I put it back on. It's more comfortable with the jacket on..." (Ref. 1.38)

The crews' acceptance of the trouser leg design can be summarized by the following comments:

- "A very pleasant feature that I found was the ability to zip on and zip off the legs of the trousers. I found that to be very pleasing and convenient, and whenever the weather was warm, I was quite comfortable in the short trousers." (Ref. 3.49)
- ◆ "The flexibility of being able to take off the legs and have shorts and have the long legs, I think was a very good design idea." (Ref. 3.17)

Only during SL2 was a desire for a lighter (than the jacket) shirt with long sleeves mentioned (Ref. 1.20). Only one of the nine crewmen voiced this personal preference: "I run cold all the time. When I was operating up in the MDA for four passes on the ATM, I'd get pretty cold...." (Ref. 1.55) He continues, "I would have liked to have had a long sleeved shirt like T-shirt or cotton only because that's the stuff that stays close to your skin, you know. You wear that jacket --but in zero-g everything tends to float out. My arms used to get a little cold sitting up there.... But that's an individual thing again."

However, most crewmen agreed on the use of the T-shirt/brown knit shirt combination. Although the pre-flight plan was for the crewman to wear the brown durette shirt over the cotton T-shirt, the crewmen commented:

- "It was a bit too warm to wear both the T-shirt and the soft shirt." (Ref. 1.46)
- "That's right, we operated with the T-shirt or the gold [brown knit] T-shirt, but never both." (Ref. 1.46)
- "I would feel more comfortable with just a T-shirt. Ideally, if you were running 68 or 70 degrees, you would probably wear them both. You would wear the T-shirt to absorb perspiration and the PBI shirt over that. But it was too hot a lot of times to do that." (Ref. 1.55)

- "During the day, I don't wear the turtleneck--what do you call it--the [durette] shirt either because...it's just too warm...and it's got that turtleneck to increase the warmth." (Ref. 2.30)
- "I just wear the jacket over my bare skin. And it's cool that way." (Ref. 2.40)

Underwear or socks worn at night complemented the sleep restraint blanket provisions:

- "...[the sleep compartment air vent] keeps my feet cold all the time. And that's one of the things that cause me to, on cool days, to sleep in a half union suit in order to keep my feet warm." (Ref. 3.17)
- "I usually wear one or maybe two pair of socks at night just so my feet don't freeze." (Ref. 3.29)
- "And so when the beta angle gets lower and we start getting cooler, ! just put on a half union suit. That keeps my feet warm and the rest of my body stays quite warm. In the very hot weather, I sleep in the nude...[by] changing what I sleep in, the clothing I sleep in, ...I'm quite comfortable in the sleep restraint." (Ref. 3.15)

However, while satisfying body-weighing requirements in the morning, crewmen reported getting "chilly" while wearing only underwear (Ref. 2.68).

Gloves were used for thermal comfort (Refs. 1.55 and 1.10) and thermal protection (Refs. 1.1, 1.2, 1.24, 1.27, 1.38, 1.53 and 1.55). The gloves were used for protection primarily during initial SL2 workshop entry among hot hardware and for scientific airlock (SAL) experiment rod retraction. Gloves were used for thermal comfort primarily in the MDA, where temperatures were lower.

One of the major Skylab garment findings concerns the use of a two-piece set (shirt/trousers) rather than a one-piece coverall-type flight suit. From a thermal consideration alone, the crews' overwhelming acceptance and favoring of the two-piece set can be inferred from the comments above and summarized in this comment by the SL3 PLT:

There was a lot of discussion preflight about one piece versus two, and I think two is good because it gives you the flexibility to stay at whatever temperature you want. (Ref. 2.66)

In summary, Skylab garments were generally satisfactory for crew thermal comfort.

Pockets

Skylab experience demonstrated the high degree of importance pockets have in the design of space clothing. Crew criticism —both positive and negative—emphasized the criticality of using the garments as "probably one of the best tools you have all day" (Ref. 2.66), particularly the pockets. Most of the crewmen agreed on the desirability of providing pockets to support many of their activities. However, in using the pockets, the crewmen reported several characteristics which warranted improvement, such as location, size, and retention mechanisms. The majority of pocket—related comments concerned general use of pockets for carrying items. One crewman remarked, "I've got places—pockets to carry all the stuff I want to carry around..." (Ref. 2.40).

The following references indicate the variety of items carried:

- "The penlight was a daily necessity that was used all the time throughout the vehicle. Scissors we used as a daily necessity at all meals, and we also used them to cut up teleprinter pads and other things." (Ref. 1.29)
- "I had alarm clocks [timers] going off in my pocket...." (Ref. 1.7)
- "Another thing you need to do [to prepare for working in Skylab] is to get a timer and a roll of gray tape and put them in your pocket." (Ref. 2.53)
- "I often took segments of meals up there [to the ATM C&D panel]. No, it was no problem at all. We had the large pockets in which I would usually take up three or four [food] cans of whatever was heated and two or three juices and go at them one by one. That was no problem at all." (Ref. 3.55)
- "I use my lower left pocket for trash, junk; every place I pick up some trash I put it in there and I hardly ever empty it. I just leave it full and throw it away when I throw away my trousers. My right lower pocket, why, I use that for picking up equipment that I might want to use. There's always restraints, and bungees, and stuff like that floating around and hooked to places where they are not being used, so

when I see one and I know I'm going to need it sometime, I pick it up and put it in that pocket and I use it sometime. In my left side pocket, I keep my tape and my timer in there. Always need that tape. The gray tape works everywhere, so I keep some handy. Always need the timer somewhere, too, so I can keep it handy there. My right side pocket, that's the flat one, I put my scissors in there.... The jacket's got pockets in it. Now you can keep pencils, flashlights, and tapes, and whatever junk you picked up along the way in the pockets...." (Ref. 2.30)

 "You need a place to keep a flashlight in the trousers but there isn't one there. It's not required, but it would have been nice if we'd have had one put there." (Ref. 2.17)

Numerous comments referenced below were made during all three Skylab missions concerning the use of garments to carry tools in even though a tool caddy was provided for this specific purpose:

Ref. 1.29

Ref. 1.47

Ref. 1.56

Ref. 1.57

Ref. 2.13

D C 0 10

Ref. 2.16

Ref. 2.19

Ref. 2.41

Ref. 2.51

Ref. 3.8

Pef. 3.16

Ref. 3.37

Ref. 3.42

In summary, most of the crewmen found carrying the required tools was more convenient in pockets or elsewhere in their garments (e.g., stuffed into trousers waistband).

Snagging the pockets (or the items within pockets) was a minor, although nagging, problem:

• "One thing I mentioned last time about them [the garments] snagging, and that is the book pocket. There's one on my left hip. The pocket's not long enough for the book, and the book's inclined to snag on things." (Ref. 3.24, see Figure 16)



FIGURE 16: Book In Pocket--Potential Snag Problem

- "The pocket that holds the little Flight Plan book and also the scissors pocket [tend] to snag... I finally took the cord [lanyard] off my scissors because I figured it was a safety hazard." (Ref. 3.22)
- "I went into the airlock one day, and I had the zipper in my pocket on the bottom left leg open. And it caught on something and just ripped the pocket halfway down. I was really whistling along, though." (Ref. 3.23)

The box-style pocket was preferred to the flush-style pocket since more volume was available for stowing items (Refs. 2.32 and 2.72). The flat flush pocket was used for carrying smaller items out of the way (e.g., scissors--see Ref. 2.30).

One of the crewmen suggested a "kangaroo-pouch" type pocket would be convenient on the front of the shirt. Because of the zero-g environment, the shirt (i.e., the brown knit) had migrated upwards, which placed the available zipper pocket over the shoulder, rendering the pocket useless (Refs. 3.49 and 3.51).

Two major pocket characteristics--size and retention mechanisms --received a panoply of comments.

- "All those neat little extra pockets what we had put on so that we could carry our little folder books around and our pens and scissors and all that stuff were not properly sized, and we were unable to use them in the manner for which they were designed.... We paid the price with inconvenience. The flashlight would not fit in the flashlight pocket, the scissors would not fit in the scissors pocket, and the book would not fit in the book pocket.... So you found yourself putting things wherever you could. I'm the kind of person who likes to put things in their place and have them there so that when I need them quickly I can just grab at them. If I can't always put my pencils in the same pocket or put my flashlight in the same pocket, some time when I need them, it will cost me extra time and thought process to locate my pen, pencil, or flashlight. And that's the kind of time you don't need to waste. You don't need to waste time looking for something in your pockets. You ought to know where each item is, and you ought to be able to get to it quickly so that you can do the important things without delay." (Ref. 3.49)
- "...the scissors won't stay in [the pocket designed for them] because the flap won't lock over the top of it. The pocket that's designed for the flashlight is too short. The flashlight comes out. It's too bad because those would have been very, very handy pockets. It's just that the doggone retention straps don't hold the item in. The pockets that hold in our little trifold [Teleprinter Message] books just barely hack it. And I don't see any reason why they couldn't have added an extra half inch onto the strap or another inch of depth onto the pocket. As it stands now, the pocket is not deep enough. There's about 3 inches of the book that sticks out, and the book is inclined to hang up on things as we sail by them [see Figure 16]. I think probably we should have made the pocket another 2 inches deeper and just had an inch of the book sticking out. We would have been a lot better off." (Ref. 3.17)
- "Pencil pocket works good and the little pocket for your PRD works good, your dosimeter. And it's that other pocket back there for your scissors--[it] doesn't

work good at all. It's not big enough to keep the scissors in. The scissors are too long for it. It keeps coming loose and the scissors come out. Too much of a nuisance to hang them on a lanyard because you have to unwrap them every time you want to use them, so I wind up putting them in one of the other pockets. That scissors pocket is no good for nothing [sic]." (Ref. 2.30)

The SL4 CDR neatly summarizes the general concensus on the pocket/item fit interface:

The most important recommendation I would have for the IVA garments is, for crying out loud, let's be more careful about how we design all these little special-purpose pockets and make sure they fit, with a little bit of leeway, the things that you intend to put in them. (Ref. 3.24)

Zippers and flap/velcro patches were used as two pocket closure mechanisms. The flap/velcro patches were reportedly inadequate: the flap being too short and the patch too small.

- "We all wanted our scissors. Those scissors pockets were terrible. The flap didn't overlap enough and they just had a little piece of velcro on it. Same thing with the knife pocket..." (Ref. 2.66)
- "I think the only bad thing about the clothes are the pockets for the scissors, the pocket for the knife. We should have made a flap that held them down with velcro about twice as big, so as to get some velcro grip. We're always losing scissors and knives because they get banged out of our pockets as we go through hatches." (Ref. 2.14)
- "The Swiss Army Knife was very handy. It would float out of the knife pocket [with flap/velcro closure], unless it was restrained. I never restrained mine; I carried it in a zipper pocket." (Ref. 1.46)

Zipper closures were generally satisfactory. However, a zipper pull tab was desired:

 "Well, any place there's a zipper, there ought to be a zipper-pull tab on the zipper, if it's nothing more than a little inch and a half lace or cord with a knot in it or something like that. But I find myself irritated by having to hunt and probe for the little zipper-pull in order to get at a flashlight in a hurry. Also any place there's a zipper, there ought to be an opposition pull-tab. In all, I don't think that's so critical on the clothing here. But they just left these off every place." (Ref. 3.22)

 "I think Bill [the PLT] indicated on one occasion that the zippers should have had pull tabs on them. Ed [the SPT] and I agreed with him 100 per cent. Those zippers were sometimes hard to locate in your pockets. If there was a little pull tab, it would have been much easier to grasp." (Ref. 3.49)

The importance of providing positive retention for stowed items was equalled by the need for positive retention of other articles during the retrieval of any given item stowed in the same pocket. In general, retention of items, especially smaller ones, was a continuous problem:

 "You end up putting them in your pocket, and you can't see in there, and you open the lid, and five screws fall out, and you have to go get them." (Ref. 2.42)

Additionally, pockets on the lower trouser legs were not so easily accessible as those on the upper legs since, in zero-g, a hand-to-lower-leg/foot position was more difficult to maintain (see "Don/Doff Activities" section). Also, bulk on the lower extremities somewhat impaired crewman mobility (see "Shoe/Boot Wear" section).

Overall, the pockets proved a valuable tool in supporting the crewmen in their daily activities. Pocket design philosophy was summed up nicely the the SL3 CDR:

"They [the clothes designers] should consider what [the crewmen are] going to use each pocket for. That becomes critical as far as where the tape and your timer were. All those things should be developed first, then the clothes can be designed. If we had done a better job on the clothes, we could have worked faster on a day-by-day basis." (Ref. 2.66)

<u>Fit</u>

Prior to Skylab, man had not been physically measured during flight to assess the effects of zero-g on his anatomy. Girth

and height measurements were made during the Skylab 4 mission: quantitative results indicated a sufficient body change occured to warrant additional study for possible application to the design of future space clothing. On the average, height increases of 2 inches were recorded.

Several comments during Skylab indicate that the effects of zero-g are noticeable, in terms of garment fit:

 "In zero-g, a guy becomes more slender and grows taller, and those things ought to be taken into account in clothing design." (Ref. 3.49)

The jacket and trousers were custom-fit garments; however, the SL4 PLT reported:

• "All my sleeves were too long. The over cover [outer sleeve] there was just a little bit too long and I ended up cutting those with scissors." (Ref. 3.49)

The SL4 CDR suggests that the height expansion "may be why I was getting the ride-up effect [of the trousers] on the legs. I would move my legs and my trousers would ride up on me and when I would straighten my leg the trouser was still high. So I noticed that frequently I would kick my leg in order to throw my trousers down a little further..." (Ref. 3.56). However, other crewmen reported no garment migration.

One crewman who selected the boxer-shorts option remarked, "...I was kind of test hopping those boxer shorts...I wore them but I didn't like them because they bulge out all the time..." (Ref. 1.55). This ballooning effect led the crewmen to prefer the other underwear options (i.e., jockey/knee shorts, union suits).

Weightlessness caused a shift of viscera which effected a decrease in the waist circumference:

- "You don't need as big a waist [on the trousers] as we had because there is no gravity to pull your gut down, and your waist tends to shrink in." (Ref. 1.46)
- "My trousers all fit too big because I lost some weight before flight. It'd be nice to have a little more adjustment capability on [the] waistband [which] would be nice because you also have a visceral shift in zero gravity." (Ref. 3.49)

Shirts were provided in standard sizes. The SL3 PLT, who wore neither the knit shirt nor the T-shirt, remarked, "I didn't like the tight fit [of the knit shirt]. They fit too close all over. It doesn't feel nice and loose like a T-shirt, or like the [casual] shirt you got on now [during the debriefing]..." (Ref. 2.66). The SL3 CDR wore the PLT's T-shirts because "they were a little bit larger..." and "felt better" (Refs. 2.58 and 2.65). The SL4 PLT also wore the leftover SL3-PLT's T-shirts:

• "They weren't too baggy because clothing rides up in zero gravity anyway..." (Ref. 3.56).

Overall, Skylab garment fit was satisfactory.

Jacket/Trousers Cuff Inserts

The knitted cuff inserts in the jacket sleeves and trouser legs were originally included to provide thermal insulation and prevent sleeve/leg migration. The cuffs were designed to be removable in-flight at the crewman's option, without damage to the jacket or trousers.

Mixed feelings resulted over the cuffs:

- "[Cutting out the cuffs] was an improvement. The cuffs were there in case it got chilly and to keep the trousers from floating up in zero-g. However, the trousers stayed fully extended down the legs. Al [the CDR] routinely cut the cuffs off." (Ref. 2.66)
- "One thing that would have made the trousers and the jackets nicer would have been if I could have gotten the legs on and off over the traingle shoes. It could be done but it was a problem. I like the idea of having that sweat shirt fitting underneath, but it would be nicer to have a little more stretch." (Ref. 3.49)
- "I wound up doing what Al [the CDR] did with his clothes and that is taking the elastic inserts out of the sleeves and out of the legs to make it cooler. They were not required to keep your trousers from riding up or your sleeves from riding up. The clothes assumed their normal shape in zero-g just as they did in one-g." (Ref. 2.58)

- "I don't know if I agree that elastic cuffs are not necessary. They sure keep your trousers from riding up on your leg. The problem is elastic cuffs can make it difficult to put a foot through a pants leg with a shoe on." (Ref. 3.56)
- "[The cuffs] kept the sleeves from riding up too much on me...so I liked them. But these guys found them to be somewhat of a hindrance." (Ref. 3.59)
- "I was a little different. I took the knitted portion out of the trousers and left the knitted portion in all of the jackets..." (Ref. 2.58).
- "I was more put out with them on the trousers than I was on the sleeves or the jackets, because I couldn't take my trousers off without taking my shoes off, you know, undressing for PT [Physical Training]. And then the sweat shirt knitted-cuff-type underneath, bothered me a little bit because of the watch." (Ref. 3.61)
- "I find it difficult to get the jacket on and off with a wrist watch on, particularly if you have to use the passive radiation dosimeter on your watchband. I finally took the FRD--the passive radiation dosimeter-off the watchband because it was so cumbersome." (Ref. 3.22)
- "I like the elastic [cuffs] on the arms because I like to pull up the arms and that way they'd stay up." (Ref. 3.56)

The question of whether leg/sleeve migration occurred varied widely from crewman to crewman. By being provided the option of cuff removal, all crewmen were apparently satisfied on the subject. In summary, the most disconcerting problem with retaining the cuffs in the garments was donning/doffing the clothes over the watch/PRD and shoes. A looser-knit cuff was suggested.

Don/Doff Activities

In general, donning and doffing garments was of no major concern to the crewmen. Most of their comments referred to the shoes—either in regard to the time-consuming lacing task, the shoe bulkiness during trouser donning, or the body attitude required to don shoes.

- "One of the problems that we have with [the triangle shoes] is getting them off. It takes an awful long time to get them off and get them on; it's awkward. I don't think the lacings that we have on these shoes is the answer. It's awfully time consuming taking them off and putting them back on, and we have to do this several times a day because of medical experiments or one thing or the other. Working out, when you clean up, at random--probably putting our shoes on and taking them off--four to five times a day. And the lacing gets to be an irritation. And it's time consuming." (Ref. 3.7)
- "[With low top shoes] there would be less effort lacing them up every time. ...we don't need laces." (Ref. 3.54)
- "...laces [on the shoes] could have been done away with, too." (Ref. 3.54)
- "[Although there were no triangle shoe foot restraints in the waste management compartment,] you weren't going to bother taking off your shoes [when entering the compartment]. It was easier to float around and be uncomfortable than to bother taking your shoes off." (Ref. 2.66)
- "...[the PLT] and { both use the triangles [shoes] all the time because is was just easier than changing about." (Ref. 1.53)
- it's a pain in the neck, to me, taking these triangle shoes off and on with all the laces. I'd like zippers [or] something else on them." (Ref. 1.20)
- "Lacing and unlacing those shoes bugged me." (Ref. 1.52)

The laces had been provided, in part, to give ankle support; however, some crewmen felt less support was desirable to keep the calves conditioned (Ref. 3.3) and did not lace the top eyelets (Figures 17 and 18); others like the support (Refs. 1.52 and 3.45). Some crewmen wore the triangle shoes all day in order to avoid changing to another pair. Others changed to complement the task being performed (Refs. 1.52 and 2.66). Other closure methods (e.g., zippers, fewer laces, hook/eye) were suggested (Ref. 1.52).

The problem of donning the trousers over the shoes (as well as the jacket over the PRD/watch) is discussed in the "Jacket/

Trousers Cuff Inserts" section above. The major contributor to this problem was the jacket/trouser cuff insert (Ref. 3.22).

Most crewmen commented on the difficulty of holding a posture to tie/untie the shoe laces and don/doff the shoes and socks. To bend over required using the stomach muscles; the absence of gravity to assist in bending was noticeable (Refs. 3.3, 3.13, 3.31 and 3.33).

Donning/doffing of garments occurred primarily in the sleep compartment (Refs. 3.50 and 3.58). The crewmen generally floated to don/doff their clothes; the sleep area was small enough and the drift rates sufficiently low that rebounding off the walls was no problem (Refs. 2.66 and 3.36).

Donning both trouser legs simultaneously decreased dressing time (Refs. 1.6 and 2.38); however, in several cases, adequate crew time had not been allowed in the timeline for dressing (Refs. 3.27 and 3.28), particularly during post-sleep activities (Ref. 3.47).

Only two crewmen reported static electricity occurrence during shirt doffing—a "hair-raising" experience primarily on the arms and head (Refs. 2.67 and 3.59).

Clothing Packaging/Stowage

Although the clothing module was compartmentized, the individual garments were vacuum packed and compressed during packaging to fit in the rucksack. When the packaging material was removed, the garments expanded, completely stuffing the module. The SL2 crew made these observations (Ref. 1.55):

- "What do you guys pack those clothing modules with, the same ram you pack the main chutes with?"
- "[If you pulled too many of an item out,] you'd never get it back in again. You gotta get to about [mission] day 14 before you can handle anything in there."
- "...I tried to pull one set of skivvies out and got the whole section out. I wound up with clothes in two lockers for about 14 days."
- "...if you pull a pair of socks out, they grow to about size 98 as you're pulling them out and holding everything else in."

Restowing leftover clothes was no problem, nor was disposal of used garments through the Trash Airlock (TAL). However, to repack the garments in clothing modules for re-entry would have been too time consuming, if not impossible.

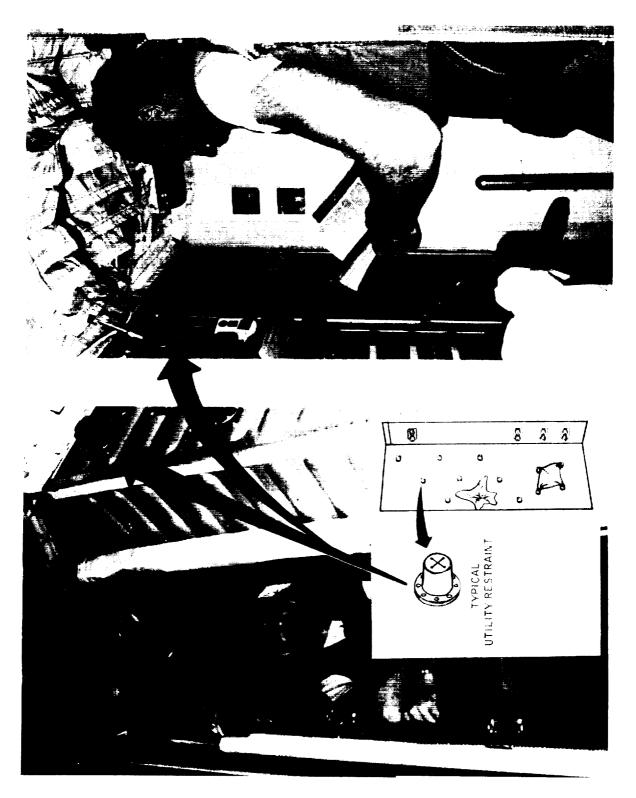
Provisions for overnight stowage of clothes were marginal (Ref. 2.23). Utility restraints--rubber cups, each having a cruciform slit into which items could be inserted for temporary restraint--were provided in each sleep area for this purpose (Figure 16). These restraints were welcomed (Refs. 1.19 and 1.44) but did not completely solve the problem of overnight stowage (Ref. 2.23). Garments were hung on experiment equipment (Ref. 2.59), rolled and wedged into the grid or between the SIA (Speaker Intercomm Assembly--comm box) and light (Ref. 2.23), and stuffed under comm box cables (Ref. 2.66). An area more akin to a closet where clothes could be "hung" and allowed to "air" out of the crewman's way was suggested.

On several occasions, the crewmen were unable to locate specific garments for use. This was particularly true of the bump hat and gloves, which had been relocated from the 28-day clothing modules to a dome locker prior to SLI launch (Refs. 1.28, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 3.56). After the SL3 CDR had restowed and completed an inventory of leftover garments at the end of his mission, he suggested new decals be applied to those lockers containing these garments for the benefit of the SL4 crew (Ref. 2.57).

Non-Wear Garment Uses

Skylab clothing served two major purposes: attire for the crews and rags for housekeeping activities. The latter was the primary non-wear use first reported during the SL3 mission (see also Ref. 2.47):

One of the things we're doing is we got a bag over on the wall by the M131 equipment which is our rag bag. And every time we have old shirts and shorts and the like, which is almost every day, since everything's thrown away, we put them in that bag. Sometimes it gets too full and we shoot it out the trash airlock. But there's always some rags in there; so when it comes time to water clean, or wipe or something like that, we usually go over there and find a clean T-shirt or a clean pair of shorts or something like that-and most of the time they're fairly clean because we change them so frequently--and use [the clothes] instead of trying to do all that cleaning with these tissues. And maybe they ought to put that as one of the regular plans because it sure makes cleaning a lot faster. I think it gets things a lot cleaner. You sure get them a lot dryer. And it's just esthetically more pleasing to be cleaning up with a rag than it is with one of those little 2-by-6 tissues. [Ref. 2.27]



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The rags were used for most major housekeeping (cleanup) tasks and were preferred to the tissues/wipes for smaller spills or wipe-up chores (Refs. 2.47 and 3.18). Only the cotton material garments were used for rags as the brown garment material was not very absorbent (Ref. 3.56). Garments (especially the extra underwear launched on SL3 and SL4) were also used as launch packaging (Ref. 2.8) and sleep compartment light baffles (Ref. 3.56).

Use Rates

Pre-launch garment use rates were planned to allow for each crewman one jacket per week, one pair of trousers per week, a shirt every four days, and a clean set of underwear (including socks, shorts, and T-shirt) every 2 days. One pair each of boots and gloves was provided for a two-week period. One pair of triangle shoes was provided per man per mission.

Numerous crew comments were made regarding the planned use rates. All crewmen agreed no additional jackets and trousers were needed, and fewer of each probably would have sufficed (Refs. 1.46, 2.5, 2.28, 2.30, 2.36 and 2.52). Recommended frequencies for one jacket ranged from two to four weeks, and for one pair of trousers from one to two weeks (Refs. 2.37, 2.66, and 2.72).

The planned mode of wearing the brown knit shirt over the T-shirt to satisfy flammability requirements was not practiced as the crewmen felt this mode was too warm. Therefore, wearing only one shirt at a time increased the total number of shirts available for wear. Regardless of the total number of shirts/T-shirts, the concensus was that a daily change was desirable, particularly for the brown shirt; however, one shirt for two or three days was acceptable when the T-shirt was worn (Refs. 1.47, 2.37, 2.40, 3.38, and 3.56). Exceptions to this were the SL3 PLT, who wore the T-shirt only for sleeping and did not wear the brown shirt (Refs. 2.30 and 2.40). He normally wore only the jacket for daily activities (Figure 18). Additionally, a few crewmen chose not to wear the brown shirt because of the shirt characteristics (see "Material Selection" section).

Daily changes of shorts and socks were desired throughout all three Skylab missions (Refs. 1.46, 1.50, 1.55, 2.30, 2.44, 2.46, 2.66, 2.72, 3.32, 3.35, and 3.38). Following the recommendations of the SL2 crew, additional sets of shorts and socks were launched with the SL3 and SL4 crews as follows:



FIGURE 18: SL3 PLT's Nominal Dress Mode

ITEM	SL3	SL4
Shorts Socks (pairs)	66 total 28 total	63 total 107 total

The quantity of gloves provided was apparently adequate since reported wear of the gloves was limited (see "Thermal Qualities" and "Head/Hand Protection" sections); in fact, one crew found the valet kits containing the gloves only shortly prior to the mission end (Ref. 3.56).

Footwear, including the soft boots and triangle shoes, was used daily, on a few occasions, various crewmen did work in stocking feet, usually during activities adjacent to the sleep period. Some crewmen changed from soft boots to triangle shoes as the activity being performed dictated (Ref. 1.22); others wore only the triangle shoes (Ref. 2.15), and some the soft boots (Ref. 1.8). As the footwear wore out and became torn or abraided, the crewmen recommended providing additional shoes. Rather than launch additional triangle shoes for SL3 and SL4, shoe tops and protective toe caps were provided to prolong shoe life. Modified boots were also provided, identical to those on board but made of Kevlar (a high tensile-strength material) instead of the woven durette. The reader is referred to the "Shoe/Boots Wear" section for additional information concerning the footwear.

Use rates were calculated for each of the Skylab missions for the major garment items: jacket, trousers, shirts (including T-shirts), shorts (including all style options), and socks. These data are shown in Table II. Rates for SL4 were derived from the daily crew reports of garments worn and discarded beginning on Mission Day 7 and continuing throughout the mission (Table III).

With reference to Table III, several comments are noteworthy:

 Both the CDR and SPT wore more shorts than were provided them--these were leftover clothing from previous crewmen--and used almost all of their socks, while the PLT wore approximately half of those provided him.

TABLE II: Skylab Garment Use Rates

NOTE: Use rate units = no. items/day per crewman

GARMENT	SL2*	SL3**	SL4***	SKYLAB AVERAGE
Jacket	1/9.7 [†]	1/11.8	1/27.3 ^{††}	1/16.3
Trousers	1/5.8	1/15.9	1/14.1	1/11.9
Shirt/T-shirt	1/1.38	1/2.22	1/2.31	1/1.97
Shorts	1/2.45	1/2.32	1/2.35	1/2.37
Socks	1/2.62	1/2.20	1/2.17	1/2.33

^{*}Rates based on total no. provided : no. of mission days since no quantitative use data is available from this mission.

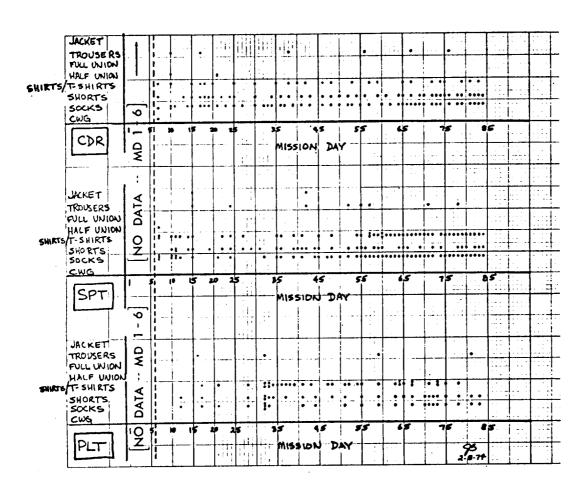
^{**}Rates based on total no. provided less no. of items leftover per inventory reported on Dump Tape 267-03, pp. 8-10 + no. of mission days.

^{***}Rates based on evening crew reports of garments discarded daily.

[†]Specific use rate is the average for all three crewmen for that mission.

^{††}Data for CDR and SPT only; no jackets reported discarded by PLT.

TABLE III: SL4 Reported Garment Use



- The SPT wore more shirts/T-shirts than had been provided while both the CDR and PLT wore approximately half of their provisions.
- Between Mission Days 34 to 45, the PLT reported a back rash on which he used a skin cream; the increased frequency of shirt change is noticeable during this period.
- There is an apparent tendency toward more frequent use of specific garments (i.e., shirts, shorts, and socks) during the mission end, particularly for the SPT.
- The individual differences in garment use is evident.

The inventory card (Figure 19) provided in each clothing module to assist the crewman in monitoring the quantity of garments available was found to be a "great help" (Ref. 1.55) by the SL2 CDR; however, other crewmen did not use them (Ref. 2.58).

	GARMENT TYPE	QTY	CHANGE CYCLE	QUANTITY	REMAINING
				# #	
				!	
				į	
				1	
CREWMAN		i		 	1 1
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FIGURE 19: Clothing Module Inventory Card

Garments worn for normal activities ranged from full complement of long trousers/shirt/jacket with shoes to underwear only with socks (Ref. 2.25). Lack of foot restraints for the sock-mode (Refs. 2.15, 3.20 and 3.48) and poorly-sized restraints to accommodate the footwear (Refs. 2.29 and 2.48) were reported.

Cleanliness

Joiling of the garments resulted primarily from the wearer's body rather than from external sources. The vehicle was clean (Ref. 1.46), the humidity low (Ref. 2.12), and "you just don't get as dirty up here..." (Ref. 2.36). Food was the main contributor to external dirt.

There was essentially no perspiration during non-exercise periods (Ref. 3.53); however, the crewmen reported a need for absorbent clothes to accommodate perspiration during exercise periods (Ref. 3.65). The clothes wet in this manner dried rapidly in the low humidity (Ref. 2.70) and, except for the brown knit shirt, did not retain a body odor (Refs. 1.55 and 2.32). Additionally, feet perspired particularly during exercise, making the socks wet and clammy-feeling on the second day of wear (Ref. 1.46).

Material Selection

Materials for Skylab garments were selected primarily on the basis of flammability characteristics, rather than on crew comfort. While the cotton garments were generally well-accepted, the durette (particularly the brown knit shirt which was form-fitting and worn next to the skin) was highly criticized. The shirt material, which met flammability specifications for an outer garment, was referred to by the crewmen as non-absorbent of perspiration, clammy, smelly, too warm, not good for repeated pear, ancomfortable and tichy (Refs. 1.46, 1.55, 2.30, 3.14, and 3.42). Some crewmen never wore the brown shirts (Refs. 2.58 and 2.72). Crewmen from all three missions reported this material (i.e., the knitted durette) to retain an offensive odor when the perspiration dried.

The cotton garments did not meet flammability specifications for outer garments, although they were often worn as such. This issue was briefly discussed during a post-SL2 debriefing (Ref. 1.55): "...for the period of time that's involved there [for wearing the garments, we feel] that's acceptable..." The SL4 SPT added, "Mone of us [the SL4 crew] could wear it. You can't put up with that brown shirt against your skin." (Ref. 2.66). He concluded, "I would like to see some fire restrictions such that we could get some good-looking clothing in here..." (Ref. 3.8).

The garment materials were judged resistant to tearing and abrasion (Refs. 3.23 and 3.24) except for the footwear, which received the most wear (see "Shoe/Boot Wear" section).

Worn garments were utilized as rags for housekeeping tasks; however, only the cotton items were used in this manner as the brown material lacked sufficient absorbency (Ref. 3.56).

Providing an absorbent material to be worn for exercise periods, such as disposable paper knit, was recommended (Ref. 3.65).

Shoe/Boot Wear

Of all IVA garments on board, the footwear showed the greatest wear. The crewmen used their feet for maneuvering and stability; toes were poked into the grid and hooked under hardware, and feet were dragged to brake motion or change direction. Therefore, most of the wear was on the toes of the footwear (Refs. 1.9, 1.20, 1.46, 1.54, and 3.5). Protective toe caps were provided to the SL3 and SL4 crews and mounted to the triangle shoes (Figure 20); the toe caps did not prevent fraying but prevented further structural damage (Ref. 2.58). The drawback to the toe caps was the installation procedure which took an inordinate amount of crew time (Refs. 2.63 and 3.45). In fact, the SL3 SPT "took a shortcut on the installation--and just grey taped it..." (Ref. 2.58).

Wear also occurred in the heel area (Refs. 2.40, 2.58, 2.66, 2.72, and 3.21). A teflon insert in the heel rubbed through the shoe canvas (Figure 21); grey tape remedied the resulting tears (Figure 22).

The SL4 SPT reported catching the triangle shoe heel in the grid while he rode the ergometer and tearing the canvas from the base plate at the heel (Figure 23) (Ref. 3.21). The SL4 PLT reported a failed shoe base plate when a film vault door hit his foot. Grey tape was used (Figure 24) to fix the shoe (Refs. 3.40, 3.41, 3.43, and 3.54). The SL2 SPT also failed a triangle shoe base plate under the instep about an inch from the toe (Ref. 1.52).

Several crewmen reported a need for backup shoes, particularly since so much wear was incurred. After the stitching came loose from part of his right shoe sole, the SL3 PLT reported:

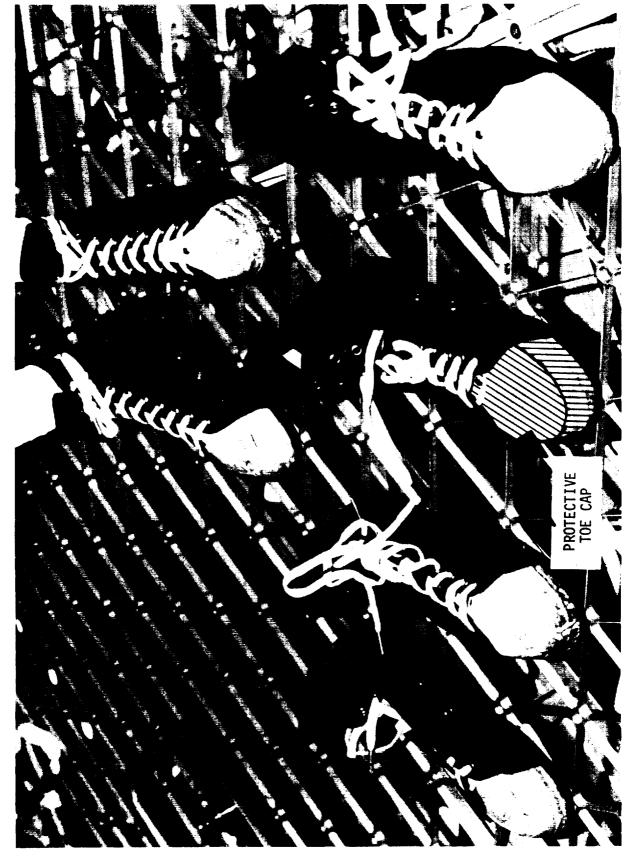


FIGURE 20: SL4 Triangle Shoes with Protective Toe Caps Installed





FIGURE 22: Shoe Wear Taped

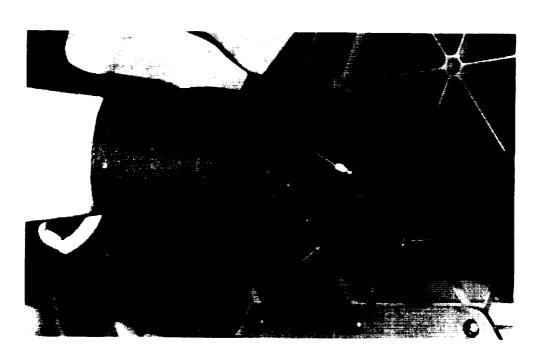


FIGURE 21: Triangle Shoe Wear (Above Heel)



FIGURE 23: Triangle Shoe Torn During Ergometer Activities

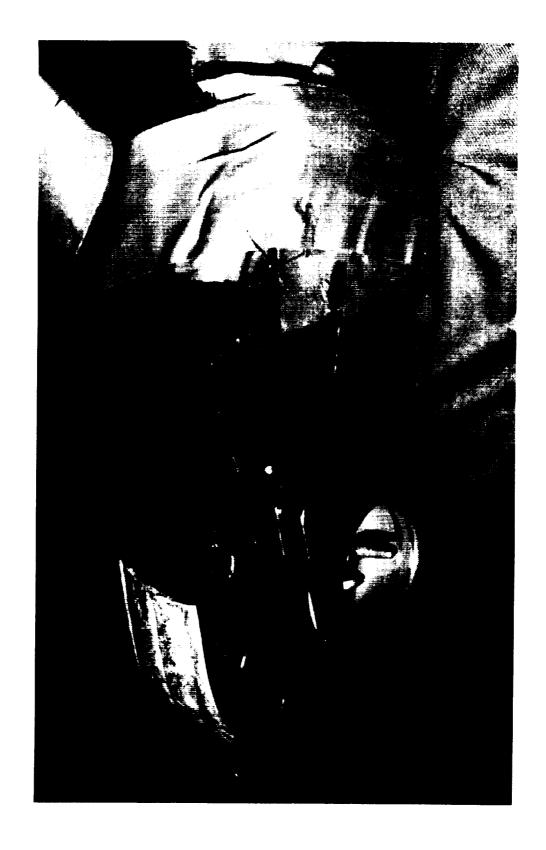


FIGURE 24: Tape Repair of Failed Triangle Shoe Base Plate

"...by the time we get through the mission, [the shoes] are going to be pretty well worn. And they might even be marginal; I'm not sure as to whether or not we can make it with them." (Ref. 2.40, see also 2.50)

The SL3 SPT commented, "One pair of shoes for all the functions is inadequate." (Ref. 2.66); and the SL4 PLT, whose shoe plate broke: "It would have been nice to have a backup there." (Ref. 3.45, also Ref. 3.52).

Although not used to the degree the triangle shoes were, the soft boots also received some wear (Refs. 1.9, 1.20, 1.46, and 1.54), primarily in the toe area.

Snaps/Attachments

The Skylab garments had two sets of snaps/attachments:

- (1) The snaps on the trousers and jackets which were to interface with each other to prevent garment migration and the wall snaps for temporary stowage. The location of these snaps is described in the section, "Skylab Design" presented earlier in this report.
- (2) Communication lead restraints which were elasticized strips to retain the lightweight headset crewman communications umbilical. These restraints are described in the "Skylab Design" section above.

In general, the snaps were used as a function of personal preference (Refs. 2.58 and 2.72). However, the presence of the center back snap on the jacket (as well as the center back button on the hypotensive pressure garment worn for re-entry) was a problem during re-entry and landing: as the "g" forces built up, the snap pressed on the spine (Refs. 2.55, 2.56, and 3.14).

The communications restraints were seldom, if ever, used (Refs. 2.66 and 3.51). One crewman suggested providing clips on the comm line which could attach to the garment, as required, and deleting the comm restraints (Ref. 2.66).

Several crewmen adopted the methods of tethering a checklist to their trousers for rapid and easy access to required documentation (Refs. 2.14 and 2.53). The larger books would not fit in the pockets. The SL2 SPT carried the knife on a tether attached to his trousers for convenience and positive restraint (Ref. 1.46). For carrying miscellaneous items around, a zip-on pouch that would attach to the trousers was suggested as an optional item (Ref. 3.49).

Head/Hand Protection

Skylab provided a bump hat for head protection and IVA gloves for hand protection. The bump hat, described in the "Skylab Design" section above, was only used for M509 (Figure 25) and T020--the two maneuvering unit experiments--although its use had been outlined for other activities (Refs. 1.55 and 3.56). However, although the crewmen never reported bumping their heads (Ref. 2.31), "many head knockers" were reported in the MDA/STS area (Ref. 2.22); furthermore, the SL4 SPT reported:

"Individual crew acrobatics might have been a good place to use [the bump hat] because if you were ever going to hit your head on anything, that was the time." (Ref. 3.56)

Evaluations of the IVA gloves for hand protection varied with the individual and the specific tasks he performed. Although the head received few bumps, if any, one "thing you do do [sic]," reported a crewman, "is skin up your fingernails and knuckles all the time." (Ref. 2.31).

During the SL2 initial entry into the Orbital Workshop (OWS), gloves were worn for protection against the hot OWS hardware (Refs. 1.2, 1.27 and 1.38). During the missions, gloves were periodically worn for Scientific Airlock (SAL) experiment operations requiring rod retraction:

- "[The gloves] are a necessity...the near rods weren't so cold, but the far rods were extremely cold." (Ref. 1.24)
- "...you [surely do need to use gloves] or you are going to leave skin on them [the rods]." (Ref. 1.53)

The gloves were used also for other activities. The SL4 SPT reported that handling the urine return container and trays "without those gloves would have really been hard to do."-- (Ref. 3.56). "I should have taken a picture of my hands after I got through doing the servicing in there...," remarked the SL4 PLT, who serviced a liquid gas separator--making and

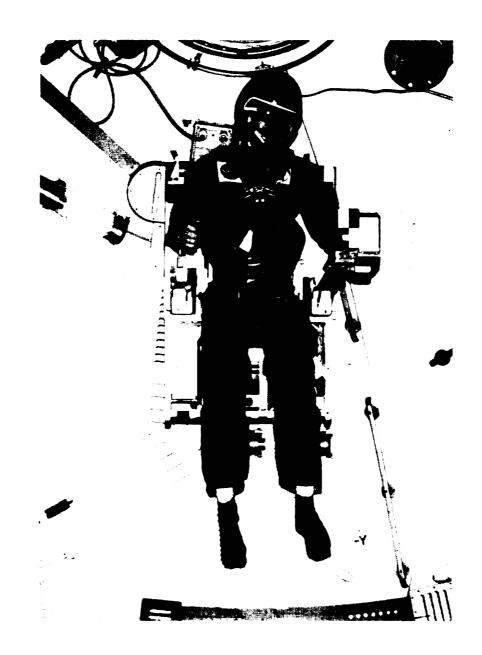


FIGURE 25: Skylab Bump Hat In Use for M509

breaking quick disconnects (QD's)--and noted, "I should have used work gloves. It was just a sorry place to work..." (Ref. 3.60). He added, "I sure could have used some work gloves in many places."--(Ref. 3.56).

Use of gloves for thermal comfort is addressed in the "Thermal Qualities" section.

Disposal

A laundry system was too costly for inclusion on-board Skylab; hence, all garments were to be disposed of through the TAL when deemed dirty by the wearer. The crew of SL3 was the first to report utilizing discarded garments as rags (Ref. 2.27, see "Non-Near Garment Use" section). Only the cotton items were used a rags (Ref. 3.56), and these were used primarily for housekeeping tasks (e.g., wiping up spills). No wet items were left in the rag bag but were disposed (Ref. 2.34). The SL4 crew continued this procedure.

The rag bag was a Skylab disposal bag, shown in Figure 26 (Ref. 2.47). A crewman demonstrates disposing garments in a disposal bag in Figure 27.

Aesthetics

Only one crew commented on the appearance of the clothing—the SL4 crew which flew the longest mission. Varying the color of garments, rather than seeing only the "drab brown" would have been an improvement not only for the garment system but also for the general habitability of the Skylab vehicle (Refs. 3.49, 3.62, and 3.63).

The brown color had resulted from materials requirements for flammability and off-gassing as well as from dyeing limitations of the woven durette. However, a suggestion was made to vary the color of the cotton T-shirts (Ref. 3.23).

EVA-Related Garments

This report was prepared to discuss the experience gained from Skylab concerning garments. The emphasis has intentionally





TRASH AIRLOCK RESTRAINT TAB (3) —

-VELCRO ATTACHMENT TO WALL SNAP ATTACHMENT TO WALL -INTEGRAL STAYS

FIGURE 26: Skylab Disposal Bag (Rag Bag)

FIGURE 27: Disposing Worn Garments Through Trash Airlock

BAG CLOSURE SNAP TAB

-ARMALON BAG (13 1/2 IN DIA X21 IN LONG)

been placed on the IVA clothing only; however, a few general comments relative to the major EVA-specific garments seem appropriate for inclusion:

- (1) Donning the upper half of the pressure suit was difficult in zero-g and required two crewmen. The absence of gravity to help pull the upper torso down for suit insertion was readily noticed. Additionally, the donning was apparently compounded by the crewman's 2-inch-average height increase (Refs. 1.26, 1.40, 1.55, 2.45, 2.60, 3.19, and 3.33).
- (2) Closing the donned-suit zippers was also a problem, primarily due to the loss of gravity-induced "settling" of the crewman into the suit and of the upper half of the garment "settling" onto the lower half (Refs. 2.45, 2.60, and 3.19).
- (3) There was little moisture in the suits immediately following use. Drying the suits was no problem, and the suits stayed relatively clean (Refs. 1.42 and 2.61).
- (4) After the suit gloves were donned, the crewmen found the zippers on the pockets hard to handle to access the pockets (Ref. 1.18).
- (5) For one of the SL2 EVA's, the crewmen taped items onto the suit within the reach envelope for EV transport (Ref. 1.43).

CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

- The multi-garment Skylab wardrobe (i.e., shirt, jacket, and trousers) was generally well accepted by all crewmen, particularly on the basis of thermal adjustability. The basic two-piece set (shirt/trousers) is highly desirable over a one-piece coverall type flight suit.
- 2. The importance of garments as tools to support crewman activities on a daily basis was emphasized. Furthermore, pocket design (including size, location, closure methods, etc.) seemed to be a critical factor in the efficiency and effectiveness of the crewmen.
- 3. Zero-g physical effects on the crewman are significant in terms of garment fit. The decrease in waist size and increase in stature were the two most relevant body changes having impact on garment sizing/fit for future space crews.

- 4. Utilization of "dirty clothes," especially absorbent materials such as cotton, should be considered as rags for general clean-up/housekeeping tasks. Disposal or repacking laundry (and rags) should also be addressed.
- 5. Excluding food spills, soiling of garments comes primarily from the wearer's body; hence, a daily change of underwear, including shirt, shorts and socks, is highly recommended. Outer garments (i.e., jacket or trousers) can be worn comfortably for longer periods of time (e.g., two to four weeks depending on item/material).
- 6. Footwear received the greatest punishment in-flight and should be made of abrasion-resistant material. Particularly at the toe, protection devices (such as the Skylab toe cap) should be incorporated to prevent wear. Internal shoe inserts, soles, ribs, etc. that are rigid should be designed to prevent shoe wear from the inside.
- 7. Gloves should be provided each crewman for thermal comfort, thermal protection, and abrasion protection. Head protection provisions should be based on safety requirements, task requirements, and architectural considerations.
- 8. Garment aesthetics and overall appearance should be improved as a means of enhancing not only the personal garment acceptability, but also general vehicle habitability.
- 9. Cuff inserts which can be optionally removed in-flight should be provided in long-sleeves and legs. The inserts should be a loose enough knit to accommodate watches, dosimeters, or other paraphernalia worn on the wrists or ankles. Ankle cuffs should not hinder trouser donning over shoes.
- 10. Facilitating shoe donning and doffing should receive increased consideration to help alleviate the problem of holding a hand-to-foot position for lengthy periods (e.g., for tying shoe laces).
- 11. Launch packaging methods should be improved to relieve the difficulties of garment removal from stowage early in the mission.
- 12. A closet-type overnight stowage area should be provided for garments to be worn the next day.
- 13. An absorbent disposable shirt should be provided for wear during exercise periods to absorb perspiration.

- 14. Providing a garment system palatable to all crewmen can best be accomplished by providing design options to accommodate personal preferences for items such as those listed below; these should be accommodated as much as possible since providing these types of design options appears to be satisfactory to most, if not all, crewmen:
 - a) Variable modes of dress (e.g., removable trouser legs
 - b) Footwear options (e.g., triangle shoes, soft boots)
 - c) Use of snaps and/or cuff inserts on garments
 - d) Underwear styles
 - e) Pocket style options
- 15. Materials restrictions should be reexamined to determine acceptability of wearing garments, such as standard T-shirts, as outer wear items.
- 16. A standard-size system for all garments should be adopted to minimize cost and allow ready garment access for a larger population of crewmembers.
- 17. Off-the-shelf garments should be utilized for garments such as underwear to reduce the garment system development costs and make these items readily available to a larger crewmember population.

RAW DATA APPENDIX

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3.38	JSC-08809, pp. 3149-3150 Skylab 1/4 Onboard Voice Transcription, March 1974,	A-101
3.40	JSC-08809, p. 2113 Skylab 1/4 Technical Air-To-Ground Voice Transcription,	A-101
3.41	November 1973, JSC-08652, p. 3872 Skylab 1/4 Technical Air-To-Ground Voice Transcription,	A-102
3.42	November 1973, JSC-08652, p. 3934 Skylab 1/4 Onboard Voice Transcription, March 1974,	A-102
3.43	JSC-08809, p. 3104 Skylab 1/4 Technical Air-To-Ground Voice Transcription,	A-103
3.45	November 1973, JSC-08652, p. 4845 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-104
3.47	JSC-08809, pp. 5-12, 13, 14 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-106
3.48	JSC-08809, pp. 6-4, 5 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-107
3.49	JSC-08809, pp. 6-6, 7 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-108
3.50	JSC-08809, pp. 12-46, 47, 48, 49, 50 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-110
3.51	JSC-08809, p. 14-165 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-111
3.52	JSC-08809, pp. 14-138, 139 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-112
3.53	JSC-08809, p. 18-5 SL1/4 Technical Crew Debriefing, February 22, 1974,	A-112
3.54	JSC-08809, p. 23-11 SL1/4 Earth Resources Experiments Debriefing, March 5,	A-113
3.55	1974, JSC-08813, pp. 76-78 SL1/4 Earth Resources Experiments Debriefing, March 5,	A-114
3.56	1974, JSC-08813, p. 88 SL1/4 Earth Resources Experiments Debriefing, March 5,	A-115
3.58	1974, JSC-08813, pp. 19-95 SL1/4 Earth Resources Experiments Debriefing, March 5,	A-118
3.59	1974, JSC-08813, pp. 78-79 SL1/4 Earth Resources Experiments Debriefing, March 5,	A-119
3.60	1974, JSC-08813, p. 347 SL1/4 Earth Resources Experiments Debriefing, March 5,	A-119
3.61	1974, JSC-08813, p. 410 SL1/4 Systems Debriefing, March 6-7, 1974, JSC-08833,	A-120
3.62	pp. 358-359 SL1/4 Systems Debriefing, March 6-7, 1974, JSC-08833,	A-121
3.63	p. 418 SL1/4 Systems Debriefing, March 6-7, 1974, JSC-08833,	A-121
	p. 420	

TAG Tape 146-15 (Final) Time: 21:30:07 to 22:25:12 Page 3 of 6

	Okay. I got you on the speaker box - outh! It's hot down in here - ow - ONS. Yes. I got my hot gloves back on again. The speaker box is about 130. We're taking the tame off the box, and we're	taking our time right now; and if we have any most ton the propositions, we will wait to ask	you.	Roger. Copy.	The certain question I had was, why did you re-want to reverse the sleeves on the SAL tripod:	Say again, Petel	On the SAL tribod, why did you reverse the sleeves	on 11? And I just couldn't figure out why on the tiedown.	That's the street the street that a the vav	the thing is mounted, there for launch, Fete. You know, you turn those around, on the - where -	as part of activation.	SFT, Houston.	He's down in the workshop.	Okay. SPT, just give us a call when you're free for a minute.	Can I relay you, Hank?	Negative. I just got a little task I want him	to perform here sometime when he's ifee. And it meet to read it to him whenever he's got a chance to like the performance.		Okay.	Skylab, Houston. For information; no action required. Wo're going to do another nominal alcange	in about 2 minutes.
99	98 98	Ket. 1.2		သ	21 57 46 CDR	5	æ		٤			22 00 04 CC	CDR	ຽ	CDR	ខ		!	CDR	8	
SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION	Skylab, Houston. We're about 1 minute from LOS. Goldstone coming up at 35.	Roger. Do you still want us to stay off the DAS?	Okay, you can elear the caution on your ACS malf, and	the II of standing by 101 Columnian and the checks.	Okay.	Skylab, Houston through Goldstone for 6 minutes.	Hello. ;	Hello, Houston. We hear you.	Gkay, Read you loud and clear.	Eey, Houston; PLT.	PIT, go ahead.	Okay, on our fairly quick inspection the CMS	Appears to de in gode snape. In terms a from the bit warr, so you might expect. From the 3 to 5	Linces 1 per 1 and 1 to 1 t		felt uncomfortable. I had the soft snoes and one gloves on, and nothing I touched even felt hot to me.	Hoger; copy.	SPT, are you ready for those DAS teste?	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	nat's alliffmative. Okay, I'm going to give you 10,000. Please	acknowledge
OKS	18 31 25 CC	CDR	20		CDR	18 35 10 CC	CDR	ਿੰ A−	ප 6	PLT	ວວ	₽1.4		Ref. 1.1			25	18 36 44 SPT	Ç	33 8	•

Final TAG Tape 151-12 Time: 23:02:04 to 23:47:07 Page 6 of 7

Roger. We're still listening, Fete. And we've got about 2-1/2 more minutes left. Okay. Further, I - I was hacked by 23:00 tonight because it's 19:00 until 23:00, to finish everything on time, including inhibits. I had alarm clock going off in my pocket, and, if you'll	look back over my Plan, I've been whistling all over this spacecraft today. And I got it all done only to get up here at 23:00 and get a bunch of bologna you could have sent on the teleprinter. And you guys missed the house-keeping foll which I had been shooting for all day just because I said, "I'm going to get it all done. I'm going to get it all done and I'll beat those guys ontime." Now, part of that problem with SOID; Part of it was the SAL. Part of it was that irist pass was too long. I got it all done, but I got it done poorly	the original way of the reference star, which that, when I did the last reference star, which was in daylight, by the wey, that it - to check the reference, the reference was off when the first one had been on; and, therefore, I don't know what the other two are. So I suggest that, to do SO19 correctly, that we take one whole right pass, and do nothing but send up four references to check, to check the four quadrants so we can do a very precise, very accurate job on that and get the data back to Carl so that his experiment gets done right. Are you still there? Affirmalive, Pete. We've still got about a minute to go this pass. Tell you what, Pete, why don't we seture listening to your or - your summary here. We'll be more than happy to	keep listening here at the Evening Status Report. But, I hate to cut you off in the middle. We've got about 50 seconds left. The next pass is Hawaii at about 00:40. And one of the things that I think we really - don't have a good feel for here on the ground, and we'd like to know is - is has the accumulation of the last week put in a requirement for - for us to give you any time just to get squared away in the
23 39 06 CC 23 39 14 CDR	Ref. 1.7	23 40 46 CC	
Final TAG Tage 151-04 Time: 11:59:57 to 13:29:29 Fage 2 of 6 Puge 1 of 6 Fig. 1.11 tell him.		news for you, which I haven't received yet. Journaligh be interested to know that Gordon Johncock won the Indy yesterday, and it only went 132 laps, that they had to call it after rain. Understand. And, Crip, I understand that there are a few guys over in our office that don't believe that we can run around the water wing lockers; so we're willing to take a small wager from any of them that really don't believe that. Furthermore, to sweeten the pot, last night in our training session done after 03:00, I might add not on company time, we also added a little fling to it, where we now can run around the water ring lockers into front flip and back flip. So, if they want to sweeten the pot before we show you this publicly on TV, we're willing to take any vagers.	CC I'll see how many takers you have. CC Skylab, Houston. I've got some sad news in this morning's paper that the blob is dead. I'm sure that Joe will be glad to hear that. And they killed it with nicotine. MS (Laughter) SPT I'd like to be the blob.
Final TAG Tape 151-04 Time: 11:59:57 Page 2 of 6 Page 2 of C	Ref. 1.6	්පි A−7	S S S S

Finel TAG Tape 155-07 Time: 16:20:49 to 17:17:10 Page 1 of 4

Final TAG Tape 153-06 Time: 13:30:38 to 14:59:16 Page 2 of 9

Page 2 of	6		S	SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION
	8	Okay. We'll get you an answer.	16 20 49 CC	Skylab, Houston; AOS Carnarvon, 10 minutes.
	SPT	Thank you.		Roger, Houston.
	ខ	And, joe, thank you very much for the work on 172. That looks as if we finally got a good cal on that. Certainly appreciate that.	PLT	Hey, Bill.
	SP	My pleasure.	သ	Go ahead.
	ខ	We've - there's still questions on clothes and such before we can get usable data.	PLT	I was going to put this on B channel, but they just started dumping a recorder. Pass to the follow-on crews, will you, that I'm - the silp - the soft boots,
	ras	Roger. We noticed that our veights, is they age asset up by the medical pads this morning, were guite a bit higher than our onboard out curve indicated to asse you guys using a fudge factor?	Pef. 1.9	the slip-ons, with the Zippers up the sluce, it is your worn mine about 3 or 4 days; and you tend to try to poke your toes in things and under things and that that I've about torn the toe off. The whole toe is torn out. So, if they think they want to wear them, then, then, then the property of the pro
13 33 48	22 8 ⁴	Joe, I've had nothing to do with that weight. I don't know where it's coming from, or anything else.	၁၁	they are processly mare to manife the topy that.
A-8	SPT	Okay. I would be interested in the next few days, if	16 24 01 CDR	Hey, Houston; CDR.
3		the medical people could give me a correction to our cal cure or tell us whether it's any good or not -	99	Go, CDR.
		our oncoard curve.	865	Think something was going down the crack here. Chark
→	သ	61 MG		something out for me. No, that's not right either. Oh, never mind I found it. Forget it. (Lauphter)
		סווסנסי שני בנודם דם כוום דמפר סול בנודנום אם שנגנהי	33	Okay, Pete.
	ras	Okay. Weitz is wearing the triangle shoes, and he's doing it every morning as a standard thing. Conrad	ຽ	SPT, Houston.
		and I are not wearing the triangle shoes. We're wearing our soft shirts and our trousers and socks.	SPT	Yes, sir.
i	ວ	Okay. I assume also underwear, and is this with the	ວວ	Your H-alpha 1 camera appears to be still running.
Ref. 1.8	∞	Long pants or snort pants, Joe?	SPT	Oh, yes. Okay.
	L L	It's with - it's with pants. This morning it was with long pants for me; the previous 4 days was with short name of some boost that him the think that the feature and the feature that the featu	Ids	Did that do it, Houston?
		pairs. Coisy accur that, but it's taking me that long to acclimatize.	25	We'll be with you in just a second, Joe. We're looking.
4	ខ	We copy that, and thank you very much, Joe. And we'll get you some good data up.		

Final Dump Tape 156-09 Time: 17:51:35 to 18:37:03 Fuge 4 of 5

Time: 21:14:41 to 22:38:15 Page 9 of 13	The airlock is a - a fine tunnel. And for a tunnel and - and an airlock, it's size and dimensions are	pretty good because when you're EVA with the hatch open you always have something to bear against,	and I wouldn't want it a whole lot bigger - a little longer maybe, because we always have trouble fittle things in. Okay, ceiling/floor proximity is good. Ingress/egress is good. We don't collect	trash in there. Storage volume: We should have a little more, a little better thought-out storage for EVA. Equipment: The zipper pockets aren't for EVA, sechul because you can't get anything in them and then close the zipper, and zippers aren't easy to handle in a pressurized glove. Keep in mind	that Veloro is - would be great if we had the figure kind. Snaps are also no good in the pressurized glove. Much of the Veloro on board the ship is no good hermuse it doesn't hold well enough. Okay.		are great thing in a pressurized suit. We just don't happen to need them in a compartment this size. Comfort, noise level, and illumination are not applicable.	In the MDA/STS, general arrangement is reasonably good except for a couple of things. The MESON circuit breaker panels have always been a pain of the neck and, in zero-g, they continue to be a pain in the neck and, in zero-g, they continue to be a pain in the neck, orienated at right angles to everything else and on down. The bottleneck of the MDA is the STS, where the control and display panels are. It's not compatible to have a guy working there and a guy working at the ATM. And the guy at the STS and set he hatch. Calling/floor proximity is all right. Ingress/egress is all right. Trash collection: nor't seem to need one in the MDA, and we don't have any - that I can think of. Stowage volume and access, okay. Equipment restraints okay. Mobility aids, not required. Restraint devices: The two triangle sections are - are good. Illumination is low in the MDA and a little bit confusing in a circular compartment. Noise level and there, and it has been for days.
i	21 41 54 8PT T	, p. 0	ে ন অ ন	->		Ref. 1.18	•	21 1/3 11 SPT
	I'm going to start wearing my gloves. It's cold. I've platform for an hour. It's cold.	Rack on the panel -	stop 11:40. Go to the checklist and check the list. Postoperate: S192 DOOR, CLOSED; close and latch S190. That'd done. Heater, OFF.	I have the yellow light, says HEATER switch OFF. Okay. I got the DOOR CLOSED light on S192. Operate pad remarks. What do they say about S192? Anything? S191 now. Paul, are they put in here?	Well, this says that my pads remarks, and that's not - Oxay. Yes, yes.	Hello, friendly tape recorder for EREP. Charile is 80 percent, 80 percent.	Hello, B channel, for EREP. The tape - the measurement on this left on the takeup reel is $2-1/\theta$ inches. End of message.	Hello, B tape recorder, for EREF. The VTS site. The first site - vait - Okay, the first site, site 220, was acquired easily at max forward angle; a site near the Bonneville Salt Flats was acquired IN-TRACK; 415 could not be found for clouds - well, could not be found. I think clouds are a major factor. The same with 420 and 445, which is just a spot in the water. Make that a clear spot in the clouds and truck that. And then, getting back on with what I was doing and getting back out, as I mentioned, drive is about 50 seconds late getting back onto the nadir swath. And started it about 410. A couple of vords about that VTS. You have much resolution, things alooks a little - I don't know - small things are small - hard to find in it. The small field of view is the biggest problem. I think If we ever build anything like this again, you really want to keep the ability to go to quite a bit Larger field of view. End of message.
Inge 4 of 5	Ref. 1.10 ^{CDR}	18 11 03 CDR	CDR	ස සි	CDR	18 15 40 CDR	18 28 44 CDR	18 33 59 PLT 8 4 9 9 PLT 8 9 P

Dump Tape 159-13 Tinc: 23:00:03 to 00:00:58 Page 3 of 6 Final

		one celling itoor proximity is also all light, the are good. Temporary equipment restraints those towel
		holders are excellent. They are outstanding for that
400	טין ני שיט	type of use, you use it to hold your clothing on, and
Н		it's excellent for that. Temporary equipment restraints

very good, noise level, very good, and illumination, adequate. Experiment compartment. quite a bit of - well, a couple of strips of Velcro would be adequate. Personnel mobility aids don't apply as do restraint devices. Thermal comfort is

is very gool. Ingress/egress doesn't really apply, it's all right. Trash collection; you don't make much trash in there, and we haven't really found a necessity to - there are no trash collection provision and I guess, we haven't found a necessity for any. Stowage volume and access: the PSS drawers are kind of out of the way, I'd have to give that an adequate. They're out of the way, you have to go around the bicycle every time you want to get into something, General arrangement - it's a - let me think on this a minute. Somebody would think we'd do better - someone else would do better - evaluating, I think, when you're not used to it. We've been training in this thing for a year and a half, and some thinks you come to accept. I guess I get no comments to make, no suggestions, so I'd have to give that a very good, then. The volume is all right, ceiling/floor proximity 23 54 28 PLT

Temporary equipment restraints are okay. Personnel mobility aids: there are none. Restraint devices are ... Thermal comfort is - and noise - thermal comfort, noise level, and illumination are all very good. Now the forward and dome areas - I don't know what you really - what we really should be trying to answer in general arrangement and orientation. It's all one-g vertical, which is the way you get used to it in general arrangement. It's all right. The

A-10

Final Dump Tape 160-01 Time: 01:04:45 to 02:16:00 Page 6 of 7

30	02-13-04 PLT	the chair even with the			Time 7 of 7
	CDR	:			
	g	How comfortable are your		SPT	It's the best thing for support.
ŏ	02 13 18 SPT	Hot coffeel		02 14 35 CDR	Well, you ought to specify support
	13. 18.	(Laughter)		PLT	we ought to get zipper ones
	PLT	Very good. (Laughter)		Tas	Okay. But the laces are not
	TdS	hot coffee.		CDR	:
	SPT	Were they sufficiently	•	PLT	terrific recommendations for the clothes.
 	CDR	Clothes! Darn it! Yes, I got - we got clothes		SPT	big objection
•	p	running out of our ears.		02 14 57 CDR	Well, there's one - there's one thing that I - I -
	된 (-)	except for the triangle shoes			ine only long sleeved thing that I have is this jacket. And I would prefer a - a lighter shirt
	ទី 1	Triangle shoes and the other shoes, both of them are not holding up.			that had long sleeves. We've gone through some pretty temperature ranges never high humidity from oscillating about 58 in the
	PLT	The toes are unbraiding. They're wearing out	Ref. 1.20		MDA and about
		because you use your toes a lot. You drag your toes over the to slow you down and - It's like		SPT	Okay
		a brake on a wagon. You drag your right foot if you want to swerve to the right a little bit.		02 15 51 CDR	Oh, I think there are very few tabs that are that we didn't anticipate.
0	02 14 01 CDR	Not only that, but it is a pain in the neck, to me, taking these triangle shoes off and on with all the laces. I'd like zippers on - something else on them -	-	02 16 00 PLT	you do ask other people to help you quite clear vardroom.
	SPT	I think I'd			END OF TAPE
	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Yes, I also to heck with the Hushpuppies. I thought that the kind of hard			
	Ids	Would you still like laces			

No, wait - you're - are you justifying laces because you like laces or because you thought they were the best thing for support?

Yes; okay. That's my point.

PLT g Final TAG Tape 163-01 Tyme: 01:41:05 to 01:55:05 Page 5 of 8

Final TM: Tape 163-04 Time: 11:00:02 to 11:48:25 Page 2 of 4

Roger.		Okay. Something for the SO73 guys to think about. According to our calculations, SO73 is not going to finish the program it's in right now before it has to be secured to - to put the other rods on.	Okay. We'll take a look at that.	Okay do you want us to do it? I tell you what - Fet- seld he ran it out at 01 something. According to our	onboard procedures book, that takes 10 revs to respect that, and so that's not going to be done for another - It's only been 10 hours now; it's only two-thirds of	the way unrough, 1 guess, - sometime - Okay, we'll work that. And we're about 10 seconds	from LOS. Bermuda will be coming up at 22. See you.	Skylab, Houston through Bermada for 9-1/2 minutes.	And, Skylab; Houston. In answer to the question on the S073, we plan to terminate that program early. And it's in the remarks section of massage 1977 talks now to terminate it by cycling the power off.	Roger.	Thanks, Hank. We just hadn't quite made it all the way through the 22-footer you sent us last night.	(Laughter) Roger.	That's the only trouble with that. I wish there was some way you could get those early morning remarks, like "inhibit momentum dump" - any of that stuff that's in PSA. And we really hussle it to find it on the morning, you know? And I don't know what you can do to work on that, but the fiight planners might think about it. I'd sure appreciate the details on the - in the - things that you want during the FUA the night before, if possible. Because it catches us with our pants down every time.
99	20 ,	PLI	8	t d		11. 17. 36 CC	PL.	11 21 59 CC	ວວ	SPT	CDR	ວວ	сля Ref. 1.23
Uh-huh. Don't worry, we find plenty of to keep ourselves busy with.	What I meant was, one investigator might be casually requesting another investigator to give up a bit of time, this sort of thing.	I see. Well, you know, it's sort of like Joe and Paul were good boys tonight, so I let Joe have the command module, and Paul has 509.	Copy.	The PLT spends his spare time looking for new places to sleep.	Have you tried letting him sleep strapped in the 509 yet?	Yes, Hank, we're ready to charge the batteries and the bottles on 509. We got it all activated last night.	Your translation modes up there are pretty interesting. I had predicted legs weren't always going to be too useaful there. And I natical that In secun to keen	his pretty well tucked up under him	Everybody sort of has their own way of going, and it - it depends on what you're doing. Now, Joe likes - when he's working and he's got to be held down, Joe thes the lollippp. I've stuck strictly with the	my slippers - shoe, It's dependent on what I'm	Litangle shoes. So, We - we've got all kinds of different ways of trying to do it - doing his own thing. But, essentially, I think the most important	thing is - is that all of us can do all the tasks, and we really don't have too much trongle doing them. As	Maria Aria and
CD R	೪	8 8	ຍ	CDR	ខ	CDR	8		то 1.22				
							A-12	2	Ref.				

Final TAG Tape 165-01 Time: 01:00:03 to 02:05:56 Page 1 of 4		SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRAUCCRIPTIT	Okay, Pete, I'm sorry; you answere: that one last night and that's the remaining five that we're after.	Go shead with the next one.	We are presently assuming that lunch will be eaten with suits off in the OKS between EVAs, and you also confirmed that yesterday.	I confirmed that we probably would not take the suits off. It's too much trouble.	We're going LOS here. We'll have you again at Honey-suckle at 01:04.	Okay.	Skylab, Houston; AOS for 4 minutes.	PLT, Houston.	ю.	We need a STOP on SO52 and STANDBY, FOWER.	Skylab, LOS in 45 seconds. We'll be AOS - AOS Canary 01:52 in med conference.	Was that LOS, Houston?	Negative, Skylab. We still have about eight minutes	here.	Okay, our poor surgeon got cut off prematurely there.	Went us to try to get him back on for you, Joe?	Yes, would you please, Bill?	Wilco.
		σ.	01 00 03 CC	CDR	22	Ket. i.26 com	90	CDB	01 04 37 CC	23	PLT	55	8	01 58 35 SPT	8		SPT	8	TAS	ວວ
Final TAG Tape 163-11 Time: 21:23:06 to 22:26:32 Page 3 of 4.	Okay. I don't think it's worth a special trip. But get all that information for time line purposes.	Well, we like zinging up and down in the spacecraft.	Say, Crip. It's O.5 right now. It's been about 20 minutes. And I might be a little suspicious of the gage.	Okay: 0.5 after about 20 minutes. And for your	information, wiping down and stowing of the rods is okay. We're I minute from LOS, and we'll have you again at Gaum at 22:23; 2223.	They weren't kidding about that stuff getting cold, I'll tell you. I had my gloves on when I started ** hain them in and I thought that's kind of foolish.	so I got them out a second time and, man, they were really cold the further I went.	Roger. Understand the gloves are recommended?	Yes, sir. They are a necessity, and I had them on to start with. It wasn't bad until I got about two	rods in and how cold it was going to get because the near rods weren't so cold, but the far rods were	extremely cold.	Roger. Thank you.	Skylab, we have sent the Flight Plan up. We had some problems with transmission. Like you to check and see if it looks okey, and tell us on the next	pass whether we need to send it again.	Okay.	Skylab, Houston. We're AOS over Guam for 3 minutes.	Roger.	Hey, Crip. We just finished welding the second wheel		
	99	CDR	21 43 55 CDR	21 44 06 CC		Ref. 1.24 ^{cdR}		ខ A-1	3			ວວ	20		21 45 15 CDR	22 23 55 CC	TIA	22 24 36 CDR		

Dump Tape 167-04 Time: 11:24:51 to 11:37:04 Page 1 of 4

11 33 22 You got to keep in mind we're in a little off - nominal entry into the hot, hot workshop when we were handling used the most, by me, is the one that we have - one of the sleep restraint tape players that we've plugged almost exclusively, is used for opening food packages, Okay, starting with the Jacket; used it almost daily, tain. Penlight is used almost every day and carried at all times. Scissors is used every day, is kept at the meal table and that's where it's used - mostly, 2 or 3 days ago which - the middle of which was about the workshop was cool at low Beta angles, we took it down for 3 or 4 days; it is now back up. We have one in the workshop and chilly in the MDA, and a Jacket is an extremely useful item. The IV boots, I prefer The tool caddie was used during activation. I found it fairly handy at the time; it has not been used since. I don't miss it. The portable fan - we have which was about 3 days ago, then which MDA was warm enough that the Jacket was not required. However, there was before that, and as it is now, we'rehave only worn one time, and that was on our initial The bump hat has not been out of its locker. The pillow on the sleep restraint; comedics I used it and sometimes I don't; I haven't really decided. Blankets, I have not used at all. The light baffle the 47-3 this day, evaluating the frequency of use. is, with MDA heaters on. There was a span of about The span of 2 or 3 days, the middle of used the portable fan. It goes along with the - my time estimates on when the MDA heaters were on. Who have the MDA heaters off in order to help kery the Workshop temperatures down. Therefore, it is warm them - much prefer them to the triangle shoes, and wear them every day at every opportunity, but I do not require the triangle shoes. The IV gloves I in my sleep compartment; same with the privacy cur-The tape player, we could not not by without it. We used the one in the wardrown, although not as much as we did in training. The one that gets I have not put up, since I have not been slerping portable fan mounted in the workshop dome opening. changer inlet. We have used the portable fun each situation, although we're busically nominal, that the extensions on the sail. I have not used them directing warm workshop air onto the OWS heat ex-Hello, friendly tape recorder; it's the PLT with and also for trimming the teleprinter messages. 3 days ago. since. 11 24 51 A-14

Dump Tape 167-04 Time: 11:24:51 to 11:37:04 Page 3 of 4

and they're obstructed very mach by external area can Window in the workshop. STS windows are - they're window has a big spot in it new, as you are probwardroom window is nice and large; however, now that we are at high Beta angle, it's looking out at the southern horizon. We cannot see below us ably aware. And we need - we ought to have tire very good; however, they - they are kind of onel out of that window anymere, and besides, that ger and more - more windows like the wardreem direction, and they're not large enough. to the vehicle. That's all, 'n

ŗ,

light buffle; use the privacy curtain every night.
Use the penlight daily, not very frequently and for long periods of time, but daily; for instance, to go to the bathroom at night. In the early mornin; looking at the PRD's to read them, you need a good light locally and earlier in the mission when we were conserving light, I used the penlight frequently. Use frequency of use. The jacket is used daily, every other day, depending on how long I'm spending in the WEM, the culd part of the vehicle. It's not onal the time, and I wouldn't be without it. I use the IV boots very seldom. I haven't used them for 2 weeks. Use the triangle shoes all the time. The IV Gloves, I haven't even found. The bump hat, don't know where it is. Use the pillow all the time; how-Use the - the thin blanket all the time - the one you crawl in through the neck of - all the time except occasion when it got down to 72. I have not used the Friendly tape recorder, this is the SFT, with M487-3 subjective evaluation of the following items for ever, I do not very often use the little knit thing that flips over your head. I've evaluated it, I haven't decided whether it's use - useful or not. the first 4 or 5 days, when it was too hot to use. I have - I have not used the other blankets, except the bottom blanket I zipped up a couple feet on one

Other than that, they're not required. caddie I used during activation, have not used since; probably will use during deactivation. The pertable thermal problem.

the scissors daily for eating, for M133. The tool

Final Dump Tape 167-10 Time: 12:21:37 to 12:44:20 Page 1 of 2

Hello, friendly tape recorder. This is the CDR on day 167, 16:30, MUR7-3 Charlte. Items to be evaluated: Jackets. Jacket was used daily, especially in the MDA and the command module area, where the temperature ran around 60 degrees. I use the IV - IV boxts daily when I did not need to be restrained in the floor again when operating the ATM, or sitting around	the wardroom, or working in areas where restraint to use the floor was not necessary. I found no reason to use the bowpad. The pillow I used in my bed could, by raising the straps on the bed in such a manner that it didn't - the natural edge to my body - put my head against the pillow. The blankers I used during the middle of the flight when the workshop got down in the low 70's, but otherwise, I didn't need the blankers after that. The light baffle I put up, and I did read in my bedroom, and I kept light out of the, and also we And I believe it helped. The privacy curtain I used only on occasion when other crew members were up and I wanted to sleep, which was very seldom; we normally all went to bed at the same time and turned the lights out.	penlight was a daily necessity that was used all the time throughout the vehicle. Scissors we used as a daily necessity at all meals, and we also used them to cut up teleprinter pads and other things. The tool caddy I did not use; I found my pocket good enough. We normally returned something after use. So just to transport it, I can simply carry it in my hand, use it and put it away. The portable fan we used in the OWS dome to blow OWS hot air during our hot portions on heat exhances; in the	Arriota modiue, that worked pretty well. Tape player I use daily in the ATM, in my bedroom, wardroom; the headset I use daily, also every evening, so that I wouldn't put music on somebody else's ears after lights-out or you're going to read, or something like that. The microphone I've had no occasion to use.	Playing cards I have no occasion to use. I don't play cards on the pround, and I don't play cards on the pround.
CDR	53			CDR
12 21 37	Ref. 1.29			12 23 53
75	Ref	A-15		12

play cards on the ground, and I don't play cards up here. Sooks - I've read two and a half books so far in the fight for pleasure in the evening or off-duty time. The hand exerciser I didn't feel that I needed. I don't use one on the ground, I don't need onc up here. The handball we threw

Final TAC Tape 168-03	168:09:30:00 to	168:11:00:00	Page 3 of 6

Final TAG Tape 168-03 168:09:30:00 to 168:11:00:00 Page & of 6

I'm sure we'll enjoy it.	iey - hey, Urip. I'm not going to give a ormonatra- tion of the little belis on the toes of the feetsics because I don't use them. and I don't have time.	Copy.	Tell them it's strictly personal preference. Joe likes his, uses them all the time except when he's sides the hits because wen soft to use the triangles.	And I think Paul and I both use the triangles all the time because it was just easier than changing about.	Roger.	Skylab, Houston. We're AGS over Guam for 6 minutes. Sorry about that missed call for LGS.	And, Houston; CDR. On TV-15, I'm going to skip the shower and then the TV tour 1, which has no voi	They didn't want voice, anynow. And I we expensed more than enough time on this thing already; like An house and 30 whenthe	Contract of the succession of	Okayo	You got three triangle shoes, and the other two items that were asked for in the list this morning: suit stowage and locker doors. And that is it.	Roger.	Houston, SPT.	Go, SPT.		Deen completed. And the two sequences were completely nominal.	Roger. Copy. Both nominal.	CDR, Houston. Since you've completed your TV, we're going to go ahead and start rewinding so we can do our dump at Goldstone.
93	80 00	8	10 18 53 CDR		ວ່ນ	10 28 20 CC	SO SI		,	8	ਲ	8	SF	ວວ	SPT		8	8
SPT, Houston. The DAS is yours once more, and we need you to enable the dump for us please, sir.	Okay.	Skylab, Houston. We're 1 minute from LOS. We'll see you again over Carnarvon at 10:13; 1013. And we'll be doing a data recorder dump at Carnarvon.	Roger	Skylab, Houston. We're AOS over Carnarvon for 9 min- utes. And we will be doing the data recorner dump.	PLT, Houston.	He can't come to the phone right now, but whether we got it into two rods, he gave it a good shake. And	whatever was nung up, unnung isseif; and he gov it manually to O TRUNNION, O40 SHAFT. And it's in, and he's taking it down.	Very good; solves all of our problems.	There you go. Stick with us, kid.	Roger. Can fix anything.	Meanwhile, the Betsy Production TV Company is still at it.	Roger.	PLT, Houston. Regarding your question as to which		of a time constraint, though.	Yes.	I hope my demonstration of how triangle shoes work is	
8	SPT	09 48 52 CC	09 49 03 PLT	10 12 37 CC	22	ទី A-	16	8	B	ည	CDR	Đ	10 15 20 CC			ኮኒጥ	CDR	Ket. 1.33

- which tank, and I think we got the little condensate system running (CCLTO) first.
- WEITZ But that's not what is condensate system activation. Condensate system activation is hooking the hose to the holding tank and just turning the valves on the condensate.
- COMPAD You had to pull a vacuum on the big tank first.
- WEITZ But that's not part of the thing that's labeled condensate system activation. Condensate system activation in the checklist comes after tank relocation and holding tank prep, which includes pulling the vacuum. Why don't we go alwad right now and talk about moving the tank. We did that out of sequence to get it out of the way of the airlock. It was a nothing, a piece of cake. It's the biggest blivet we had to move, and it went the simplest. Those blue restraints for your knees worked great.

A-17

- COMPAD Joe, I guess you put the EVA hatch window shield in. It's in there now, and there's no reason for anybody to mess with it.

 7.38 We just took our time with the parasol and worked per checklist
- Ref. 1.38 We just took our time with the parasol and worked per checklist.

 We had to pop in and out of there to cool off about every

 15 minutes. It was pretty hot. We used our gloves and we wore
 our jackets and our coats and it was extremely dry air, so other

- COMPAD than the fact you were just beginning to build up heat, it was (CGHT'D) kind of funny. It was extremely hot in there, but it really wasn't bad working in there. And if you just popped up to the MDA for about 4 or 5 minutes, or even less, you'd cool down will be ready to go right back in there again, and you could work it is or 20 minutes.
- WEITZ I tried it for a while without my jacket. Actually, your jacket served as a thermal barrier against the radiant heat from the valls. I took my jacket off and, after 15 minutes or so of that, I put it back on. It's more comfortable with the jacket on, which is documented, I think. The only oddity we had was the Teflon flaps on the end. They weren't right.
- CONRAD We had to reorient those Teflon flaps. It was not packed right.
- Wiltz But we received real-time clarification from the ground on that.

 That was a prime example of somebody having done it on the ground. Obviously Hank Martsfield had done it, and he happened to be CAP COMM at the time. He had the answers right away, so there was no delay in getting that clarified and squared away.
- CONRAD You might talk about what you saw, Joe. I'm still not clear in my mind, even after looking at that thing on the flyaround, exactly what's not deployed right. I almost had the feeling that two of the poles on one side, a frent one and an aft one, aren't deployed right, but I can't swear to it.

16.0 EMU SYSTEMS

CONRAD I think we've all commented on the excellence of the PGA; the fit and operations. I have absolutely nothing to add except the word, super.

WEITZ None of the suit techs commented on the back of my suit being too short when I got fitted at the factory. It became more evident in flight. I had a lot less length in the back of my suit than you guys did. It was just difficult to get that outside zipper up.

CONRAD There's no doubt about it. You just can hardly pull yourself

over far enough in zero g to get your head it and out of that

suit. We had a two-man wrestling contest trying to get him in
a suit. With Paul's tight fit in the back, it was definitely
a two-man operation up there.

A-18

Blomed instrumentation worked fine until you put all that stuff in it. LCGs were good. I'm still mad about the blomed fit on the LCGs and our little mickey-mouse fix, but we beat that one to death. It worked all right.

WEITZ Helmet: I'm glad I wore my helmet protector during launch, because I sure banged around during that SEVA. My helmet was as clear as crystal when I needed it on EVA day.

WEITZ equalize, you can then open that hatch and then open the GKS (COMP.D)
hatch equalization valve. Then ydu can be moving around in total forward volume rather than be vaiting in the airlock.

CONRAD Suit drying - there was no moisture; much less than expected.

We didn't get to the kind of worklocks where were sweating up the suits. The suit drying worked well and the suits were clean as a whistle. They didn't smell bad.

KERWIN That was true throughout the mission everywhere. We didn't have areas of condensation on the walls so our clothes didn't.

get wet, at least not in the workshop or in the MDA.

take us longer than the guys figured on the ground to manufacture the equipment in flight because we were in zero £.

That's true in all the little extra things that we did, not only the SAS-deploy EVA where we made all that equipment but also in seving together the panel to put outside. I spent about an hour and a half putting that panel together. You have to get good scissors, which were up in the EREP can in the MDA. You have to bring them back down, lay the stuff out, and restrain it. We were well aware that it was going to take us longer. And knowing that allowed us to get things done on time. We spent a good 6 to 7 man-hours putting together the SAS-deploy stuff.

17-6

KERWIN	Because we had to do it all our own way. We put stanchions
	5 feet apart to measure our rope but and then we strung the
	rope along the 25-foot pole. We cut it off so it fit exactly.
	We worried the problems of tangles and things, and we deployed
	it a couple of times.

CONRAD We were very careful about laying the lines out, and it took a long time to cut the gray tape and tape the lines to the original pole so that when it flaked out it came out straight, and all that just takes time.

KERWIN We figured how to tape things to your suit and where to tape Ref. 1.43 it to your suit so yoù can reach them in a pressurized glove. And we just worked all that out in real time.

THE The whole message is to let them work it out on the ground and then allow about twice that time in flight for the guys to do then allow about twice that time in flight for the guys to do then allow about twice that time in flight for the guys to do then allow about twice that time in flight for the guys to do

CONTAIN Of course, we made some refindments that were obvious to us that the ground really just left up to us. What they'd given us was adequate to do the job. There were a few places we did make refinements on that gear. We used different equipment. Instead of using that safety wire for tether hooks we got spring steel out of launch restraint stuff, but it bent up rings. We just took a little bit more time to do the job right.

WEITZ I got with the TV camera. It was not so difficult. There is comm'D) really more room in there than I thought, even from going to mockup and trying it.

18.2 SWS

CONRAD The flight equipment in the crev compartment configuration.

The beds worked great. Everybody had enough room for their gear. There was enough Veloro around. We would set the duty timer up for the alarm clock, and I'd Veloro mine at the dosimeter place. It would stick right on there. I know you had a lot of gear laid out in your room. Everybody fixed up their sleep compartment the way they wanted them. We had adequate places to hold the clothes.

MERWIN The thing I had about the sleep compartments, solde from thermal, which is completely off-nominal, is that it would not have worked at all to have had a staggered sleep cycle, because you were aware, in your sleep compartment, of any noise, any movement, any light that anybody made in the experiment compartment, the wardroom, the head, or the forward compartment.

WEITZ You didn't have your light barrier up.

CONRAD I think everybody that has seen the TV with voice on it has the impression that the vehicle was extremely noisy, because the noise is somewhere on the comm. The whole workshop is so quiet

KEHVIN I'm a believer in the comfort box nov. If the wall temperature is warm you begin to get unqomfortable about 75 or 80 degrees; if the wall temperature is cold, you could probably live with air temperatures of 85 degrees.

WEITZ It made more difference than I thought it would to use a little portable fan to blow warm workshop air in over the workshop heat exchangers.

KERMIN I thought the MDA was too cold for comfort most of the time.

WEITZ It was quite comfortable when we had enough power to turn the MDA wall heaters on and until the vehicle temperatures started coming up to the point to where they thought they had to turn them off. Below 65 degrees in the MDA was cold. You radiated body heat to the cold walls.

A-20

KERWIN 1'd go to my sleep compartment and get my jacket when I was Ref. 1.45 going up to the ATM.

CONRAD Let me go back to one thing on the triangle shoes. I noticed on both feet there were ways I could put a load on those triangle shoes that made them come out of the grid work without unlocking them. I think you will see in the Misl movies where I will stop and turn the triangle up and reset the lock because I could pull my feet out of those triangles without unlocking the shoes. I never did figure why.

CONRAD	the 90, that also would do the same thing to my head. It would	CONRAD (CONT'D)	there, and then you'd reheat new air. But the air doesn't move.
(CONT)	make it logically rest on the pillow, and I never used the		It doesn't circulate if it's not in the path of some blower mir
	overhead thing to hold my head on there. This is strictly an		that's going through there. We had different thoughts about
	individual thing.		arranging the little duct in the bottom, which blew air up past
			your bed. I had mine off the vall, because if it blew it on
KERWIN	I used it sometimes and sometimes I didn't. I thought that if		my feet, I got too cold. But I could very definitely tell
	I had to redesign it, I would make it even lighter and even	•	there was no convection there.
	more elastic at the bottom, so that it was a very gentle		
	restraint. I would have put one more elastic band in the middle.	WEITZ	I'm a little more warmblooded than you. For about 3 days there,
	Those were of a nice elasticity. You could tighten them or		I used the outer blanket, but only about up to the knees, just
A-2	med the transfer of the transf		enough to keep my lower legs and feet warm. I never got under
21	TOODER CHEE JUST CHE 403 Jour Faller CHEE		the net, because it was uncomfortable. I got too warm. Halfway
TILL	All in all, I thought the sleep restraint was excellent.		through, I modified it with the scissors by cutting the net off
G B B W CO	Using the me comment on one other ntenomenon. I don't know		and throwing it away. There was only a 3 day period that I
3			anything. I just slept with my shorts and a pair of socks on.
	time with just the net, until we got down to the 72-degree		That net is really warm.
	area for about 3 nights, and then I slept with a blanket	CONTRAD	The Swiss Army knife was very handy. It would float out of

the knife pocket, unless it was restrained. I never restrained mine; I carried it in a zipper pocket. You guys keep it in a The Swiss Army knife was very handy. It would float out of knife pocket with a tether wing restraint on it. CONKAD

I cut a little hole in my pants to slip the big ring through and elipped the knife on. I thought the clothing was real good. KERA'IN

18-7

around your legs. It was really weird. If you got hot, all you did was stir your legs, which would move the air out of

because there is no convection, you had this warm air ball up. And even though you didn't have a blanket over you,

the lower extremities. And then your body would heat that air

partially up. But you have no convection. And the net would trap the air around your feet. I noticed this especially in

E112	I'm glad I had the box pockets. I like those. They give you
	a lot of room. You don't need as big sa waist as we had
	because they're is no gravity to pull your gut down, and your
	waist tends to shrink in.

COMPAD If I had it to do over again I would ask for a clean pair of socks every day. I had 12 pair of socks and your feet tend to sweat. On the second day of wearing a pair of socks, they were claamay. The gold T-shirt material is not very absorbent.

KERWIN I wound up having to ration socks and shorts and I wound up with extra T-shirts. It was a bit too warm to wear both the T-shirt and the soft shirt.

Ref. 1.46

CONRAD That's right, we operated with the T-shirt or the gold T-shirt,

W but never both.

Two coats were plenty. With four pairs of trousers I wound

KEEVIN

up not using one at all.

CONFRAD The vehicle was extra clean. Working with any equipment, our hands really didn't get dirty. There was very little dust in the vehicle and there was nothing to get your hands dirty. We vould wash our hands with soap, wipe them off on a towel, and see no dirt. We really did stay quite clean, and the clothes stayed clean. As Joe says, two coats and four pairs of pants

CONTAD for 28 days was adequate. The only thing I would like to add (CONT'D) was more socks and maybe a few more shorts.

WEITZ I had a change of shorts for every other day, which was good enough for me.

CONRAD When we changed our shorts, we kept the used ones to exercise in. Those sweaty shorts we would throw away. We got 2 days of normal wear out of them, then we would wear them for 2 days for exercise. We put the fresh ones on for working. That worked very well.

WEITZ In moving around the vehicle and stabilizing yourself you use your toes a lot. You drag your feet over the grid, you stick your toes down in the grid, you hook your toes under things.

We mentioned it, we have some pictures of it, we wore out the toes on both shoes, both the triangle shoes (the ankle-high shoes) and the gold boots.

Should up not using my slippers at all. I used my triangle shoes from morning until night. I would change from the triangles for the bicycle to the little mushrooms for general moving around and working. My general comment is that it serves as a restraint system. Wherever you stop to do a job, you want your feet restrained. I'm awfully glad we had the triangle shoes and the triangle grid all over the floor.

Ref. 1.46 Yes, the triangle shoes were extremely useful. The side restraints worked out better than I thought they would. In M467 we debriefed the over-the-top straps which were the same as the ones in the waste management compartment, essentially unusable, because they are too stiff, unadjustable, and have a preset. They have been folded over in the same place for a year. I didn't use the triangle because I didn't wear my triangle shoes very much. We hardly used the portable handholds almost anything serves as a handhold when you're arriving at a location. Foot restraints are needed at the work stations. Thermal control - We didn't have any thermal control, we just lived with what we had. I thought I was most confortable when the temperature was lowest. The 70- to 75-degree region was reasonable. WEITZ When we started getting up to 77 to 78 degrees, we could really tail the difference. I think that's because I am sensitive to radiant heat. I could just feel the heat coming off the 0MS	KERWIN Let me mention one thing that happened to me three times on	the bicycle. I would change my mushrooms to my triangles to	and tight in those triangles, I found that they came loose	while I was pumping the bike. Once the thing is loose there is	no way to unlock it. You mave your foot and thing doesn't	unlock. I would up having to take my foot out of the boot,	get off the bike, finishing unscrewing the shoe from the	triangle and go get a screwdriver from the tool kit and wedge	the thing until it unlocked it.	WEITZ I found the only way you could satisfactorily tie the triangle	down to with a pair of pliers. You couldn't do it tight enough	with your fingers.	We used most of the tools.	and find the fact seems tonds that any all the the		WEITZ We are sure glad we had that extra set in the MDA. One ratchet	fell part on us, and that ratchet is a valuable tool to have.	We have a backup in that one torque wrench. It is bigger and	more clumsy.	CONRAD Joe used the tool caddy for activation but I never needed it.	
	1.46 Yes, the triangle shoes were extremely useful.	The side restraints worked out better than I thought they	would.		In Mu87 we debriefed the over-the-top straps which were the	same as the ones in the waste management compartment, essen-	tially unusable, because they are too stiff, unadjustable, and	have a preset. They have been folded over in the same place		my triangle shoes very much.	We hardly used the portable handholds almost snything serves		straints are needed at the work stations.	Thermal control - We didn't have any thermal control, we just	lived with what we had. I thought I was most comfortable when	the temperature was lowest. The 70- to 75-degree region was	reasonable.				

gantzed, and adjusting to moving about the vehicle to perform the various tasks. Visit day 8 was a welcomed first day off. Starting with visit day 9, things were well organized and the crew thereafter performed normally, making fewer mistakes, and having plenty of time to perform the Visit days 5, 6, and 7 were learning days. The crewmen were feeling their way around the Workshop, finalizing the configuration, becaming orscheduled work

the crew quarters tended to be a bit warm and the Multiple Docking Adapter was too cold. Grewmen generally wore jackets for Apollo Telescope Mount operations. The Scientist Pilor's sleep was affected late in the visit, due to the high temprecature of the wall in his sleep compartment. Temperatures were acceptable after the parasol deployment, although

Ref. 1.49

sion charges in weightlessness, based on the relaxation of muscles which normally have a gravitational load. It was surprising that appetites held up as well as they did. A day without physical activity was conducive to boredom and restlessness, and daily exercise became mandatory and relt very good. Sleeping was a bit more difficult and less sleep appeared to be needed - probably only 5 to 6 hours of actual sleep would have been flaceid. One assumes a characteristic posture and even the factal exprestions such as Apollo Telescope Mount operation were very undemanding physof the medical experiments was difficult. Physical examination disclosed For the balance of the visit, the effects of weightlessness on the physical well-being of the crew can be quickly catalogued. Movement and working were easily accomplished - almost too easily. Sedentary occupaically, and one tended to want to move about or change position to avoid a sleepy or sluggish feeling. Renaining awake during the resting parts that muscles which were not in active use were extremely soft, almost sufficient.

The success of the systems designed for personal hygiene, eating, and sleeping was most important in maintaining crew well-being. Activities such as shaving, washing, and brushing teeth were relatively routine and even the zero-g shower, while cumbersome to clean up afterwards, was a welcome and refreshing break in the routine. The sleep compartment was 10-8 shows the Commander in the sleeping quarters. Staggered sleep cycles light induced by movement by an awakening crewman would disturb the sleeping crewmen. When all of the lights are off and the windows are covered,
the vehicle is very dark and care must be exercised in moving around in
the Workshop. There is no sensation of motion and it is therefore extremely easy to bump into things and to become disoriented. would have been disruptive because the Workshop is quiet and any noise or comfortable and there was sufficient room for equipment stowage. Figure

A-24

CONRAD That's entirely dependent on what you do with the next	thermal chield. When we were at the low Betas and	we were running HDA heaters, it was quite comfortable	throughout the vehicle. It was only when the temperatuse	was going up in the workshop, and the heaters were	off in the MDA, and we had a rather marked chunge in	temperature and running very low temperature, 62 or	something like that up in the MDA, a guy tended to	get a little cold soaked up there sitting at the ATM	penel.	WEITZ I got hit with that before. Apparently you made that	comment	CONTRAD Yes.	WEITZ and that's not mine. I found a jacket completely	adequate. And I would not have wanted a long-sleeved	shirt.	KERWIN If I was marginally cold, I would have put a T-shirt	0 on or another soft shirt on and solved it that way.	Hot sleeping quarters were my complaint near the end	of the mission. I'd like to see it solved by whatever	rearrangements they make to the sail. If not, you	
 										:					1		Ref. 1.50		*********		
No.	As far as operating 145097		We discussed that and concluded that it wouldn't be.	Are there any items abourd Skylah which support the		to need mandatory changes for follow-on missions?		That's an awful broad question. What kind of missions?	The other two Skylab missions.	I guess that could be turned around to say, were there	any scute habitability problems? I haven't seen cry.	The thing that comes first to mind are the things like	the foot restraints in the head. Now do you want to	consider that mandatory?	Well, the general comments that we had on habitability	were we all had the feeling we wanted more socks and	skivvies. I believe they're going to take care of	that and use some of those items for storing around	other equipment that's going up and packing.	You camented on the absence of a long-sleeved shirt,	too, several times.
WEITS	CPFAKER		COMEAD	SPEAKER				WEITZ	TEAKER	SPEAKER		A-	25		CONRAD					SPEAKER	

could always move out and find yourself a cooler place to sleep. So, you know, that te not a mandatory con-Ref. 1.50

NEKAIN

straint, either.

opportunities to substitute food items, if there was one able input. I don't know whether it's mandatory or not. We've made that input. I think that is a highly desiror two that they became particularly reluctant to cut. We would like to see the follow-on crews have more You can grit your teeth and survive.

Do you have any feeling why you made the comment that SPEAKER

the spicier foods, or taste, I guess you'd say,

whatever the situation is. Some how you've girls no the did not quite teste as well in 5 psi or zero $E_s \sim \epsilon$

impression that things lost their taste.

A-26

That's the impression that we have. CONTRAD That's not the first time I've heard that comment. It's the first time I've made it, but I think that if we dug KER*IN

deep enough in some of the Gemini or early Apollo de-

briefings, we would find that comment again, because it

has a familiar sound to it. We're disagreed as to

why it happens.

CONRAD	Simple thing when I was locked in, and then unlock again	NI.	An earler way would be appreciated, but I made an input
(CONT.D)	to go semplece etse. There were econstens where I had		earlier that we didn't want zippers, I think, because
	a simpler way of restraining myself. These shows were		I was worried about the fit, and also failure modes. It
	precty simple. You know, I would have done it because		scened to me, a lace to an easy and accustomed thing.
	it almost got to be a tradeoff; the amount of time was		Could we have shoes in the future like boots where the
	the same. It took me longer to do it unrestrained, but l		laces are very few, all you've got is a couple of laces
	had the satisfaction of not having to go through the		to thread and tie and you're there.
	exercise of restraining and unrestraining myself.	SPEAKER	Eight laces.
SPEAKER	You mentioned that you and Paul changed shoes several	7.	Or hooks that stick into eyelets on the high weather
	times a day. The shoes were laced. I suppose, if nothing		boots.
	else, we could have a slicker way of changing shoes.	NI.	I don't know if I ever mentioned it, but I failed one of
CONRAD	We discussed that a little bit. When you put a load on		my triangle shoes. I literally tore the metal on one
1- 2	those triangle shoes, I was happy that I had high laced-up Ref. 1.52		occesion.
7	triangle shoes. I don't think that I would have liked the		
	sipper arrangement to get into those shoes because I had	SPEAKER	Under the instep?
	the feeling that the zipper would bother me, but I don't	NIA	About an inch from the toe. Yes.
	know that that's true.		
	WEITZ	Z	You said repeatedly that you didn't have any particular
VEITZ	Lacing and unlacing those shoes bugged me.	•	difficulty in handling objects and moving masses about.
CONRAD	Yes. It was a pain in the neck, but when I wanted to have		Did you ever psych out anything that you thought approached
			a series of thresholds like a family of curves in terms

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Pete, did you ever have to use your thermal gloves in	3 operating?	Yes, sir. On thene rods, you nure do or you are going to leave skin on them. They're cold.	But those gloves are quite adequate.	You noticed no damage when you were installing S149?	That's right, but neither did I look especially hard for	any.	Any problem on factering the rods with each other when	they were cold like that?	но.	No. I think that you pick up moisture on the thread.	It's a little harder to screw the rods back on now than	it was from the very first time when it was super clean	and never had any moisture on it. I don't know whether	they had any dry lube on them, but that's just a subjective	comment.	When you put the hand off, did you have a chance to look
SPEAKER	Ref. 1.53	CONRAD	WEITZ	SPUKKER	WEITZ		SPIJAKER	Α-	ZLIEN 28	COWRAD						CIPECKER

At the sunshields, either on the outside or inside? If

•	OK, everybody kept showing their toes into the triangle	floo! When we were wearing those things to gain footholds.	It's abraiding that general area area around the last and	around that scle.	Did-'t we wear them back?	We work them back, yeah, you ought to have those up.	You ought to look at them.	The last time we saw the clothes they were locked in the	coment midule and-no-yes, and the boots are in them.	They are. the boots are in them, the way we taped them up.	To stop them from wearing after we realized they were wearing.	We taped them up with gray tape. There's an awful lot of	photographs around. I think you can find that will show those.	In the ODAE, how many batteries	Wait, let's go to the other shoes, right?	Well, were all done talking about them.	You all satisfied with the damage to the other shoes? You	got the photographs of where they wore out in the heels?	מות אוונו רובל אסוב חתר זון רוב רסבס:	The triangle shoes you're talking about?	Yes 9	1
	CDF:				PLT:	CDR:	PLT:	68 :						SPEAKER:	CDR:	SPEAKER:	CDR:			SPEAKER:	COR:	
						Ref. 1.54									<u>-</u>	~						
SL-2. SWS - SYSTEMS DEBRIEFING SL-2 CRFW DEBFLEFING (SYSTEMS) Tape 1 - Side 1	OK, cram provision area.		What was the nature of the soft boot campe?	Soft boot?	Yeah, the gold	The gold boots	There is apparently a teflon sole inside that forms the	sole of the shoe, right? It locked like a piece of teflon	about 1/8 of an inch thick and we justover which $lpha_i$ sewed	this gold PBI or whatever it is, and it just wore thiough.	In the toe area?		Around the toe, yes.	What that teflon is, it gives you a toe cap to give you	some body down there in the end of it. It was put in there	irea and not back up around the instep	Yeah, yeah.	You call that junction, you knøw, that's the last, right.	You got a sole and onto the sole you have sewn the body	of the shoe.	Right	·
SL-2 CREW	SPEAKER:		SPEAKER:	coR:	PLT:	CDR:	PLT:				CDR:		PLT:	SPEAKER:			PLT:	COR:			SPEAKER:	
		-	→										A-29	9								

-	SPEAKER. Yest, Joe made some connents on some of the tapes there	that he didn't use the gloves. We were wondering if there	was any other article of clothing that you really didn't	Ting a need for. SpT: No. I think the reason that I didn't use the aloves was I		hot or cold stuff to handle. They were good for that. Pete	and Paul used them for that and I wouldn't eliminate them.	CDR: We used them both for heat protection when we went down	there in the very beginning and everything was pretty damm	not down there and we had to use them on seven	rod retract on S-073.	CPEAKER. Just not one muse discrion		PLT: Well, besides the clothing module, now there may be some	lockers in there, right? Besides the crewmen's clothing	module, what other articles of clothing are included in that	question? :f. 1.55		t PLT: OK fine. We used everything.	CDR: Let me tell you what we did with some of them. We had	different options on the underwear. But we had the feeling that we, one would have liked to have had more underwear	1
•	So theye's one a drift in the webicin some place and there's	eleven stoned and they're all good.	They're all functional?	They're all good.	Was Joe the only crewman to pressurize the hypertensive	garment? Was the decay in the first 15 minutes or was it	continuous?	It was continuous. I believe I was the only one to pressurize	it, other than as a test. That is, briefly. I know, Pete,	briefly pumped his up just to see if it would hold pressure.	and immediately pumped it down again. Didall get a door	check.	That was in flight?		Mine was a slow, continuous decay.	Last question. What was considered the most unused item	of clothing?	The most unused?	The bump hat.	None. I usedeverybody used everything. We used the ration.	Only thing I didn't use were the gloves. I never used the gloves.	,
			SPEAKER:	CDR:	SPEAKER:			SPT:			Α	-30	GR:		SPT:	SPEAKER:	-	SPT:	PLT:	COR:	SPT:	

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and would have liked to have had more socks. Now, I had some different combinations like they had long ones, and I cut them off at the knecs to make then like the knee-length ones and used them that way. You know, so I, we all used everything that was in there. We, matter of fact, the one thing that.I hadn't seen which was a great help to me was the inventory card. I'd never seen the inventory card before, and I used the inventory card to manage the clothes through and I used the inventory card to manage the clothes through

We have another question pertaining to clothing trying to get a handle on configuration of T-shirts, PBI shirts and so forth. Sometimes you had only the T-shirt, sometimes

SPEAKER:

both, and sometimes perhaps, the PBI alone. Could you guess at what temperature you found it necessary to get rid of the PBI shirt and have the T-shirt only?

A-31

CDR: Oh

PLT: That's going to vary from individual to individual, I'm sure mine is lower than Pete's.

SPT: Somewhere above 75 degrees.

SPEAKER: Above 75?

SPT: I would feel more comfortable with just a T-shirt. Ideally, if you were running 68 or 70 degrees, you would probably

wear them both. You would wear the T-shirt to absorb perspiration and the PBI shirt over that.

FLT: That's right, from a strictly--

SPT: But it was too hot a lot of times to do that.

SPEAKER: When you made the decision to wear the T-shirt only,
a-parently there's a comment that the PBI shirt only is
uncomfortable. Could you expand on that a little bit?
What is uncomfortable about it? Does it--

1.55

Ref

CDR:

It doesn't absorb moisture.

SPEAKER: It's a temperature thing then rather than an irritation

SPT: You know how clammy those artificial fabrics can be if you sweat under them. It was that.

CDR: I used a different scheme. I normally slept in my I-shirt

and used that as something to sleep in and, normally, except when it got very hot, I always wore the FBI alone during the day. I cycled that way, I'd wear the PBI during the day and a cotten I-shirt in the sleeping bag at night.

SPEAKER: When you were wearing the PBI by itself, you found that unacceptable?

CDR: When I got hot, it gets clammy.

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SPEAKER: SPT: CDR: Ref. | 1.55 But it's one that even you can understand, right? (laughter) saw it. It was OK, it wasn't as comfortable as the T-shirt, and also when you were wearing it just over your skin it And the original (laughter). That's not a medical term, I wore it by itself a lot and--here's the problem as I would get dirty quicker and get smelly. Paul. (laughter) Stink P.T. SPT: SPT: 7

The original plan was to make the PBI shirts go four days by wearing a T-shirt under them.

SPT:

So, you'd wear the PBI shirt a couple of days and it would get stinky and then I'd wear the T-shirt for a day or two. But that was pretty warm most of the time. Unh hunh SPEAKER: SPT:

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in issue of what are we going to do about that. We're trying-it doesn't meet the flammability requirements and there is now, you know, if you are going to wear the I-shirt alone, Well, of course it's based on the issue that's before us Could you dye it brown so that you wouldn't know the SPEAKER: SPT:

Quit# taking pictures, you know, it's easier that way. SPEAKER:

difference. (laughter)

Don't worry, we commented that we were going to get static on that when we got back.

the bike in our underwoar. And taking our chances. And I guess for the period of time that's involved there, that's Yeah, and the other business was for exercise and/or M-171 on the bike. The brown pants and the PBI shirt were just too damn warm on that as you saw, we all wound up riding acceptable, in my opinion.

OK, that's all I have.

some comment about the T-shirts, the possibility of needing Hey, let me ask another question. At one time I remember a long sleeved I-shirt. SPEAKER:

OK, that's me. I run cold all the time. When I was operating up in the MDA for four passes on the ATM, I'd get pretty cold down. I'd get pretty cold, so that was an individual comment. up there but it runs about 62 or 63 up there with the heaters close to your skin, you know. You wear that jacket and it's the cuffs in it but in zero-g everything tends to float off. You're just sitting at that panel, completely powered I-shirt or cotton only because that's the stuff that stays there were occasions I'd get cold enough up there where I out. My arms used to get a little cold sitting up there, I would have liked to have had a long sleeved shirt like g

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wore the gloves to keep my hands warm. But that's an	individual thing again. That's another reason I preferred the	three-quarter length cotton underdrawers. If I had to do	over again, and I was kind of test hopping those boxer shorts.	I didn't really think I was going to like them. I didn't	like them, because, I wore them but I didn't like them because	they bulge out all the time. I like the knoe-length cotton	underwear. If I were going to do it over again that's ali	1 d but in these for underdrawers.
------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------

1.55

Ref.

PLT: I got a question. What do you guys pack those clothing modules with, the same ram you pack the main chutes with? (laughter)

Man. I pulled that first pile of stuff out ----Pulling the first one out with a lot with it, you'd never

PLT:

ë A-33 you can handle anything in there.

get it back in again. You gotta get to about day 14 before

SPEAKER: Was that a real problem?

PLT:

No, except like Pete said--I tried to pull one set of skivvies out and got the whole section out. I wound up with clothes in two lockers for about half--fourteen days.

Either that, or if you pull a pair of socks out they grow to about size 98 (laughter) as you're pulling them out and holding everything else in.

CDR:

SPEAKER: OK. Thank you very much. That's 1t.

SPEAKER: Will you have a comment on the suit donning and doffing difficulties. Is it better to have a donning station, or is it better to try to put them on in the airlock, or better to use the buddy system, or--

I think what we had was adequate, and my suggestion is you look at the movies. They'll answer all the questions better than we can.

COR:

PLT: Yeah. Foot restraints with a buddy to help you is what it boils down to.

CDR: They worked out fine.

PLT: Yeah, I don't think you need other hand holds around, or any-

thing else.

3

The buddy does not need foot restraints. You know how we used to do it in one-g and figure we'd have to put the foot restraints facing each other and work that way. It turned out that the guy that's putting the suit on locks his feet with those pins in the foot restraint and the other guy just free floats and stuffs him in there. I think the movies will answer all your questions.

SPEAKER: OK, fine and dandy, let's go on to the guidance, now.

		22		2
	SPEAKER:	Ver 'est 1355 and spares conveniently located?		would have useded super up there if you well? We carry a
	PLT:	That's another chicken and egg kind of question.		bush of tests around with yes. Who follows but this
		connect now 3) tests of sisters and becomes the as not as sist		
•	: מ)	tools, the pockets on my pants were more than adequate.
			NE1. 1.37	I put them in theme and eway I'd go and do it.
		you were down and hack.	SPEAKER:	You had no problems getting to the tools or
	SPEAKER:	Were tool tethers needed on any of the IVA tasks that you	CDR:	Well, I really felt it was easier opening the zipper on
Ref.	Ref. 1.56	saw? Do you feel that they would have been handy?		the one packet, than it was trying to sort through the
	PLT:	No, I think I wouldn't have used them. I wound up sticking		rubber, you know, the whole thing and I mean, i
		. them in my pocket anyway.		think everybody tried to do the best job they could on the
			•	ton't caddy, but it really didn't come out the way ?
_	SPEAKER:	We noticed that for cidn't use the tool caddy much.	-	envisioned it. What I still envision, if you wanted to
Α-		apparently, from while we've read on the		use a device like that, is that him of leather half that
34	PLT:	I used it. You didn't use yours at all did you? And		just has the slide pockets and they are friction hold.
		Joe and I used it on the first activation day, which would	Cuk:	You think that would have worked?
		have been mission day three, I guess.		•
	CDR:	. Yeah. Let me say something about the tool caddy. We	P.T:	I don't think you need it.
		- 5	CDR:	Yeah, I don't think you need it either, unless again, you're
		it for zero-g, and I have the feeling that the reason I		considering future design where you got more maintenance
_		didn't use it is because I didn't like it down on the ground.	_	tasks that are more complicated. A guy is going to have
		If you look at the telephone pole lineman's leather belt		to carry more tools around with him.
		that he essentially just friction slides his wrenches and	SPOAKER	In which case, you might want to have just a kit that you
		pliers and things in which you can buy in a store. That	J	carry.
•		135		136
			-	,

Time: 212:20:00 to 212:21:30 Page 1 of 5 / 275 TAG Tape 212-11/T-44

TAG Tape 212-11/T-44 Page 4 of 5/278

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Okny, thank you, Story. We got this Si49 retructed, and we got the SAL door closed, but we can't get the rod pulled through the panel all the way so that we could get the latch - latch to mate. We think maybe it's just cold and we're going to around and wanted to go off by itself very readily.

If we - if there hadn't been somebody on the end for it it would have gone right on out. So we're going to be very careful of that. That's just a note. Okay, now - we can't get the rod - the last pulling that in that it really wanted to go off by itself. You really got to hold on to that thing and make sure you get the dobr closed. 30 seconds to LOS. We will see you over Vanguard in 10 minutes and we should have the answers then power cables, of which there are a total of eight, may be found in D-435, D-440, or possibly in use And no need to acknowledge. The utility gloves are located in your clothing module. The utility Skylab, Houston, through Vanguard. We've got you coming in far enough. And we noticed as we were rod - rod A, pulled back far enough so that when let it warm up for awhile so we could pull in a Okay, Story. I was working uh the checklist for little further. It lacks about an inch of - ofSl49 retract. And one little interesting thing we noted was that it suddenly started pulling And as we go over the hill, leave the drug cans Yes, we're still working now. We've got about Jack, we need some clarification on your S149 at D-407; that's above the ring lockers. in 732, that's fine for now. Okay, copy that. for 9 minutes. operation. Thank you. Okay. PLT SP PLT PLT ပ္ပ ဗ ន ပ္ပ ဗ ႘ 212 20 33 03 22 212 20 35 20 212 20 32 2.5 Ref. transfer two drug cans to 706, but 706 is completely Boy, it's an amazing view of the San Francisco
Bay area. It's - looking out the window while
I came over to talk to you here, Dick - perfectly
clear. You can see the whole breadth of the place. use Got a few questions for you. First, where are the no label and is no locker. I suspect it's a location on the floor or something like that, and yesterday, the clips and springs were to be taken off and stowed at a location which apparently has We've got you stateside for 14 use on page 2-5 of the Student Project Checklist my question is where do these springs and clips go that were used for MI72 calibration? to hook up the light to the ED52 experiment. Similarly, on the preceding page 2-4 it calls for the photography of that experiment. And apparently we've not received any pags for the of the DAC and you could - you might run down that for me so that I could complete something the Biomed Checklist out with me right now, but And we need to know where full. We stuck it in 732 temporarily, waiting your recommendation. And we need to know where Those power cables I'm going to And one more while we're on the subject of not when I finished calibrations of the BMMD M172 utility gloves? Second, we were supposed to I don't have the utility power cables are stowed. enough things that we can find. SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION Okay, we'll be right with you. Skylab, Houston. else by ED52. Okay, Owen. minutes Okay. CDR SPISP SP ខ្ល ပ္ပ ပ္ပ ပ္ပ ပ္ပ 212 20 09 09 212 20 10 58 07 41 Ref. 2.1 8 212 A-35

Okay.

TAG Tape 214-12/T-71 Page 2 of 6 45r

TAG Tape 215-01/T-72 Time: 215:05:06 to 215:04:00 Page 1 of 3/561

CXYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION	We copy what you say and understand it's inop. I've got an answer for you on that EDS2. ** Sent up a general messag: - a pormunent peneral message earlier today. It was permanent general message number 2, which dealt with the processor.	for ED52. And our intent was for you to run that as a shopping list item. Do you know the messare I'm talking about?	No, I'm afraid I don't, Bob. I'll go look it ur, though.	Okay. It was permanent general message number 2 and the message number on it was 0635. If that'll help. And if there's a problem with it - if it's lost or anything, well, we can always retransmit it. And	Roger, I'll check it. Though you.	Okeydoke. And if somebody could turn off EXPERIMENT 1 and 2 TAPE RECORDERS for us we would	appreciate it.	I'll go do it.	Also, for the CDR. I've got a question on his gloves. And we were all fouled up.	Stand by.	Go shead.	Okay. Al, all of the gloves are in D-416. They are in a contingency clothing module up there.	D-416. I'll go find them. Thanks.	Yes air.	Also, you gentlemen, I think, had a question earliter regarding the Mill tally cards as to whether you could erase them or not. We would prefer for you to not. We've had a - somewhat of a data
MAX	215 00 00 02 CC		Ids		Ids	55		215 00 00 51 SPT	ઇ	Ref. 2.4	CDR	33	CDR	သ	8
automatic trigger the way it's suppose to. I haven't heard anything about it since then, but as a minimum, of course, we could an ablead and	release those spiders into the cage and then take still photographs of any activity that might be produced, if they spin a web - if she spins a web. And I'm wondering if you've had any thoughts about that in the last 48 hours or so.	Okay, I'll see if we can get some words to you on that, Owen. Also	And I suspect we don't want to leave it in the vial too long.	Right. You are absolutely correct. Regarding your comment earlier on the unable [sic] to get displays except on BUS 2 off the ATM C&D, I guess we would like you to check the discuit breakers for the inverter lighting control assembly number 1 and AC-1 on the ATM C&D at your conven-	ience.	Now that you mention it, I believe number ; is open; I'll go check it, yes.	Okay. And, CDR, when you get a chance, if you	could give us an update on the condensate holding tank dump, we would appreciate it.	Reger, Crip. The dump's complete. I am now putting a vacuum on the tank.	Okay, we copy that.	Crip, we just had our dinner, and I'm getting		just spent about 10 minutes completely taking everything out of my clothing module, and I can't	find any utility gloves in there, although, I agree with you; they are suppose to be in there.	Wonder where they might be.
		SS	Lds	8 A-36		214 23 29 52 SPT	214 23 30 24 CC		214 23 30 45 CDR	22	CDR		Ref. 2.3		

TAG Tape 215-02/T-73 Page 4 of 11/408

TAG Tape 215-05/T-76 Page t of 6/488

Story, we were checking our Flight Plan trying	i ch		Stand by 1.	And the teleprinter paper is changed. You might give it a try and make sure she's all working right from the ground.	Okay, I copy that, Owen. And did you all find the SO54 timer that was wrapped up in a sock in A-9?	Not yet.	Окау.	CDR, Houston.	Go ahead.	Okay. At present, we got a standard on-orbit	day for you, including probably an EREP pass, an M092/171, a 131, and a couple corollaries.	That's tomorrow?	Yes, sir. And also about four ATM orbits.	Okey, that's good. Just trying to get our things	straightened out up here in our minds so we know where we are and what we're doing. Good.	Ok ey.	And Skylab, no need to reply, but we're looking at day 10 or 11 for your EVA, and we're fluctuating between those to because of a network those two because the network the network that the network t	pass over the United States and Africa on day 10.	That's great, we'll be ready.	Okay.
G			ප	SPT	ນ	GO.	ဥ	7 03 CC	COR	ខ		COR	8	CDF		႘	ខ		CDR	ខ
			•		Ref. 2.8			215 13 07 03												
Okay, I'll see - see - if I can get you an anaver for that one.	We're just - we're wondering if it ever came up for sure. We can't find it anyhow.	Fairly certain it was on board. We'll - we'll try to get you a specific answer on that		I wouldn't be surprised if there are three of four items that are stashed somewhere right now Where we can't exactly put our fingers on them, of all the hundreds we moved in here.	Yes, that's a pretty big place to keep track of it all. We're about 1 minute from	Yes, I'm going to open a clothing store when I leave the program. We've got enough clothes up	mere to full one, 1.11 tell you.	Sounds like it. We're about 45 sectius from LOS now, Al. And, next pags is at Astronaism -	be als	your med - medical conference.	Okay. By the way, I tried everything that you mentioned on SO73. Every single thing.	none of it was workable. I put it - I put in the shorting plug and put it into DECREASE	and that's where it sets right now.	Noger.	I banged it a lot on the sides. Could charge the trunnion, but never the shaft.	Okeydoke. That timer was in A-9, by the way.	And the next pass is going to be, after Ascention, is Guan at 02:35, and I've got some news for you there if you'd like it.		ke'll be waiting to hear from you. What's our wake-up time tomorrow morning?	
22	.15 01 45 36 CDR	ეე	au		ວວ	_{сря}		215 01 46 08 60			ਲੌ A-3	7	ç		015 01 46 39 CDR	215 01 46 43 60		CDR		

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satisfied the other day when - before we got the sail up when it was hitting around 75 to 80. It was a little warm, but it cooled off after we got the lights off and so forth. And it warmed up in the lights off and so forth. And it warmed up in the afternoon, and we circulated around in here with everything from full trousers and shirts to skivvies and - and seemed to feel quite confortable temperature-wise in any of those clothes. Humiditywise, it's fairly dry in here. Our noses are dry and - and do some bleeding still after 2 werks in the mission. Lips are dry and are not really not the verge of getting chapped. One hice thing is that it doesn't take you long to dry off after exercise. You don't swent much and stink a lot. It doesn't smell like a locker room in here. Al is -	stink like a locker room (laughtor). Let's hope it doesn't (laughter) We have some disagreement on the small. It doesn't smell like a locker room (laughter), but frequently like an outhouse (laughter). We haven't lost cur sense of humor, anyway; but smalls don't seem to persist too much in here for some reason since we've fairly decent airflow, which is the next subject. The airflow, I think, does help to	maintain the - the corfortable atmosphere, and, of course, that's also what causes all the junk to collect on the screen certrifuge collector and that kind of thing. And slightly, they are retained in a miserable sort of a container	I was just commenting that the silverware needs a better container. Something that will really hold them in. The ones we've got, they float out every time we open the door. Also something that you can clean and keep clean and have ready access to. That's a particularly bad-designed object. Something else that we use a lot are these little spring burgees. We just stretch them across the lockers and stick everything behind them. 50 it looks like to me that if we make one of these things.
-	CDR SIT 222 02 30 40 FLT		222 02 32 31 SPT 222 02 32 46 PLT
Okay. Let's talk a little bit about the liphting. It seems to me that the light is dim but adequate, except for a few times. One, when you wan! to deloscup work like repair an itum, and whenever that happens, then you usually have bright light everywhere, but you can sit on your head. I think something like that so that you could a something like that so that you could so get if you wanted to do some fine work down in the dark holes where you can't afford a lot of light and waste the light. Secondly, we need bright light in certain arecs. For example, we need it in the head. When you're shawing, you can't see your face. You've got a light	bulb on the ceiling and you can't see the whickers that are down on your neck. We need to get somesome rea - real bright lights for the head, for example. We need to get some bright lights any place that you're going to be looking in mirrors. And those two items, I think, would make the lighting seem much, much more useful. Asso, if there's a place where you're going to do a lot of reading or writing, bright lights are - are really called for. The kind of lighting as have in here is probably just enough for the	These lights are very safe. You have the feeling that you're not going to break them if flip out in the air. They're nice and soft. They're not hard to look at.; Everything about them is good, except we just need a little more brilliance at some points.	indise is not an objectionable factor, to me, at any rate. Temperature is - been running - What is it? Around 75 now? 70 to 75. It depends on where you are and where the sensor's located. This one says 70 over my head here, so it's 70 to 75 in the spacecraft, which for me is quite comfortable. Al likes it a little coaler, and Owen likes it all right. I was fairly well
222 02 27 14 CDR	A-38	222 02 28 28 CDR	1 ()

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Ref. 2.13	it's easier to stick stuff in your pocket and - or put in a bug. The caddy is just - is an open pock-ct. It doesn't seem to have any big advantage.			long-legged pants is superb. It works great. We use them a lot, and should not be changed. Shirts are good, sackets are good, and it's cool enough
73 19 47 25 CDR	Portable fan, so-so. It doesn't have enough blowing force and I'd give it - by the way, let me back up. On sleep restraint, I'd give a very good, or adequate. Needs more work, but it's on the right track. Trash airlock, I'd have to give a poor. Vacuum cleaner, poor. Wardroom table (noneating uses), I'd have to give it poor to adequate. It has no restraints or any other things. You put the top on there and try to put a book down, you got to so age the humans.		•	best. I think the only bad thing about the clothes are the pockets for the acissors, the pocket for the knife. We should have made a flap that held them down with veloro about twice as big, so as to get some Veloro grip. We're always losing scissors and knives because they get banged out of our pockets as we go through hatches. Light baffle works vell; no complaints. By the way, I give works vell; no complaints. By the way, I give excellent, I guess.
23 19 48 14 CDR	It just - doesn't make a good desk. And we do need something of that nature. Tool caddy, I'd give it a poor and not needed. Portable fan, I'd give poor to adequate - needed, but not used because it's too much trouble to have that blowing up there. ODAE kit - that's a good thing, particularly the music. Everybody likes it. The only problem	-	. 223 19 50 19 CDR	Privacy curtains, seems to work okay. Doesn't block completely the light and - nor the We need a place where everybody can go and close the door and the sound quits, noise quits, and he doesn't have any other problems after that. Play his music as loud as he wants, and nobody hears it. Privacy curtain does not do that. For that reason, I'd give it - a poor. This is the CDR. All that past information goes to 487 experimenters.
A-39	drive the tap man and won on whose rolliers that drive the tapes all the time because they wear out. Suggest an improved tape drive, or if not, multiple spec - special rollers which you snap on. So when your roller quits working and driving, you took off the old, snap on a new one, and press on. Their cleaning and drying and fooling around with driving working hours takes come time and it is a standard to house takes come time and it is a standard to the same and and and a standard the same time and a standard the same takes come time and a standard the same tables are same time and a standard the same tables are same tables and a same tables are same tables are same tables and a same tables are same tables are same tables are same tables are same tables and a same tables are same tables are same tables are same tables and a same tables are same	-	223 19 50 52 CDR	487-34 completed at this time, I think, 51 - CDR out. TIME SKIP
	1) - 1 T M		223 20 29 28 PLI	PLT on channel A for the ATM people. I notice that the prominence emanating from active region 85 which I've been noting for some time has, in the last few minutes, disappeared. Time now is 20:30. I would say it has disappeared in the
23 19 49 09 CDR	Garments, garments are good. We got enough - sufficient garments. And they fit well; the only problem I can see with the garments is there's	->	223 20 29 59 FLT	last 5 to 10 minutes. End of message.
Ref. 2.14	no convenient loops on them the size - the snaps that are the same size as the stuff on the wall, so that you can snap holders, strings to it, and carry things about.		223 20 33 14 PLT	Okey, space fens; this is Jack again on channel A for the ATM folks. Here's something you might want to incorporate in the simulator. I notice! on the last series of frames - pictures for SOS4,
23 19 4 9 31 CDR	Srall sized books fit well in the pocket. The large ones don't and you just try to attach it to the string and if that string doesn't really attach, it's not convenient anywhere. The concept of short - short sleeves and short-leg and long.			a exposure reading 256. That's the nifty little timer that We got, timed out about 10 seconds

Wardroom tables for noneuting uses, don't use thermuch for mything but eathing. So the fiels historic stowed up there in the top. Once in a while, we put the lid dom on the food table - Food trage, and do some checklist changes and stuff on them and you always have to hold things down. So if there's some kind of little spring or serebilist over top of the - the some kind of eachilist paper retention device on top of the substract table, why it would be a plus; it's desirable, but not mandatory.	Tool caddy, I haven't used it but once. Never usually get enough tools out at one time. When I got a lot of tools out, why I used it. But otherwise, I'm mostly sticking them in my pocket. The time I did use it, hovever, it went very well. Then once I didn't tie it around my waist so I just carried it in for the VTR changeout and stuck it underneath something and hooked the tools to it.	Portable fans - pertable fans; we put two of them. They work very good. One of them workshop air into the cooler MDA area. It runs all the time, night and day. Doesn't make any noise. Puts out a fairly good airflow, and and doesn't seem to get hot. Those portable fans are made for long life. One other port - portable fan we use is the one we hook on the ceiling in the experiment compartment to point at the guy who's riding the bike to keep him cool. And it works very wark wall for the runners.	ODAE kit, I guess that must be - Hey! Jack entertainment kit.	Okay. The entertainment kit. The only thing that's got any use is the tapes. We have a busted tape recorder in the wardroom there. And we'ld sure like it to be working. The other tape recorders, I don't give them a real good rating. The cne l've got doesn't seem to play very vell. The tone quality isn't real good. I think the tapes are better than the tape recorder is telling me. I clean it every once in a while; but it doesn't
	6 PLT	114	2 PLT CDR	PLT
203 23 35 59	223 23 36 36 Ref. 2.16	223 23 3700	223 23 37 42	
	I like them, but whatever position they are, they tend to come out of the grid in the locked position; frequently have to reach down and twist them around to line them up so they'll go in the next time. But the triangle shoe cleats are great and I haven't used the conical shoe cleats at all. I haven't tried them. I might mention that one	around the film valid. There's nothing there to hang on to. That film valid: There's nothing there to hang on to. That film valid is just a big square object and you just can't grab on. You dor'have any triangular shoes on and you're pretty much out of luck in that film-valid area. Frequently go up there with our socks on late at night and put cameras away early in the morning, before you get your triangle shoes on, and it's a real unhandy place to be without handholds or or foot restraints.	Portable Fish foot restraints - correction - ATM foot platform is very good. I use it all the the vhen I'm at the ATM, but don't use the chair. And I always have myself anchored by one foot at the ATM.	Portable PGA foot restraints are - I tried for-getting this. I'd rate them excellent. The extra little pins that were put in there to keep the feet in there, the PGAs down there by themselves were a very good position. And the portable foot restraints worked very well in suiting up, and they also worked very well in suiting up, and they also worked very well on the PWA the other day when we carried a set outdoors to put up the sail.
Ref. 2.15	C23 23 14 26 PLE	A-40	23 23 15 13 PLT	223 23 15 31 PLT

1AG Tape 225-01/T-195 Pare h of 5/1334

Sorry, I couldn't hear you.	You can turn the tape recorder off between your marks.	Okay, good. Thank you.	And on the TV down here, we're seeing everybody vearing jackets. Are you cold up there?	It's a lot cooler.	I slept under a double blanket - in other wirs, the one that pulls up from my feet - last night for the first time. I think Juck Hid too.	Окау.	A couple of notes on this last AT; pass. I did a shopping list item 1, a JOP 12D, step 1, a two-limb and 55 alignment, and a shopping list 16, over on the east limb. I believe it was not a prominence - not the prominence associated with active region 85, however. Now on this two-limb	alignment, I've spent quite a bit of time poing between the North and South Poles here - or up and down the upper and lower limbs, and I believe that 0932 is a better aligned position than 0632. And I think we'll switch over to that - coaligned line, if y'all are in agreement on the ground.	We'll let you know, Oven.	It turned out the H-alpha radius to the inner limb is just about 1 arc second larger than the white light radius as seen by the XW SLIT.	Pretty good instrument, huh?	Well it's sort of hard to imagine this limb's very much different in diameter with two telescopes.	Another interesting point that - Jack pointed out on the last rev and I've just reconfirmed up here; that is, the prominences are distinctly more visible in H-alpha 1 than they are in H-alpha 2. Even
CDR	30	CDR	cc Ref. 2.18	SPT	Lds	8	225 00 52 43 SPT		25	FAS	20	SPT	225 00 54 47 SPT
seem to make a lot of difference. It turns out	that I can't figure out how to use the earphones. When you plug the earphones in, it down't cut out the speakers, so you plug the earphones in and use	them but it bothers everybody. Thuse are the - some of the funkiest earphones I've ever seen and	I don't think they're much good. Although I guess they can be used. I tried it once, but I didn't think much of them. Must be a better kind of	earphone than those. We haven't used the balls in the contertainment kit; we haven't used the cards.	We haven't had a chance to read many books - any books at all. So we haven't used that; the darts we haven't used. The only thing we used out of the entertainment kit, I guess, is the tapes.	And they are a real plus and a real good addition. We frequently listen to them when we're working	at a place that our concentration permits us to listen to music. We carry the portable tape recorders around whith us and although thay don't have quite the quality I would like them to have, they are sure a heck of a lot better than nothing. And — and some of them are working better than	P 223 23 39 43 PLT Garments, I like the clothes okay. I normally don't wear a T-shirt except when I'm sleeping. I Just throw - throw on the long-sleeve jacket over my bare skin and I like the trousers okay, too.	this leg is ripped down the side so that it doesn't hold stuff very well but the pair I get next week	may be better. You need a place to keep a flash-light in the trousers but there isn't one there. It's not required, but it would have been nice if we'd have had one; put in there. Lose the scissors	4 P	put them in one of the other pockets. The scissors' pocket doesn't do the job for the scissors. 223 23 40 42 PLT Underwear. Underwear is underwear. It works okav.	

to the others. That's about the only one. Grould be warmer.	Skylab, Houston. We're going LOS. We'll see you at Honeysuckle at 22:24.	Noise level: Okay. Illumination: Foor. All illumination is directly above your heal; can't shave under your neck. You want to examine a spot on your face or something, you can't sow it worth a darn. Use not sufficient illumination and it's all way up high; shaving your neck or	anything of that kind of - depilate, if that's the word, to something else. So I'd recomment we definitely increase the arount of lighting in there for sharing, for getting specks out the eye, for all those other things. It just not satisfactory.	Sleep compartment general arrangements: It's okay. Needs to be much more soundprouf; It's very lightproof. Needs to have a chort of 11 that when greater (Lis soundproof and pivers prail privacy. Needs to have an area to harp your clothes. You use a lot of shorber in this bushness. You use clothes for when it's cuil in the MDA, when It's hot here. You get your gym clothes for exertise, and you got your sleep clothes. About the oils way you could not here to have these.	could dry out and get some air is kind of out blowing in the breeze on those little re - those little rubber restraints, which are great. And that's bad, it's be rice if you had a - schething like a closet that you could open the Joors, put	hang those things in there and the breeze would blow through and keep them dry and cool, yet they wouldn't be out blowing in the breeze. I think that's about it. Volume of compartment seems adequate; it does need a little more, like	I said, closet. But as far as where you want to sleep, it's ckay. Ceiling/floor proximity: That's okay. Ingress/eggess provisions are good. Trush collection provisions I think are satisfactory. maybe even exceptional. You don't have much trash in there.	Stowage volume and access: You got lots of stowage in there, and most of your personal equip-
	229 22 17 47 CC	229 22 17 53 CDR		229 22 18 34 CDR		229 22 19 50 CDR		229 22 20 10 CDR
tried to put it away into a bag and every time I open that locker I still smell pepper, and I've given up on pepper even though - although I'd	like to use it. Any other seasoning is too much trouble to fool		Sleep restraints need some mods. Al's got a lot of work done on it, but I sleep in mine all right, It's not bad. Trash airlock, Al always done on his own. Vacuum cleaner, I've personally not used. Wardroom table, I've not used it for any nonesting mon cally fire more well in the second or any cally in the second or any call o	out it; use my pockets. Portable fans, we use those around a little bit for cooling various things. Off-auty equipment kit, we get a tage recorder stashed around; everything else we've never used. Garments - I need more sools; thet's the only thing. I should nave thourn; 'c'ring some up, All I brought up was some starts which I probably can use, but I should have brought some sooks up. Light baffle, haven't even put it up. That privacy curtain I presume is the one in	t of each of our compartments and that to keep the light out. Zowie, I Through and I'm rocking out for now Theomething or other; it's page 3-75.	End of message. This is the CDR and this goes to EGL and I've just completed housekeeping TOD. It's on the schedule for tomorrow, but I just went ahead and did it tonight.	Let me read you the information. EPS - EPS GWS temp, 72. Pressure, 5.1 Duct airflow, 500, 500, and 550. ES - CS heater operation check, I checked them, found the bus amps were 20 and 18 and performed a complete check. Everything passed satisfactorily. The only thing different when I got	
	227 02 21 17 SPT		227 02 21 35 SFT Ref. 2.19	A-42	7.7 O 50 C C C C T T T	227 02 32 32 CDR	227 02 32 40 CDR	

The airlock itself - its arrangement: It seems to be satisfactory. During the EMAs, why you tend to float around in there and grab on to whatever you can grab on to. There's usually other items and articles floating around in there, too, and you seem to kick them and bump them. And they're hanging on tethers and getting wrapped up in your legs and wrapped up in one another. And so it's - it's kind of a bowl of spagnett! during EMA, but we've been able to manage with it all right. But I'm sure there are some improvements that can be made to - to store equipment better in airlock areas and keep it from dangling all over and provide places for people to hold on to.	MDA/STS area is arranged in a pretty hodgepodge fashion. It looks more like a boiler room than a spaceraft. Next time we build something like that, we ought to make it so things are fared in better and there's not so many nooks and crannies for stuff to get lost into; so many head knockers and sharp objects sticking out from lack of things to grab on to and to fasten yourrel! down to. The - the general arrangement of the MDA is probably more hodgepodge than any other area in the spacecraft, in my opinion.	I - In going from the airlock to the command module, seems like the orientation that you go through there - that I go through there, anyway, always winds me up direction of motion - direction of motion directly at the little table in front of the ATM. So I've always got to grab ahold of it or rotack out of the way in order to miss it. Easy to kick the ATM panel when you're going by. And so our arrangement in the MDA could have been better somehow.	Volume of the compartments is adequate, I think, except for possibly the airlock compartment. That could have been bigger. When you're sitting in there, why it gets pretty crowded with all that in there, too. And could use more room in the airlock. The rest of the compartments, the volume seems adequate. I wouldn't rake the sleep compartments any smaller than they are, and I - I can't think of any - Neither the waste
232 14 52 10 PLT	232 14 52 56 PLT Ref. 2.22	232 14 53 35 PLT	232 14 54 10 PLT

way of the vent so I get same first see, And I usually stick my shoes down there, weiged in namewhere. But really not enough stowage area in the sleep compartment.	Looks like we got enough of it in the vardroom. We're gradually using towels and things out of there, and some of those lockers could be used for other things. I've stowed the TOOE hood in one of those lockers instead of folding it up every time and putting it back where it belongs; so I take an empty locker and stuff it in there.	Now there aren't too many stowage provisions that are required in the head area. The compartment where you keep the fecal - used fecal bags is a little too small. Seem to be emptying that thing all the time; seems like it's always full. And so that could have been a bigger area. I reelly don't stow much there.	In the experiment compartment, you don't stow much extra stuff there, either. And stowage volume that we do have appears adequate. The area - We'll get things out of there all right when you need them. Up in the forward dome, we're starting to use that extra stowage space up there. That stowage seems adequate. The extra things we have the extra stowage for the extra things we have the store and the extra things we have the extra things we	brought up, nowever, are stored sorrwhere on the vall or tied to this, that, and the other thing. And we don't really have a place to gut them, like extra poles for the sail and that kind of stiff is kind of just lashed down wherever you can find a place. The plenum is completely full. We got one more bag in there than the sched called for. And if you need to put more plenum bags down in there, you can probably improvise a way. But the stowage area that we have planned is completely full.	We could go around. I noticed that the cable that is fastened to the dome extends all the way around, although the cable that's fastened to the wall to hook the other end of the pol - plenum kag to is completely filled up. If you need to use more plenum area, you could take it down there and improvise, someway using the cable that goes
	PLT	PLT	PLT		F ild
←	232 15 04 29	232 15 04 50	232 15 05 11		232 15 06 05
	them unless you go through every one of them. You can't file them like you would at home, in a - in a cobinct, and just look at the sketches of them, like you would at a book to see what the title is. You got to go through the whole - the whole stash. So my suggestion is that you figure out some way		The rest of the stow - The red - Like we said, there should be more stowage aree in the sleer compartment. They're - The lockers that we do have in here that ve're not using are full of trash bags or some other thing like that, that you don't use very many of. And so if you just don't empty those lockers, they're not available for personal use.	There is no good way to stow your clothes at night. You can't stow everything on these little rubber towel holders, because it floats all over and it just kind of gets in your face and everywhere. And so you need somewhere to stow your clothes. It would be nice to have a locker to dump those clothes into. And normally what I do is I roll up my shirt and stick it behind the SIA and the light to wedge it in there. An my trousers — I roll them up, throw them in the trash compartment. And then I got	0.5 73
ria s	PLT		<u> </u>	23 .	
232 15 02 33	232 15 02 53		त ६० ११ ८ १८ ८ १८	Ref. 2.23	

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	1163	SKYLAB	SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRAHSCRIPTICH
	do your work, to - to change your unine drawer out,	241 13 35 42 CDR	Hello, Houston.
	to change the fect. Out're just continually them in the fecal dryer. You're just continually floating around there. You can't even hold your-	ນ	Hello, how did you know we were here? For the contraction through Hawaii for 7 minutes.
	self down to write the well in order to write on the yourself against the well in order to write very little chart we've got in there. And it's very little chart we've got in there. And it's very little chart we've got in there. And it's very little to provide your party of the signal or we would be seen to have	CDR	Oh, we know everything up here. It als forces we're looking down and getting the sparific vivo. You got to read that - You got to read that
	aint devices	20	Okay.
	need any. And of the MDA. We've got a good devices in the MDA. We've got a good restraint device in front of the EREP and in front of the ATM panel with the triangle gridwork. However, any other place that you want to work, you got to wran your legs around things.	241 13 36 06 CDR Ref. 2.27	Wanted to mention something we were doing that you might pass on to the housekeeping folks that might make it a little easier to Jerry Carrere. One of the things we're doing is we got a bag over on the wall by the 131 equipment
232 18 57 36 PLT	If you want to take pictures of TV out the window, if you want to work on S192, or if you want to work on the - do the VTS or any other place you want to		which is our rag dag, and the like, which is almost shirts and shorts and the like, which is almost every day, since everything's thrown away, we but them in that bag. Sometimes it gets too full
4-45	go in the MDA, there's just nothing to grab onto. You've got to find - find your - some place to wrap your legs around. And so MDA-wise, the re- straint devices are something that has to be improved	_	and we shoot it out the trash airlock. But there's always some rags in there; so when it comes time to water clean, or wipe or something like that, we usually go over there and find a clean t-shirt we are nair of shorts or something like that
232 18 58 06 PLT	omfort: The temperature has been qui oory in here. It was a little warm in how when we first got here; the sail		and most of the time they're fairly clean be- cause we change them so frequently - and use that instead of trying to do all that cleaning with these tissues. And maybe they ought to put
Ref. 2.25	care of that. It gets cool in the night when we're care of that. It gets to the stuff is powered down. sleeping and most of the stuff is powered down. Wind up putting a little extra blanket over late man man MMA is always quite cool,		that as one of the regular plans because it sure makes cleaning a lot faster. I think it gets thinks a lot cleaner. You sure get them a lot dryer.
	in the mornings, and the form of and it's unconfortable to come up here, matter of fact, for me anyway, without any - or in my underfact, for me sanyway, without any - or in my underfact, which is sometimes the way you work up here		cleaning up with a reg than it is with one of those little 2-by-6 tissues.
	because you have to work up here just before you because you have to work up here to get the pads go to bed. And you come up here to get the pads and do some other things. So the WDA is a little cool but tolerable; in fact, sometimes a pleasant place to come when things get a little warm down	241 13 37 21 CC	Okay, Copy, Al. And while we're on that Subject and SL-4, we noticed on the dump tape tha Yest requested a head-mounted light source. Have You tried out the head-mounted light on - in the INEX Kit?
232 18 58 57 PLT	in the workshop. Whenever you get the high-intensity lights on down	CDR	No. We probably ought to. I'll get it and try it out sometime today.
	×	8	Окау.

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but at least I don't have any trouble eating it.
And i'm not complaining about that part, but I
would like to substitute the tuna if you can find something that would work.

SIT

our menus were supposed to be. This relates to at least the optional salt and perhaps the other items that are included. And this is perhaps a question for - others, Deana and Jean, than yourselves. And And the third item is - relates to the general con-Mike Whittle or some of the others involved in the as oue cards are, at the present time, inaccurate, I'd like to know why this was not brought to our tent of our menu cue cards. I suspect by now you planning for our menus. But I would like to know what is being planned to make our menus correct, have heard that there is some descrepancy between what is on our menu cue cards and what in reality if so, you can relate it to them, like Malcolm or attention before, and what is planned to be done

This is the end of the message to Mcs. Deana San-ford, Miss Jean Reid and they will wirchlate it to others as appropriate.

SPT out, SPT 237 21 46 01

SP.

A-46

SP Ref. 2.28 237 21 46 57

it's supposed to be completed at the end of 30 days or 28, except for socks. Now socks I would have I get one pair of socks about every 3 days, because a couple of them are on long handles and other stuff there, Ed; got a couple of things to mention to you all that good stuff. And it was too late for us to halfway through my first clothing pack, even though and some of this relates to Bill and Jerry also, So first one relates to clothing, About the last 3 weeks before launch, why, they came around to say, "What more clothes you wart? Pete's group figure out, properly, what we really needed. Now it turns out what Jack and I really need is socks. needed more; we're about ready to fix you up," and liked to have changed every day, and unfortunately We have more clothes up here than we can wear in a months, much less 2 months. I'm only about This is the SPT on channel A with a message to Ed Gibson over in the Astronaut office, Mello

because socks you really need. And at least as far all three of you is - is to see if you can't get more socks, and forget about the rest of the stuff as Jack and I are concerned, we got more than anythat you don't get worn. And so my suggestion to

thing else - more than we need of everything else.

ning low on film. So this really means we essentially exposed one complete exchange of film in about 12 days of fairly concentrated work. Fairly concentrated, I say, because we were catching up to about 12 ATM - correction, up to 10 ATM passes per but it'll affect all three of you, too, and that is the film - ATM film in particular. Now the ATM changeout as you know, occurred on day 28, and day on a good part of those days. I don't know how many ATM passes you all intend to get, but the point I'm trying to make is it doesn't take long with hard work to expose a complete exchange of film. Now the SOS4 canister still is in very good not reload that thing, Ed. And I expect that y'all of very thoroughly. But I'd just like to reemphasize the fact that on SO54 in particular, you ought lots of experiments omitted because they were run-And on load 2, which I just brought back in yesterday, And, of course, there's no reason in the world to to have at least one extra exchange of film to put Okay, that item applies to all three of you. And the next one is perhaps more related to you, Ed, are taking care of this or it has been taken care for about the last 3 days, we were running with we really only got into operation on day 11. in that machine.

it, you really ought to get some extra film, Ed, and I don't think it's any too soon to start worrying about that and getting it pushed through the program And then as far as 56 and H-alpha and 52 are concerned, you've known all along that those are light cameras, and I think this would be a good time to start bringing up to Kenny the fact that it only takes 12 or 13 days of hard work to expose one load size, and I understand we've already got that extra one load anyway. But on the other cameras, deggone I've expurgated your section in NRL because of the to give the solar observations a fair shake. And of film. Now with Kohoutek in edition, why, of course you're just not going to have enough film office if you can. Now -Š

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shoes, put feet in them, and stick them under there and make sure that - that that's where the Veloro begins, instead of where it ends. Send six	up for Jerry if they can. And then also the ones in the head - they're vorking better, they're not big enough for Veleros - for triangle shoes either. But the main thing in there is they're still just in	the way. They ought to try to figure some different type of restraints for in there; either on the wall	or maybe on the celling or somewhere else besides on the floor in front of those urine contain - urine	druwers, or maybe on the drawers themselves or something. They ought to have another go. We ought to learn to lick this problem in Skylab so when it comes up in shuttle, we'll have a good	answer ready. Those are really the only two restraints that seem to be bad.	Okay, got that, Al.	One thing, Story. I can't seem to get the star out	the proper angles for Adernar, siewed outer	Sawar arr the way arous say, 3300 down to 21, and it says locked up. And it doesn't go back to Where - to any new position when I let go of the stick.	Stand by 1.	Now it unlocked again. I'll try it again. Maybe	it's going to work right this time.	Jack, have you been seeing a star presence?	Yes, I get a star in the window and then I slew off a little ways and it doesn't go back to where it was - supposed to be. I doesn't matter - seems no matter where I put it, it - it just stays where I leave it and still says star.	So you're - you're seeing a star presence over a wide range of outer gimbal angle?	Yes, I got a star flag in the - on the flip-flop	Jack, you can go to AUTO right now; you're close enough, and we're a minute until LOS; we'll see you over Guam in 25 minutes.
		-		-		ວວ	238 18 25 21 PLT			20 -	PLT		238 18 26 36 CC	TI3	ລວ	PLT	DD .
Ckay. You've done a total of 31 telecants, 13 from the TV Ops Book. All of them are great; 33 of them have been broadcast.	That sounds like what we heard last night, Story. And then there were a few comments about technique, and so on.	I guess you got it already.	Thank you.	Jack, if you're through with your attempt to lock onto Alpha Crux, go ahead and select Achernar to 52012 and a 50000.	Okay, I was - I finished up the shopping list item	I wonder can a see the internal concess on the sufficiency. I wonder to active region 8 - wonder if they'd like to be another shound in the second in the s	prominence you just mentioned at 290.	Stand by.'	Jack, we'd like you to run another shopping list item number 2 on active region $\theta.$	Okey, I'll do it again.	Story, are you still there?	Yes, sir; about another 6 minutes.	How about making a surgestion to the fellows that	work on these foot; restraints? They built us some new ones to go in the wardroom here because of Pete's comments. Mainly his comments were you can't get your feet under there with triangle shoes on because they're not big enough. But we got these up have not they wonded they was not they are they have not they hav	get your feet under them when you got triangle shoes; they're too little. So, whatever design than they are constituted to the them.	they are was entant and they contact to make them the same height as the old one. There may be a foother near however	them to have another go at that and get some triangle
238 18 16 53 CC	Jds	ಖ	ras	93	PLT			e A	22 LE 61 81 8E 7	PLT	238 18 23 38 CDR	ວວ	CDR	₩ Ref. 2.29			

and the best way to get them off is just take a wet rag and wipe them down. And all this baloney about - about soaping a place and then rinsing it, then biociding it, then rinsing it again is just too much trouble with it.

PLI

01 57 28

Some of it doesn't get done and we'd probably do more of it - more cleaning if we didn't have to go through this kind of waste - make-work waste-time procedure. Okay. How adequate is the ATM chair? Never use it; don't need it; and it's sitting back in the corner somewhere out of the way.

And it's - To be honest with you, more in the way than anything else. I guess somebody - some guys may like it, but nobody in this filight ever uses it. So I can't comment on that too much since I haven't used it. I used the shoe grids only. Toebar, I don't - never noticed it was in

It's on the chair. 6 239 01 58 08

Well, it's on the chair, so that's why I never noticed it. Don't use the chair anywhere at all. So I don't have any improvement to recommend other than finding a good place to stow it that's out of the way.

239 O1 58 10 PLT

How come? PLT 239 01 58 20 ... (Laughter) Put a handle on it and ... (laughter). 8

Number θ. How comfortable are your garments in terms of fit, warmth, don/comf - doff ease? And wear - were they sufficiently resistant to tearing and abrasions? Well, let's go over that first. First things first here. How comfortable? Oh, they're plenty comfortable. I don't do anything to modify them. I just put them on. Sometimes I wear the jockey shorts; sometimes I wear the boxer shorts. I think I like to have a clean the boxer shorts. I think I like to have a clean ones we brought up, I think, were a good addition. I don't ever wear the white T-shirts except to bed at night. During the day, I don't wear the the turtleneck - what do you call it - the duress [7] clean pair of skivvies every day, and the extra

shirt either because, I don't know, it's just too warm and it doesn't have the pockets in It that the - the outer garment does, or the jacket does. The .lacket's got -

The jacket's got pockets in it. Now you can keep pencils, flashishts, and tabes, and whatever junk you picked up along the way in the pockets and and besides, the duress shirt's not fitting and it's a little warm and it's got that turileneck to increase the warmth. It looks good but it doesn't absorb the sweat much either, so I haven't used the one - one of them but one day, and and I decided not to use it any more after that. But of course, T-ahirts aren't have - don't give any final authority protection plus they don't have the pockets in them, so I wound up just wearing the jacket with no shirt under it. And it's very confortable and cool that way. I don't seet into it, so you don't get it all sweety and it's not sweat un here unless you're vorking out on the bike. And - and so I motate around that mode: trousers with a pooket full of junk and - and the jacket by itself with whatever stuff I need to pocket in them. Another thing you don't have anough of un here is socks. You should have a extra clean pair of socks for every day. I don't wear them - those longhandles at all. I don't need them, but - the temperature's just right. We were't sure about the temperature to begin with. But I don't need them to sleep in.
I prefer not to. And so underveardis, all I wear
is skivyles. Other comments: I need one pair of Socks a day, one pair of skirvies a day, one pair of trousers a week is about right, and one jacket every 2 weeks is adequate - swell.

Hey, try to ...

ê 돐 PLT

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33

Ref. 2.30

abrasion? Yes, they don't tear or abrade. I had one that the pocket came off from. One pair of trousers had the - Yes, I but that down. Were they sufficiently resistant to tearing and

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Okay. We'll put it down here and then I'll - you're right. Thirteen's going to - he's going to be ready in about 10 seconds so I'll get on it.	Going LOS in about 30 seconds. We'll see you over the Vanguard in about half an hour, at 15:43.	One thing I've noticed up here. You don't trip much.	But how about the poor head.	You don't seem to bump it either. I've been a little bit smazed. I don't think I've had a head	bump since I've been here, and I haven't heard any-body else complain. The thing you do do is skin up your fingernails and knuckles all the time.	Окву.	Skylab, AOS through the Vanguard for 10 minutes,	Hello, Story. Are you still there?	Yes, sir.	Okay. Let me tell you what we did with TO13. We ran through the calibration. I gave them five data	Marks instead of two and then at the end of that, I got the force eage mished in on the center on	both FMUs - 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40. I kept	gressing and calling out one numbers in the center and took the force gage and pushed on all three of	the board that hold down the double force units on both gages - gave them the same thing - up to 40.	Then Went around and pulled on all four corners of the on both units. And then got in all four	sides in the middle - on the side, on the edge, in	For example, if I was on the interior edge, I'd push	to the anterior edge. Now how's that for a medical talk? And if I was on the top. I'd push toward the	bottom and that sort of thing.	Okay. Copy, Al.			
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I'll be back in a second.	Okay, Thank you. Before and after dressing or something. The one that is the pocket that you -	the hip pocket that you keep the little checklist thing in. And one of them was - came loose and started tearing off. That's my problem I'm having	with them. They fit good. Pencil pocket works good and the little pocket for your PRD works	<pre>Rood, your dosingter. And it's unar curie; police back there for your scissors — doesn't work good at all. It's not big enough to keep the scissors in.</pre>	The scissors are too long for it. It keens coming loose and the scissors come out. Too much of a nuisance to hang them on a lanyard because you	them every time un putting the	other pockets. That solssors pocket is no good			mendations for improving the Farment. "Ell, 1 think they're adequate the way they are. I - I like them okey. I use my lower left pocket for	trash, junk; every place I pick up some trash I	I - I just leave it full and throw is the society	I throw away my trousers. To lower fight pounce, why, I use that for picking up equipment that I	might want to use. There's always restraints, and bungees, and stuff like that, floating around	and - and hooked to places where they are not being used, so when I see one and I know I'm going	to need it sometime, I pick it up and put it in	that pocket, I - I keep my tape and my timer in	there. Alvays need that tape. The gray tape works everywhere, so I keep some handy. Alvays	need the timer somewhere, too, so I can keep it hand, there. My right side rooket that's the		and I can't remember what ease a market ease I need to carry around. Oh, I like the garments	pretty well. The ones - the parts of them I've used. There are some I wish I had more of.	
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encountered? I think probably the urine ... on the end of the ...; ... you can. ... have to ... drops out and then you immediately have to get a ... somewhat and wipe off. Your fingers get dirty and get ... to the tissue. And with those rubber ... because you get rubber ... with urine on it. And then you have ... urine on it. I think ... could have invented a cuff with some sort of ... flows through there where it could - you could catch the ... of your ... there and ... could ... off ...

239 02 21 04 CDR

How effective and efficient are the cleanup procedures and hardware? They're okay. I think the little wet wipes are too small. In fact, ... okay. It's just that they ... nice job of ... trays, they can clean them out here and you have no problem. The procedure where you wipe stuff with just soap and water isn't as ... biocide procedure. ... clean it as good ... hospital. It ought to be able to just wash it with water and then every once in a while ... germs build up ... give it a biocide wipe ... sufficient ... clean up of biomed bases ... with the biocide. Clean up the trash area ...; other areas ... clean ...

239 02 22 07 CDR

How adequate is the ATM chair? Tried it one time, thought it would be good - ... rattled around. It's the same feeling you have in a - a - a chair that has one leg shorter than the other three. It's disconcerting, troublesome, bothersome. ... Now ... the chair wasn't clamped to a grid in front of the ATM. The fact was that the grid itself is loose, so - It's just bothersome. Now have it parked. I think it would be a good thing if it were done right and anchored down ...

239 02 22 43 CDR

How comfortable are your garments? Excellent garments. A little too many pants, a little too many jackets. One would last 28 days, certainly the jackets; pants every 2 weeks. Things don't get dirty up here. The only dirt you get on is your shirt; food and things fly at it, and sweat from your body, which isn't much up here, I notice. And sweat doesn't stink. By that, I mean - I've noticed that nobody seems to have body odor over here whether or not you use a deodorant.

Ref. 2.32

239 02 23 07 CDR

Now on Earth in the same situation, you'd smell. Our clothes got to smelling bad there — on Earth after a day or two, particularly these shirts. But here they don't. And all I can imagine is — is the fact that we just aren't putting out as many salts and minerals, or they're going some—where else, probably out in the urine. Do they tend to snag as you move? No, they're good. Pockets are not ... I like the full pockets; they give you the ability to stuff a lot of things in there ...; ... those pockets ... for different things ... and for ... less than for trash ... trash ... most likely to ... you there ... —

239 02 23 44 CC

Skylab, Houston; we're going over the hill - hill. Med conference will be at Madrid at 02:28.

239 02 23 51 CDR

-- ... My ...; my flashlight ... get to. My ... helps and my ... So I've got everything sort of where it's needed. I know where they are just a few days ... The knife pocket and scissors pocket and the ... pockets are too small. They ought to ... snap on them instead of Velcro. ... Velcro isn't much ... They need to overlap the pocket more so that things wouldn't ... opening. Actually, the opening of the scissors pocket ... trouble ... That's the recommendation I had.

I need more socks here, and I need a pair of shorts

I need more socks here, and I need a pair of shorts every other day, socks every day if possible ... us to ride on the bike - dirty socks ... do it. I think you need - triangle shoes. You need a pair of low-top triangles and a high-top pair for riding the bike. These things get hot here and there's no reason for ... The other little booties, forget them. You don't ever need them. ... socks ...

239 02 25 04 CDR

What changes have you detected in the environmental elements discussed as the last question in the first debriefing? Well, nothing. ... a little cooler since we put up the twin-pole sunshade. It's nice down here, not bad. I slept in the MDA a couple of nights. Now I don't do that any more. One thing that I have noticed is - my nose is starting to - not bleed - hadn't - blood in it - let's say, scabs in it when I blow my nose, and so finally I think that I'm adapting to the dry climate. I've noticed that I have the same

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With respect to your question on using old shirts/ shorts for general cleaning purposes, that's fine by us. But we don't want you to leave my wet items for any period of time in a rag bug. That is, if they're wet, why dispose of them in the trash airlock per plan.	Okay. That's the technique we've been using.	All right, with respect to M509, what technique do you use when changing the PSS bottle and buttery during a run - i.e. do you dock to the donning station or does the test pilot hold on to some object while the observer changes the bottle and battery? Over.	We've used both techniques, depending on just how the - the test pilot feels at the moment. Lately we've just been holding onto the donning station and doing it form there. Either way's acceptable. If you want to get into the donning station, that's good - You usually have to tip the guy up. It's a little bit faster if you do it hanging on, we've noticed.	Roger; we copy. The second question, how do you come out of the donning station? Do you fly out or loss the observer pull the test pilot out?	It's a little tight to fly, so usually the test pilot just kind of pushes himself out, while the observer holds the rod. Then after he's out, the reserver - the observer releases the rod so that it won't be spring-loaded in the little locks. The only thing that we've found difficult is getting bact in. It's difficult to get back in - the test pilot by himself, the observer usually has to go over and center him and then sort of push on the unit at the same time he pulls on the handle and then releases it.
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END OF TAPE

at the moment, it is not. It is more of a problem.	problem here, except for some things having to do with heavy weights. But personally we find getting in and out of suits is usually a little bit more of a problem. Although it's mice not to have to hold the suit up, still it's a little bit more of a - of a - a problem, and you take a little bit more help getting in and out. Waste management and cleanup, we talked about that when we were talking about the head. So it's a bit more of a problem. Locomotion in and through. Well, going up to the top is certainly a lot easier. You can fly straight to the command module with no problem. So any time you've got to go up or down in one g, it's a lot easier to do it in zero g. Any time you've got to go up or down in one g, it's a lot easier to do it in zero g. Any time you've	horizontally, it's probably easier to do it in one g. So your answer depends on which specific thing you're talking about.	Satisfactory in frequency of bedding and clothing [810]? We don't need to change as often as we have, with the exception of the socks, I think, at least for myself. And I believe Al and Jack would have preferred to change socks every day. We didn't have that many. The rest of the ciothes, more frequent changes than we feally need, You just don't get as dirty up here because there's no dirt or grime. And about the only thing that gets on them is a little food maybe - a little bit of urine maybe. We change our underslothes, of course. So there's no real problem at all. The frequency could be less, except for socks, as far as I'm personally concerned.	That's the end of this briefing 2 Charlie, from the SFT. TIME SKIP Okay, this is the CDR, and we're doing SO19. I've got it set up on 232.8, because the actual's minus 2.2 and the pad is minus 30; 21.9 TILT;
244 21 27 25 SPT	•		244 21 28 14 SPT	244 21 28 50 SPT
ground, when we've got some time to do it, instead of wnsting too much of this time for things that we could do as well on the ground.	while restraint with somethic reficial to he ficial to he ficial to he first and the first and the first and the first remains a first remains a first remains a first remains the first remains the first remains the first remains results.	erystal growns and we were doing that. But those sorts of things - those are the reasons that zero g are - are of benefit. As far as our individual work activity, our ordinary things like	all that stiff generally, zero g is a hinderance. It is not a particularly significant one. It's one that you can work around. But it's not a particularly significant one. It's one that you can work around. But it's not a particular advantage, except in those specific things that I was mentioning. Handling, transfering is wery - It's almost always an advantage and very naturally in zero g. It's really much simpler. You can really coast around with no no effort and do things with precision. The required assistance 'usually - stability and tying yourself down would be the principal problem. But other than that, zero g is satisfactory. It doesn't make a lot of difference either way.	Personal maintenance activities - hygiene, donning, doffing: It's more of a problem in zero g. Personal hygiene, you can tell by what we've talked about in the head. It's more of a problem in zero g. But you can get around it. There's nothing so big that it's a big everyday problem. But it's, nevertheless, not as simple and stradghtforward as it is in one g. Had we spent the last 30 years up here, we'd have probably devised things that would have made it more simple. And it would have been comparable. But
	244 21 25 15 SPT	A-5:	3	244 21 26 55 SFT Ref. 2.36

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couple of weeks, a shirt every 3 days - that'd be adequate. Now - shorts every day, probably but I don't know, it depends on how fancy you want to be. I could live with the same clothes for a week; it ain't going to hurt me. Done it before	on camping trips. Thought it was great, but - when I'm home I change once a day. So, I don't know. I depends on - I would change shorts every other day; socks every day; and pants, once every 2 weeks; jacket, once a month; shirts, every 2, 3 days.	CDR out. And that goes to the Mu87 folks. TIME SKIP	Okay. Nov.	Hey, can we begin?	Can you get - can you get me and the rest of the place in down there?	:: -	Okay. Oh, I just want to be able to see the trash airlock clear on through and - and I'll be here talking.	Okay. And then that and that, that, that, this, that, and that, and that. Okay, (laughter) you.	over there?	No. Thank you. Hello, space fans. We thought you might enjoy a brief tour of the Skylab, America's first space	acaton, with us up here at 275 miles, whirling around the Earth at 18,000 miles an hour, and having a sunrise and a sunset every hour and a half. At the moment, you're looking to the very base or the basement of the vorkshop, where the crew
			12 22 21 PER 12 12 12 PER 12 12 PER 12 12 PER 12 12 PER 12	PLT	TA	TAS :		PLT		245 01 24 00 PLT	
day, Jack Lou - I mean Owen was in the M509, which weighs a couple hundred pounds. I couldn't lift it. He was in it and I was moving him around with one hand. That sort of stuff is great. Now when I got ready to change out the bottle's	But trying to dive under there - By the way, another thing that's easy here is getting into small spaces. You can turn around and dive underneath between and around and among is - is much easier. But anythme out have to another yourself down	know. Personal Majerne: Essier on Earth. Everything drops all the time instead of having them floating around. Same thing donning and doffing They're easier up here. You just kind of float up in the air and put the things on. Much better. You stay cooler up here. You don't work too hard	Waste management and cleanup chores: Waste management is harder here here accessed menting the party of the p	gravity, you know, and urine drope. That's nice. Fecal matter drops and that's nice. The cleanup	cnores are easier on Earth. But I'll say this gets dirtier because items don't tend to fall in the same spot; they're all around. So things	can - you can spill more things and still it won't show up, if you know what I mean. They just dis- perse over a large area.	Locomotion in and through various compartments: Locomotion is easier for distances in zero g.	Now, if you want to stop and anchor yourself in Zero - either one, but to get anywhere - I can get anywhere almost up here faster than I can anywhere else. Cartainly it was easier.	How satisfactory is the frequency in change of	Course, we fee unauging too muon. Ought to change them once every couple of weeks. Sheet doesn't rub you as much. You're clean up here and you're not laying on any bedspreads to get them dirty. You're floating between and that	makes a difference. Clothing: No point in changing it too much, except for socks. I would recommend that a change of jacket once a month and a pair of pants every
	245 00 42 56 CDR		245 00 43 30 CDR	A	-54		245 00 43 59 CDR		CDR	Ref. 2.37	245 00 44 36 CDR

equiring ally, you move uny— by your— by your— stallike uny can do 3 - any of 10 in t to use t to in t to use t to in t to use t got one suit him up t this in t	249 16 48 41 CDR
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rring, ', you e uny- your- like en do en your- like en do or in or in im in in and personal co forth. in a the fey the fey th a	
Work - Let's see. Work activities requiring assistance from another crewman. Heally, you very sealdom need another crewman. Heally, you thing stealdom need another crewman. Heally, you thing stealdom need another crewman to move unuthing self. Handling equipment, heavy loads like 5073 is no problem here. Just one guy can do that with no problem at all. Or 5183 - any of those things that we used two crewmen for in one 6, and it called on the checklist to use two guys here, are unnecessary. If we got one guy working on another one to, say, suit him up or something like that, you got to get him in his suit restraints - the foot restraint, and the other guy will have his legs wrapped around him somewhere, zipping him up. And so activities involving two crewmen are less of a pain in the neck than they are in one g. 245 23 43 48 PLT Personal main - maintenance activities: personal hygiene, donning/doffing garments, and so forth. We found that it's easy to get your legs in a suit and that you can get it over your head, but that it's very difficult to get your legs in a suit and that you can get it over your head, but that it's very difficult to get your legs in tougher, is to get your suit zipped up. Donning outer garments. I guess this is one of the few places in the world, and some of the few places in the world that are able to say with a straight face that this is the only environment in which you can put your can put your can put your representation but you can put your representation of two can put your can put your representation of your can put your representation of your can put your can put your representation of your can put your can put your representation of your can put your representations.	a time. And that's different than subody else. So we're not like everybody else. So we're not like everybody else. We don't put our trousers on one leg at a time. We put them on two at a time. And it's quick! 245 23 44 41 PLT Okay, doffing garments. It's easy to get out of your suit - out of your - your spacesuits. Lot easier than in one g. But there are other things, like personal hydiene, that are no problem at all. The - lou have trouble cleaning your razor, but I guess that's not so much a function of zero g as that you can get that done, too. I use the shaver it, but you can get that done, too. I use the shaver the safety razor once a week and the little shaver, the - the mechanical shaver the rest of the time; so personal hygiene is not a big deal

my right shoe is - The stitching is coming loose along the bottom sole - about - midway along the foot - opposite the arch. And - the stitching	is about an inch and a half there, where it - the canvas is ripped up. And - so, the shoes - by the time we get through the mission, are going to be pretty well wen. And they might even be marginal; I'm not sure - as to whether or not we can make it with them or not. But - we might have to just be a little careful with them. But - shoevise - the triangles do the job. The - outside of the shoes are wearing out though. So - the		And this does finally end this debriefing. Thank you. TIME SKIP	Okay, comment - from the SPT, channel A, for the BREP Officer. The number of frames used on the third pass of the day with the prime magazine; third PTC pass of the day - was 27 frames. So - that's these - on the prime magazine, 83 on the first pass, 27 or the second pass, is a total of 10 frames used out of the ETC 04. And the stare magazine, black and white something or other - used 24 frames, as I already reforted on the real-time down-link. So that should bring you up to date on how many frames we used today and you can compute how many frames we used today and you can compute how many ve've got left. End of	Okay, here's the SPT on channel A, with a message for the ATM PIs and planners. Over the course of the last couple of days, we've had a chance to observe quite a few isolated - quite a few initial phases of subflares and flares, at least small flares. And - it's been my general observation that the XIV and H-alpha rise in intensity very closely together. And that - for example at the moment, we have about eight active regions on the disk of the Sun, all of which can be seen on the
	·	•	246 00 58 18 PLT	246 01 10 37 SPT	246 01 11 39 SFT
the center line between the - workshop - the air- lock and the - and the - command module, so you've got to divert around them. And like I said, there's just nothing to hang on to,	So, locomotion in the MDA is - is - is - not worth much. Or it's - Locomotion is bad - if you can once you get moving and there's nobody in the way, locomotion is no problem at all. But as far as - getting around - by hand - hand over hand, in the MDA, you might as well forget it. It's - It's - a hodgepodge of - things that you can't grab onto.	How satisfactory is the frequency of change of bedding and clothing? Frequency of change of bedding is about right. Frequency of change of	is about right. The T-shirts I don't wear; I think you ought to mave - one of those a day, if you're going to wear them. I've got a lot of them left over and - and - don't plan to use them. I - Just vear the Jacket over my bare skin. And - it's cool that way. It's - There's nothing tight. When I want to exercise I don't bean	clothes to take off. I we got fire protection and - I've - I've got places - pockets to carry all the stuff I want to carry around. So that's the best way to go. You do need one change of skivvies a day. And - we brought up extra underwar and - I'm glad 'e did, because - I think one a day is a good idea. The - most - short-supply item is the socks. This is - We should have one of those a day. And we don't have it and - I think we need it. So I'd recommend to Jerry that he bring up - enough socks that he can make it one a day. I don't use the long handles of any sort. So - I didn't need them. Thought it might be chilly up here sometime, really didn't know but now we're	perature's right so long handles are not required. I don't use them. The shoes are the other item. We put the - put the toc caps on. We certainly need them. For some reason, we all seem to be - rubbing off spots on the heels two spots - either side of the - the vertical - reinforcing strip. It's about an inch and a half off the sole. They're wearing through for some reason. Wy - additionally,
	746 00 55 07 PLT	246 00 55 36 PLT	Ref. 2.40	A-56	246 W 58 O1 PLT

hank onto some of the tools and Veloro and	the little pockets with the -in the elastic. So the tool caddy is kind of useful for when you want to - to - to retain lots of parts or lots of tools.	And I've never worn it around my waist. I've always just stuck it somewhere. So really, the waist belt hasn't done me much good, although	different guys may use it different ways. Mostly, for me, a pocket is to carry things to a certain -	location in. And then I'll fasten them to the wall or stick it up somehow so that it's within reach but not on my - on my waist. Fore of the	Work sites we've used, other than those icculturs that the work needed to be done at, were - That is, some of the work sites we've used which are other than those at which your actual work is	being performed have been on the food lockers, for example, a nice big flut surface. Fut springs (7) on there and hold things down and work on them. Stand there on the grid, support	yoursell, so lound the local lockers been a good place to work. And I worked on the tape recorders there. Also at the top of the waste management went filter	cover is another reasonably good place to work until we have better ways to hold things down. But it's a nice flat surface and about desk height. Fasten yourself down next to it and go to work there. Other work that we - we've done has mostly all been done at the site where the job neeted to be done. You just take what your get when your legs around something and go to work on it, is about the only way to do it.	performing tasks is concerned, where is not much difference in being able to do the job than there would be if you were at home. Adequacy of lighting for work tasks: In some cases, oasy and in most cases, it's not. In most cases, you want to inspect something or look at something closely or find out how the nuts and bolts come off in the preferential order and all that sort of thing, you got to get out a flashilight to take around.
		40, PLT			į		37 PLT		17 PLE
2110		250 15 01 40, PLT		-			250 15 02 37		250 15 03 17 PLF
you got all your Velcro on your card or vice versa. So that stuff doesn't work good.	The Sigo maintenance kit: Fortunately we haven't had to use that very much. The items that we have used have done the job all right. But it's only been minor things like - Oh, well, we haven't used the vranches. We haven't had to replace much	equipment. The items that came up in the special kit with S192 work satisfactorily.	Just a gage and I can't remember what else.	Didn't really use much on the S190 maintenance kit; so it's pretty hard to evaluate that equipment.	M512 tools: We haven't used any of them on this mission. We don't have much to do with M512 in this mission.	EMU maintenance kit: You'll have to get sometody else to evaluate that because my job during the EVA prep was to do other things and the other two guys do the EMU maintenance.	Okay, adequacy of work sites: Well, you tell what-ever work site you got. Whether it's good or bad, you take whatever it is.	I guess you recognize that we've been doing a lot more maintenance up here than anybody expected we would. And basically as far as doing work tasks are concerned, I don't see a whole lot of difference from doing them here than you would at home. The only thing is you got to hold things down. You can't lay them down. You got to tape them to something or - or - One handy thing is just to lay our a piece of tape, sticky side up, and stick yourself to it.	Nuts and bolts, pieces or tools, scurtimes I use the tool caddy. If I've got lots of puts to contain and lots of tools, why, I'li take that out. Otherwise, I'll just stick them in my pocket, stick the bolt on a piece of tape or something like that. The tool caddy - little pockets with the windows in them come in handy to keep nuts and bolts in. The - the little rings on there are - clips them; and dog clips have been used to
	09 PLT			9 48 PLT	PLT	PLT	Ptr	0 22 PLT	0 15 00 51 PLT
	250 14 59 09		250 14 59 45	250 14 59 48		A-!	57	250 15 00 22	250 15 00 51 Ref. 2.

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. 902	We ought to have a couple of bigger cerevitives than we've had. Next, I'm looking nes at the cockets. The sockets - We ought to here a full set, and they ought to be in a row. Here we got them kind of mixed up, and we haven't got one of each. We got up here and tried to fix our - by the way - tried to fix our exerciser, Mark I, and ye didn't have the right kind of Allen wrench and that's a problem. We ought to have a full set of every one of these things. They just don't weight that much and then you got a full set of tools you can work with.	The vrenches aren't too bad, but once again you need a full set - mechanical fingers. Now here I'm looking at the bottom drawer and here's some more Allen bits.	- Distriction	Okay, this is the CDR back again telling about 487-3. And another thing that keeps coming up is the fact that we're always - We're never using our tool poucies. Those little tool peuches we got moody ever uses because they're so much doggone much trouble to go get. Also just gettling a big bag and putting them in them tends to let them float away. We really should have invent - Now	we put them in our pockets. But we really should have come up with a better tool rouch then what we have. I think the thing could have been marely three or four visible pockets with snaps or zippers. And then you'd have places to put the springs and then you'd have places to put the springs and in there and reach them. Now we got that sort of a thing on this one, but it just isn't adequate. It's too small. It doesn't carry the tools. They fly off. The whole thing is a bomb, and it just doesn't hold things correctly. It's not secure enough. You should tether them:, and it just doesn't have it. And it's a lot of traill. You can't see in putting them in your pocket, and you can't see in there, and you have to go get them. So those sorts of things are — are bad.	Another thing that's bad is it's difficult to remember which drawer's got which items in it. Not only do the drawers have the writing near the top
	CDR	CDR	CREW	CDR	2.42	• CDR
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TAG Tape 252-05/T-527 Time: 252:12:00 to 252:13:30 Page 1 of 5/3309

TAG Tape 252-05/T-527 Fage 2 of 5 / 3310

Okay. I understand you feel it's necessary to use a fresh pair everyday?	Not necessary. It's just more comfortable and convenient and desirable.	Окву. We copy. Thank уоц.	The thing is, Bruce, your feet get pretty sweaty in these canvas kind of shoes with rubber soles and - especially when you're riding the bike, you have a sweaty pair of socks.	Yes, sure. I was not trying to give you the third	degree. I was just trying to get some words establishing the fact that it was probably desir-	able to provide a pair of socks a day.	Yes, I understand, Bruce. I was just trying to give you a little more information as to how they get that way, and it's just not unusual. I guess if you were on the ground, under the same conditions, you'd- at least I'd want a clear pair everyday. It's kind of like going to the gim, you know, and using the same pair of socks every day. And it doesn't take more than I day to get them in pretty bad shape.	Roger. Out.	Are you still there, Bruce?	Yes, indeed.	Okey. Here's one thing I don't understand - I notice that we're going to terminate this M557 this afternoon. And then we're going to let the thing just sit there and cool it until tomorow, and then we're going to start all over again. And it seems like we're wasting time there. We're not going to get all these 10 sets of specimens completed by the time we leave. So I wonder if the planners could think about cycling in a new set of specimens this afternoon when we terminate the ones that are in there now, so we can get them going and then have them done by tomorrow.
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SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION	Skylab, this is Houston through the real Vanguard for 10 minutes. Over,	Okay, Bruce.	We copy you're at 10,000, standing there in the DAS. You can go ahead and clear it whenever you feel like it.	Okay. Thank you. We're all up and at 'em.	Was that a lousy pun?	Yes.	We got one low-priority question here. Sometime, when the SPT gets a little while, could he comment some more on the sock shortage. We understand on mission day 37, he reported that he needed additional socks. And looking around, we find that there's some SL-2 garments, union suits, and constant wear garments, that have intergral socks that could probably be cut off. We'd be interested in hearing some more details from him. Over	rity ans	now. I hadn't been aware of any SL-2 stuff still laying around, but the sock question has managed	to get solved in about the following way: I only had 12 per package, as I recall, 28-day package,	which is either - slightly less than one every 2 days. But Al brought up an extra big supply in this command module resupply that was done there in the last month or so before launch. So I borroved a few from him and - permanent loan - and that, plus just not changing socks every day, has now left me in the state of having one per day. So there's no more problem involved. As far as extra clothes is concerned, the only thing that I personally have found that I was short on was socks. And I'd like to make sure - I'd recommend to the ensuing crew that they add on only that one item, if they're going so sadd on snything. And that is just to make sure they, from the start, have enough for a change of socks every morning. That's all.
SKYLAB	252 12 35 18 CC	PLT	8	PLT	ວວ	PLT	252 12 35 53 cc -Y 65 6 Ref. 2.44	252 12 36 20 SPT			

found another thing, it was hard to zip up the suit, mainly because when you lean up here you don't have gravity helping you lean - and so - you don't lean as far. And we kept saying, "What's wrong? We can't zip these up." And finally the last time we did EVA, we just grunted and bent,	You know, put a lot more muscle in leaning over. It was no trouble. So it's strictly the fact that we didn't have the gravity and weren't pull- ing hard enough. We were pulling Earth strength and - and not up here with a lack of gravity.	253 02 27 39 CDR Let me show you the other two. This one's over here by the bottle. Owen took a picture because he's working underneath, you see. And this one's right in front of the hatch. You can, see we keep it open. We don't move it around. You canhit to just leave those there. Let them put the hatch in, put those little blue things there; there's as good as anywhere else. And you can float	around. By the way, in your suits you don't have any trouble getting from here to the hatch or anywhere else. Everything's great as far as - getting around in here in zero g.		the other component there, the - I forget what you call it. That's articulated mirror system and that's the - the adapter. I forget what you call it, let me see what the name of it is. It's call it, he has sono contact mane of it is.	part of \$509, and then of course the film canisters over in the film wault. But - you get those in and out an avful lot. If I were you, I'd do extra training on that putting in and out. It's funny, we trained a lot across the board to try to even everything out. But some thinks you do	every single day, like that. You ought to be able to do that as good as ATM. You ought to have five training sessions on putting this in and out alone, before you come up here, because you just do it a lot. And then something like configuring for EVA - quit doing so much of it, you just don't do it that often. And - you
hatch lid, you know, the cover instead of the hole, you couldn't do it. Now we kept the metal one in here for about a week, and then we decided to take it out and we hadn't had it in mere since, because it's a lot more fun to dive up and down and float. It's lust more fun to operate. You don't need it and it's - it's - we haven't missed it. It's been a lot more fun.	CDR Let's get back now to where we were. Okay, you'll see the bottles. We - The way we work these bottles, by the way, is as soon as we finish the run on 599 or T20, if we have a bottle change in midrum.	But the bottle we take out, then we go take up and charge it. Then when we bring it back and charge the other one, we stash it there and then the next morning we take them both bork and - and top them off. We don't even wait for the ground to tell us to. That way they're always topped off and we get ahead of the game. And there's no reason not to. It really works	Baying attention and let my triangle shoes get off, and I'm floating away. Sometimes you float up in the workshop and it takes you a minute to get back, so I'm coming back now.	CDR Okay, by the way, there's where we pu - Let me show you where we put the - the EV plate. And you don't need to change around. There's onc. We got it where EV-3 works. Another thing I might mention we found it extremely difficult to	45 get in the suit with our feet in there, because we just couldn't bend over to get in the suit - itself. Well, we were finally able to do it by vorking swfully hard. We found it much simpler to - zet in the suit with wome feet in the suit with wome feet in the suit with wome feet in the suit with when the suit with wome feet in the suit with when the suit with which when the suit with which when the suit with the suit with which when the suit with the suit wi		CDR Also getting out is the same way, so don't try to stay in there when you do it. Usually it's easier if the other guy just kind of puts his legs around you and helps you with the suit. Now we
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	when you punch the button down here in the pert, to sure that you punch it like you squeeze off a trigger. Maybe marines know that; I but't know about you, Bill, Air Force. El Sibria, he perseng doesn't do supthing like that, but remines know how to squeeze them off. But if you - if y is a contil everything's quiet and then squeeze it in	easy, believe me, you get a lot butter realing. If you don't, you just waste a lot of three up here trying to get three of them close erough to reject. Usually know, we can hit it off the three three; but it took a long time to - to really pet it down, particularly locking the thing. That's about it up here - looking around now, I - I don't see any- thing - He wants to show you inside the film wault; nothing too much new there. Let me - I'm going to umplug this and move down to the lower area and work down there. So hold on.	CDR Okay, here we are downstairs. Let's see how it works down here. Let's start over here right to the left side. You'll see things out of position	here. That's probably the way we have them most of the time. Ukay, there's the - transuranic rays - nobody knows what that means, but - there they are. Now right there's our clothesbag. We just put a TSB there - not TSB, but a disposal bag there. We put our dry clothes in there that we think we can use for rags. Turns out rags are the - a real winner up here, particularly when it comes time to clean up. Trying to clean up with these little - I'm talking about clean up with	inside of the head or something like that with - with - with those little paper things is rea - is a waste of time. We use the paper things for food and wiping off urine and things like that - off ourselves. But we use rags for almost every- thing else. When that fills up, we just close it up and shoot it down the trash airlock and put another one up there. Anything that's wet, we put in a bag right here. Now this bag right here is the urine bag. And we always keen one there. You	can tell because it's got those things But essentially, we never put more than two urine bags in it, and then we try to put a few more other items in there like wet towels and the like. But they're always here. Any wet item goes in there, from the head, and any dry item then goes over there. So this means with - with three pieces of urine, you
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the state of a second - absorb the - and		that we - use one can of - food, one of these hip things of food, you know, in 6 days and we fill up one of those feeal things in 6 days. It turns out that - Owen was the first guy to notice that, since he carries out the feeals and puts them in there. I always - and Jack usually - Jack and I put down the food; sometimes Owen gives us a hand. But anyhow, he noticed that - and Jack got mad because he said that - he figured he was just a middle man for the whole thing and he was going to the or of the contract of the cand	and forget it cans and all (chuckle); even throw the menu and - the fills in - but he didn't do it. But maybe, who knows -	Okay, let me show you inside some of these babies so you know what's going on. Up here at the top one, 1'11 open it and back off. Some will flust off and 1'11 have to put them back in. Ukay, now there's the -the leftower stuff that SL-2 had. Now, you're se - Pete's listed them on the top in some places, side some places. But we'll bring back a complete inventory of what's in there, so that gives you a feel for the sort of food he's	got in there. Okay, that's going to float out. This locker contains SL-2's flight data file - SDFs - the - I took off the leg guards around the dome lockers and - I'll just kind of show you. That's just Janmed up with old gear. For example, we got ready to go EVA; we couldn't find the adapter that put the powerpack on the camera. We looked all over the place; Jack says I'll bet they threw it away	with the - powerpack they used, I says, "Wait a minute. I think I saw a powerpack in here." I went in there and looked and I'll be durined if - it want there. So we tend to not throw much away, but stash it somewhere and report it to the ground; you might be able to use it.
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TAG Tape 254-12/T-559 Page 3 of 9/3:09

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We should have been putting those down all along, because he's been getting those sorts of photos every day, by a bunch. Inoperable equipment is the PLT's portable timer. It's setting on free wheels. He's going to take a look inside and see what - maybe give you a little more information on it. Unscheduled stowage item location change: two full urine sample bag racks from D-L26 to the waste management compartment. One full half sample urine bag rack from the same place. Four peant butters from 598 or 4 - excuse me, 548 to the wardroom. That's it.

Okay, Al; we copy that. Got a couple of questions here I'd like - like to ask you about. One of them I was trying to ask last	night just as we were going over the hill, apparently. Back on Mission Day 40, we sent you a message telling you how to modify your WMC foot restraints so they would be - accept the shoes with the - triangle shoes, that is. We wondered if you did it, and if so, was it satisfactory?	We did it to the wardroom one, and it's satisfactory; doesn't look too grand, but it seems to do the job. And we have not done it to any other litems, just because w're just not doing it. That's all. We could do it.	Well, okay, we're just trying find - You did it to - to all three sets in the wardroom; is that correct?:	No, no. Jack didn't want his done. So he didn't do it. Let me look at Owen's. Owen doesn't use his, period, so his is - just mine. Apparently, Jack just did mine. He - He put them in and I just asked the guys if they wanted them or not.	Okay. Very good. We copy that. Gct a few questions on the stabilized binces. You've mentioned about them getting out of focus. Is it the individual eyeplece diopter focusing
254 23 42 47 66	Ref. 2.48	25 ⁴ 23 43 16 CDR	22	сля	33

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TAG Tape 257-05/T-590 Page 2 of 2 / 3768

them and decided that the triangles would be a lot botter. So we're not using those; we're using the triangles.	Okay. The reason they're not as good as the others.	Story, is because they're not passive. You can go somewhere and hold yourself in, readily, as	while you keep your mind on it. But the minute you start concentrating on a pad, one of	float away. So it's - the triangles, if you	once get them in, and they're adjusted right, you can then concentrate on the job and don't have to worry about holding your feet in place.	Okay, thanks, Al. We're going LOS here. We'll	see you over Larmaryon at 13:12.	Skylab, this is Houston through Carnarvon and Honeysuckle for 14 minutes. Over.	Okay, Bruce.	And Skylab, we would like you to stay off the DAS for a moment so that we may enable momentum dump, and also we'd like you to command the star tracker	shutter closed again. It doesn't seem to have closed. The Nu, that you've got in is good. Over.		Okay. Just went closed, and you're right, it's been stalled in AUTO.	Skylab, this is Houston. The dump enable command	nas Deen sent. The DAS is yours. Out. Skylab, this is Houston, 1 minute and 20 seconds until LOS. Next station contact in 35 minutes	through Merriott Island at 14:00 Z. Out.	END OF TAPE
	CC .				•	259 12 45 19 CC		257 13 12 40 CC	B	8		i	High	257 13 14 55 00	257 13 25 31 00		
SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION	Skylab, AOS Canaries and Madrid for 13 minutes. We'll be dumping the tape recorders at Madrid at 12:35. And, Jack, we need the DAS for dump	You got it, Story.	Окау.	Jack, the DAS is yours. We're seeing a good Nu,	update. And could you verify that you closed the shutter manually?	That's affirmative, Story; I closed it manually.	Thanks.	Story, just completed the water reservoir check, and they're all up.	Thanks.	Jack, 54 is in a double sequence; we'd like a STOP there. We saw the same problem yesterday.	And it's looking good now.	Okay, thank you for that one.	You there, Story?	Yes, sir, another minute and a half.	Okay, I received a message this morning, a general one about boots, shoes and that sort of thing, and I had reported that one of mine had torn out.	And I think it was misunderstood that it was one of of the soft boots. The boot that tore out was my triangle shoe boot, and I been holding it.	together with tape. The other question was "does anybody use those stretch whatever you call them, for - in place of the triangles?" The answer is, "Al tried them and thought them to be not suitable." And I looked at them but didn't try
SKYL	257 12 32 10 CC	PLT	ខ	99		PLT	၁၁	257 12 38 22 CDR	ક -63	8	. 20	PLT	PLT	ວວ	257 12 44 05 PLT	Ref. 2.50	

TAG Tape 267-64/9-713
Time: 767:11:00 to 767:12:30
Page 1 of 6/4585

the amount of volume and work that it takes to fly extra film	for the ATM I think that it would be the greatest mistake that we could make not to fly up the extra film required to	are just too large to fly up a fifth exchange. But certainly		fifth exchange of film. It'll be useful for looking at the Sun. In some cases, it'll be useful for looking at either X-ray sources or ultraviolet sources and it will also be useful for looking at the comet observations in December 444 January. I think this is the primary thing that we should be sure we include in the gear taken up on SL-4 - and if we don't	it'll just be great tragedy. I don't know what Jerry's carrying on his mission. If he's carrying any extra clothes, he ought to offload them right	now. The clothes necessity compared to getting new ATM film just isn't required. There are so many clothes to wear up there now. It's the same thing maybe for most of the other	items with the exception of food. Time should be set aside where our crew went over the equipment that Jerry's planning to take up there and looked at it and said yes or no. For
GARRIOTT (COWE'D)					BEAN Ref. 2.52		
SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION	Skylab, this is Houston through Corpus Christi and Bermuda for 14-1/2 minutes. For the CDR,	Go ahead, Bruce. Roger. Wonder if you could give us an up-date on where you are in the Deactivation Checklist?	e right on time. We're in the - we me would be the answer. Everybody's Jack's run into a problem with hater. It's not sucking air at the he's working on it. Owen is fixth	his lunch. Not eating it, but just getting it ready. I'm over here in the command module. I'm a little bit ahead doing - getting ready to start the quiescent configuration check. Owen just finished; taking the pictures of the Coolanol loop requested yesterday. If you'll shoot us up the pad, we'll take those vent pictures you wanted yesterday. And I've got the tools in my pocket. Sometime in the next 3 or 4 hours, I'll pull out some of those 828 kick plate screws and let you. You indicated you want a time line on them. So I'll pull out lo and time it, and then that'll give	you a clue how long it's going to take to get the rest. Okay. Mighty fine. And whenever you're ready, perferably this stateside pass, within the next 13 or 14 minutes, we'd like to get the G&N power up, page 2-4 and page 2-6 down to the bottom of the left-hand side, and then the E-memory dump on	page 2-10. And we'll up-link you a - a clock sync, and we'll be pretty much in business. Over. Okay. I'll do that right now.	Okay. Now, do you want me to just give you a VERB 74 or do you want me to do the CMC self-check, IMU power up, optics power up, SCS power up, or what?
SKYLAE	267 11 30 24 CC	00 CC	con Ref. 2.51	A-64	267 11 31 34 CC	CDR	CDR

TUSNA	I think one of the things that makes all this a no comment		
	is the fact that we had a good checklist. When we turned it	GARRIOTT	I never adjusted mine the whole flight.
	on, it worked.	BEAN	That explains a lot of things. (Laughter).
*****	ATM foot restraint.	LOUSMA	I took them like they were.
8 6502	All we ever used were shoes, except for a couple of trials.	BEAN	He couldn't find his shoes the whole time. Forgot where
: स्टब्	Here's the way I would do this if I had to do it again. I'd		they were.
	float in the workshop and, before I did anything else, get	AVAG	
	out my triangle shoes. I'd put them on and try putting them	The state of the s	I curiar you should launch with a rubberband they can put
	in the grids and adjusting them. Before Jerry goes, he needs		around that Activation Checklist. They should have a little
	to get a a 10-minute briefing on how to adjust those grids	(i	Billing with the connector that connects your Activation
	on his triangle shoes. Here's the way you do it. You tighten	Ket. 2.53	CHECKLIST to your panes. 1 108% more time in activation with
	those things up as tight as you can get them all the little		TOSTING VISC DOOK THEN JUST EDOUT ENTITLING. IT'S DECRUSE YOU
	screws, and then you back, them off two turns each,. or some-		tau t do taings with boun mands and hold the book and keep
	thing and that gets them all about the same - the three little		to open to the right page all at the same time. At deactivation,
	screws. Then you put them in to where you can barely work		
	them with your hands, your fingers, at that time, you're		With a rubberband around them to the right page. Then we
	pretty doggone close. But then you always operate with the		could do the job and the book was always trailing behind us
•	three screws. If they're too tight, you loosen each of them		מוות אם כפודת ונפטד דני
	a quarter of a turn or something. You should practice that	CARRIOTT	That's the way Jack and I did it in training.
	and that should be one of the first things he does. He floats	NYGO	72 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 +
	down and he gets his triangle shoes on and he adjusts them		is that how you guys and it! Thank s for telling me.
	just right, to whatever he thinks he likes.	LOUSMA	Another thing you need to do is to get a timer and a roll of
		₹	gray tape and put them in your pocket.

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It was apparently not in the cobra cable but was something common to all three crewmen. Postlanding ECS: Ventilation was good, I don't think we had any symptoms of sea sickness, We were happy when we were in Stable II. We Ali in Stable II we happy when we were in Stable II. We Ali in Stable II and happy when we were in Stable II. We Ali in Stable II we are an Stable II.	frogmen were working pretty hard to hang on as they put on the flotation collar. Our procedure went well, It didn't take nearly as long as we thought it might to upright because of the heavy seas, and it uprighted in about 3 or & minutes.	No, it was probably a little longer than that. One other thing that you do notice you kind of wonder about at first, then realize it's okay, is that the windows fill up with water immediately. It looks like water is coming in the spacecraft but it's just seen through the windows. Couch position: Nothing there. Physical comfort: The only physical comfort thing was this same old snap that was down there at the lower spine on the bottom of the pants. It was bumping into the lower part of the spinal column and that needs to be removed. Internal pressure: As Owen pointed out, when I punched in the	circuit breaker to start the postlanding vent, it opened that
LOUSMA		DOUSHA BEAN Ref. 2.56	
I remember turning the ECS selector from PRIM to SECOND, back to PRIM, to check the the steam pressure read-out and so forth. During that period of time, I never had any indication of losing my attention span or ability to concentrate on a checklist or anything like that.	The only thing that drove me crazy was I was now pushing on this little button that is at the bottom of the counter-pressure garment, right in the middle of the back. That thing ought to be moved because I still have a sore spine from that. I suspect that you do, too.	I do too. There's also a little matching snap on the coat that ought to be just cut off and cut that button out of the back of the hypertensive garment, so that it doesn't crush you so hard. I still have a bruise back there. I think that the SL-U crev's hypertensive garments are up there. So that when they get up there, put them in the command module, unbag them, they ought to cut out those two. It won't hurt the hypertensive garment a bit. When they put their jackets in there for entry, cut those things out and then it won't be a problem. It also hurt when you landed but mostly when you were entering.	
PORSNA	_{веди} Ref. 2.55	Franco	

just throwing things. That's going to help Jerry. The food There is getting quite a few empty lockers up there now for locker and done lockers are getting emptied out.

divantageous to make up new stickers for those lockers so that there when we swapped Jerry's out. It's quite easy to figure fould tell in nice neat letters what's in there now. And it actually wrong. For example, it would say, SL-4 CDR clothes Also, we went through on the tape, channel A, before we came Ref. 2.57 back and gave a complete readdown of every bit of food that would be much better than leaving the handwritten ones that we have on there now or in some cases, like in the wardroom was there. We went through an inventory of all our clothes out what's in each compartment. We read it off and made a and through an inventory as to what was in some of the big and really it's clothes that we had remaining and stuck in te could come up there and stick them on the front and it where we've got some clothes of different people that are feed lockers that were, now empty so that Jerry would know where things are. And it seems to me that it would be

getting these stickers right. It helps you out a lot.

onds to put the stickers on and then that way you can look at

the stickers to see what you have. I'm much in favor of

little list and went up there. It only takes you a few sec-

The footwear - I never wore the neft boots at all. I always went around barefoot or with the triangle shore. My triangle shoes ripped out. Everybody's triangle shoes were on the back where the little Teflon insert along the heel and the Achilles tendon were from the inside through. All the shoes have two holes in the back.

Shaw This was about 2 inches up from the sole, right on the left side.

Ref. 2.58

INDUCTOR. That's right, or either side of the penter that bring in the sole. The work and right sole. The mannelli burn ripped out along the lower right sole. The mannelli lust ripped where the boot is seved to itself, down near the major sole. It was about a 4-inch gash that was wide open, it was about a 4-inch gash that was wide open, it was about a 4-inch gash that was wide open, it was to could see my foot through it. The only way around it was to bind it up with tape every day.

SPEARS The ties some timough too, double they?

in pure for the order of the fact that the days week's sine and for the order the fact that the days were on, the bost that the days were on, the bost that the days are not the outside of the order of the outside of the outside of the bost the bottom.

OAFRIOTT I wore through my toe cap. I didn't install 't correctly either I cons a shortcut on the installation will put me toe ing over the pize as well. I just gray taped it.

LOUSMA Gray tape.

GARRIOTT It lasted for 60 days.

12-28

3.00

LCUSIM	We're not professionals.		
		LOUSMA (CONT'D)	legs to make it cooler. They were not required to keep your
15.	Looked like a hocky player more than anything else. Gray	(2 100)	trousers from riding up or your sleeves from riding up. The
	tape over his toes. Ref. 2.58		clothes assumed their normal shape in zero-g just as they
Aversia	But it worked, You can't argue with success. Didn't affect		did in one-g and there was never any requirement to snap the
			tops to the bottoms.
BEAM	How about comments on the clothes, once again read $\mu \theta \tau$, we	BEAN	That's right; that was it, In fact I don't think I ever
	went to so much detail on those clothes. They shouldn't take		snapped the tops to the bottoms.
	up any clothes. There's so many clothes up there. You can	GARRIOTT	I was a little different. I took the knitted portion out of
	keep clothes for years up there.		the trousers and left the knitted portion in all of the
5 ,80.11	I never wore any of those brown turtleneck T-shirts. I don't		Jackets and rather frequently I would snap the jackets to
			the trousers.
	the past that they didn't soak up the sweat wery well or	BEAN	All the way around or just the back?
	something.	GARRIOIT	No, there's just two snaps. One on each side.
NATE COL	I don't know what you found. I didn't even wear it. I didn't		
	like it, that's why I quit. I wore them for a while and found	LOUSMA	Surprising to say that Owen did several things that were not
	them to be just as good as the T-shirts. They don't feel as		required. And omitted several things that were. (Laughter)
	comfortable to me.	BEAN	How about inspections every morning? I never showed for
BEAN	I don't think they're being used any.		inspections.
LOUSKA	I wound up doing what Al did with his clothes and that is	LOUSMA	Why would a guy want to flumk inspections any more! That's
	taking the elastic inserts out of the sleeves and out of the		why I dddn't show up.

A-69

E Table			17.2 EVA PREP PROCEDURES
į	ייסא שהספור יוש נינשא לתשבתשלאני	LOUSINA	Suit Donning: Suit donning is easier in zero g than it is
#GEEST	I think all that stuff is adequately discussed - on the	4	in one g. The only thing that is more difficult is that it's
	important stuff. I don't think we ought to go through all	Ref. 2.60	tougher to get the outer zipper zipped around the back.
	of that. Must have gotten some outstanding comments.	THOTAGNO	The factions on broads the description built to \$2.00
₩ ••	Essentially the quarters were adequate to live in. There's	*	is the back of the back. That will assist to brinking the two
Ref. 2.59	parts that could be improved. Certainly the lighting should		edges together.
٠.	be improved in the quarters so that you could read a little	;	
	bit better. The stowage provisions were adequate to hold	BEAT	Also, it helps if you get the guy to lear, and he gust had
Α-	whatever you had. It would have been nice to have some place		aignificantly harder since he doesn't have gravity halping
70	a little bit larger to hang up your clothes that you wore		him, at zero g as in one g. Also, the guy that's running
	laring the day so that you wouldn't have to just leave them		the zipper can kind of pull the two parts of the zipper to-
	floating around at night. It worked out okay. Instead of		gether before he zips it. He'll find that he can do it better
	Filling of elothes in my compartment at night I hung then		also. It's easier once you get the hang of the fact that
	out there on the 131 control box.		you're going to have to do a little more bending.
Control of the contro	TERM TO CONTRACT THE PRINCIPLE AND THE TERMS OF THE TERMS	LOUSMA	ALSA checklist: I thought the checklist 414 the job right.
	TEST 10 TOTAL OF TOTAL OF THE PARTY OF THE P		It was a good idea to do as much of the prep as possible the
	of John College Carrier Salver Bar Dean.	•	night before the EVA. The whole prep and post was much easier
	You got a two-phase garbage disposal. Generally, Jack put		in zero g than it was in one g. The suited translation be-
•.	them in the metal can. He put them in the bags, I put the	• •	tween the workshop and the airlock was no problem at all.
	ters in the track airlock. We discussed the trash airlock	:	
	Providently here, and we've also discussed the fact that about	BEAN	They should take a look at this defogging and see if it's
	the only place that is really dirty during this whole onewation		possible to defog the night before, and if that would be accept-
			able. Then go ahead and defog the night before and put all

Same thing for the ones in the food compartment. I think	they can live with them. I wish that the first time they	corrected them, they would have made them big enough so that	you could put both your triangle-shoed foot and your non-	triangle-shoed foot in. We made an inflight modification	only to mine because I was the only one that cared. The	other two are not modified. It is certainly useable - not	nice, but acceptable;		Digital multimeter: Good addition. We used it a let. It's	easy to read. It has good ketterico. I would suggest that	you keep it off between uses. It's a good addition to the	toolkit and we probably should have had it initially in the	toolkit.	The only problem is that, when you take the little pins out	of the probes, there is no place to our them. The little	screwixiver that goes with it floats around. It's going to	get lost one of these days. You have to tape it down. There		יים פֿעני הישמר כס השל דייי	Shoe repair kit (toe): It seemed to do the job. It protected	the toes anyway. It is a little bit difficult to line up the	holes and get the screws back in, but after working at it	awhile, you can do it.	
BEAN														LOUSMA							(Ket. 2.63		
				ē.	•	L	•~											•	1	٠.	•			
Sort of like a burned paint odor or burned insulation.	It's probably because you brought some things in there that	Were pretty hot.		Moisture in the suits: I never noticed a whole lot of moisture	in the suits, although we always went through the total suit	drying procedure. The three little hangers that you hang your	165s and FCSs on are already installed in the blue water tank	ring, right above the suit donning station. You just hook	up the suit dryer, and turn it on, and let it blow away; and	be sure to keep the dome locker door to that suit dryer open	so it doesn't overheat. We let our suits dry for 24 hours	and then moved them up in to the MDA.	Some of those long, thin bologna like desiroents who't allow	Vol to close the feral drawar If vol don't have sauthing	Section of the formal derivation for the section for the secti	THE B DEATH THE FORM WHILE SEARCH ON SAME AS MANAGE IN	procedure the ton went incide the American Than whom the		door closes, you will hear a slight vacuum sound, as the	vacuum is pulled on the door, when you move the lever to the	vacuum door position. Normally when you put the fecal in	there, the same things happen, except of course, the little	tray does not go completely to the top of the enclosure any	more because the fecal bag is in the way. So it sort of tends
स ्द्रिय	LCUENA				Ref. 2.61				Α-	71			TOTAL STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE											

I show I but a split lip that I got about 10 days prior to anow. I kept putting stuff on there and it kept cracking and bleeding all the time. It never did net well; I should have used it.	BEAN My fingers got in awful bad shape. I had hang nails, they dried out and cracked. I started using Alpha Keri iction	Ref. 2.65 particularly to your hands and maybe some on your lips just before you go to hed then you could keep from rettling behind the curve. Once your skin dries out, it then appears to take a long time to recover. That ought to be	part of your daily personal hyreine routine. I had a swelling unfor my arm a couple of times, a little node. I don't know why I had it. I accured may be the decdorant so I quit using it. That didn't seem to help it because a second one came. I started wearing a longer shirt, Jack's undershirts instead of my own. That felt better but it didn't seem to help it. I not sure it just wasn't the	environment up there. Perhaps the chemical content of the food. Actually it was very healthy up there. We had a total of 180-man-ways and nobody had a cold, nobody had diarrhea, nobody had anything to speak of. It's healthy up there if you can keep your eating sleeping habits correct.
GARRIOTT Inflight Oral Hygiene: I had no mouth discomforts. The brushing frequence of sorts was only once a day. I never used any toothpaste the whole time I was in orbit. We	weren't supposed to swallow it. BFAN No baths and no toothpaste!	to go to the trouble of finding some empty it into. So, I just brushed my teeth with thbrush and apparently that was satisfactory reports coming back from him good from h	Dental Floss: I used three or four times as required when L thought I had some food caught between a couple of teeth. I thought the toothbrush was adequate and was appropriate for massage of the gums, which is essentially the main purpose of brushing, anyway, and particularly the wev I	Sunglasses; other Eye Protecting Devices: I never took them out of their pocket. I didn't need them. I never had any problem without the sunglasses in regard to visibility of instruments and controls. No unexpected visual phenomena relating to the eye such as focusing or double vision. I never noticed any change from preflight to spaceflight

;		LOUSMA	I think I ripped it out, but it had a weakness to begin
BEAN	Yes, I tried it a couple of times using a clour, win		with. One edge of the left hip pocket, where you put
	found that it didn't clean it as well as I had hoped. I		
	did notice that many things not visible to the naked eye,		the checklist book, came louse.
	such as hair, came off on the cloth. Judging from the	QUERY	Did you just wear that particular pair of trousers and
	amount of grime and grit that I got off of it, it probably		put up with it until the next sequential changeout?
	collects germs. It should be washed with soap and towels	-	e That the book a few times.
	with map about every 2 weeks.	LOUSMA	IGS. 1 LOSG tad GOOD IS NOT CALLED
•	-	QUERY	Owen, you mentioned that you were going to cut out the
CARRIOTE	Why not just put in a replaceable cloth screen that can		cuffs around the bottom of the pants to help with donning
	be peeled off rather than cleaned? It would save time.		and doffing over the triangles. Did you do that?
BEAN	That would be good for a future design. Meantime, Sl-4		The cuffs there in terrocament The cuffs there in
Α	should wash it to ensure cleaniness and to increase the	CARRIOL	ייים מייים די שמם מיי דייינים מייים בייים מייים מיים מייים מ
ı . 7			case it got chilly and to keep the trousers from floating
3	Altilov.	-	up in zero g. However, the trousers stayed fully extended
QUERY	Let's talk about the donnings. Did you don footwear in		down the legs. Al routinely cut the cuffs off.
-	the morning and wear it all day long, or did you change	Ref. 2.66	> Although many things in the space station operation
	footwear according to tasks as the day progressed?	REAN	are optimized to an unnecessary degree, the clothes are
LOUSKA	I put on the triangles when I first got up and left them		not. They are probably one of the best tools you have
	cm all day.		all day. You need the pocket just the right length and
			width to accommodate such items as pencils and books. The
QUERY	Jack, you mentioned at one point during the clothing		clothes for Shuttle should be designed precisely with
	debriefing that you had torm out a pocket on a pair of		day-to-day operations in mind. An ordinary pair of
	trousers. Was it that way when you got it out of the		coveralls will not do. Let me give you some examples.
	stowage, or did you rip it out somehow?		

		•	
BEAN (CONT'D)	We all wanted our acturors. Those actamore pockets were	CORPA	Would you fundamentally chan
	terrible. The flap didn't overlap erough, and they are		we have now or would you sta
	had a little piece of veloro on it. Same thing with the	Ref. 2.66	modify them!
	knife pocket. Those things are important and they allow		;
	you to do the job day after day so much faster and smoothly	NETH	I'd get rid of the shirt use
	if you have everything where you can grip it. So the	-	I'd eliminate some of the ex
	Shuttle crews should have their clothes designed to suit		comme that we never used. If
	their particular needs. They should consider what they're		you could clip it on to the
	going to use each pocket for. That became critical as		that the comm has little cli
	far as where the tape and your timer were. All those		booties. Nobody uses them,
	things should be developed first, then the clothes can be		a function. I'd get rid of
Α-	designed. They don't have to be custom made. If we had	LOUSMA	There was a lot of discussion
74	done a better job on the clothes, we cond have worked		versus two, and I think two
	faster on a day-by-day basis.		the flexibility to stay at wh
GARRIOTT	There's no reason why the shorts, socks, and T-shirts	BEAN	The convertible long/short ps
	couldn't have come right off the shelf.	QUERY	Al. were you talking shout +1
BEAN	Exactly.		module?
GARRIOTT	The other thing I wanted to mention was the brown material	BEAN	Yes, flight gloves.
	for the shirts. None of us could wear it. Al wore it a	QUERY	Jack, if you just used the tr

lips. I'd get rid of the little extras on the clothes, like the e clothes somewhere. Make sure se the undershirt as the shirt. tart with what we have now and ange the array of clothee that Whatever temperature you want. is good because it gives you and they don't seem to have on profilght about one piece If you did have to use comm, Jack, if you just used the triangles all day, what did the gloves in the clothing those gloves, maybe. pants were good. QUERY

That's right. I just floated around. That was our complaint. LOUSING

you do when you went to the head? There are no restraints

few times. We just wore the white T-shirts or the jackets. You can't put up with that brown shirt against your skin.

in there for the triangles.

17

You had to change shoes anyway because you were in the LBMP, so it's not an extra shoe change. But that may not apply to Shuttle.	If those shirts were cotton Owen, do you think you would have worn them!	If they were just like the white cotton T-shirts in terms of material, yes.	But I didn't like the tight fit. They fit too close all over. It doesn't feel nice and loose like a T-shirt, or like the shirt you got on now.	Except for socks. We all needed a few more socks.	We need a clean pair of shrts and a clean pair of socks every day. I think a jacket would last a month and a pair of pants would last from 1 to 2 weeks.
GARRIOTT BEAN	्राष्ट्रम	CARRIOFF	LOUSMA	GARRIOTT BEAN	LOUSMA
Ref. 2.66					
Ref.					
You can tuck them in that slot above the urine drawer or behind the urine drawer, if you want to. You can use them or not use them, it doesn't make any difference.	But you weren't going to bother taking off your shoes. It was easier to float around and be uncomfortable than to bother taking your shoes off.	Those foot-strap restraints in there were unacceptable for triangle operations. You really had to concentrate	on holding your feet down or they would flip out. I still think low-top triangles would have been useful all day long, except for use on the bike. It was hot wearing those high-top tennis shoes.	Two months in one pair of shoes was also inadequate because we wore them on the ergometer and you sweat a little. They did rip out, a time or two. One pair of shoes for	all of the functions was inadquate. I would prefer to have a set of low tops to wear all day with my triangles. Then when you got read, to bike, you set those aside, put on your tennis shoes, then put the
GARRIOTT	BEAN	LOUSMA	A-75	GARRICT	EFAN

Was there any particular activity that may have helpsd

QUERY

wear out the heel portion of the shoef

50

others back on after biking.

				
LOUSMA	I think they wore out from the inside. There's a little	Q Q	LOUSMA	Something approximately the size of the tape recorder,
	Teflon rib that goes back on the inside. Just from the	Ker. 2:55		for example, was convenient to camy between your legr.
	normal flexure, it wore out from the inside, because we			I frequently tucked the checklist between my knees but
	all had the same two holes on the backs of both shoes.			that was just a little small. Things like the food lockers
VERTIO	the state of the s			are too big. You have to be careful to control of your rates
	what about the ergometer? Was that where it got its hardest wear?		-	so that heavy things don't slip out and hit something.
			GARRIOTT	If you're careful not to put too much energy into anything
MUSINA M	ies, they probably did, but I don't think they were wearing			that you're moving, there is no limit to what you can
	out against anything. They wore out on the little rib			move around and another. The 3-ton film wault would
	inside.			have been a nice demonstration of how easily large-mass
QUERY	Did you have any general difficulty in donning and doffing			items can be handled.
A -	clothing? Did you want to be contained, nor energy, in		LOUSMA	I carried things inside my shirt many simes somestalling
76	the sleep compartment or did it make any difference at all?			books, checklists, and small things.
GARRIOTT	I preferred to float.	1	QUERY	Did you run into anything at all that you felt was a
BEAN	You didn't have any place to put them at night, so you			two-man transfer task, or could you handle everything
				individually?
GARRIOTT	I always stuck mine behind the comm box on the cables.		LOUSMA	It was the other way around. The things we thought we
QUERY	Did you develp any particular individual technique for			should have two men on, we used one man.
	handling cargo items that you had to transfer from place		BEAN	The only time we used two men to advantage was when we
	to place? Jack, you carried things between your feet			were doing things like transferring the film out of the
	sometimes. Was there a size limitation on how you could			flim locker to the command module. One guy read the book
	do that?			and checked them off and the other guy took the film.

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Not very clearly. I remember when they changed the	thermostat and I remember being a little chilly several mornings when I'd roll out at near zero beta. After running around taking our body mass for example. You can't get dressed, you have to stay in your underwear or whatever you've been sleeping in For whout ton	fifteen minutes there while you're running around trying	to get breakfast and get yourself awake and all that, you can be a little chilly but it wasn't bad.	I think generally we preferred it on that end of the spectrum.	Ilo acceptation of the second	that we averaged to try to come up with an average environ- mental temperature inside. You know when you put that ambient temperature probe and you gave us some readings by voice. Those readings in general tended to be about a degree	and a half lower than what we were averaging last weck.	There was that difference. The ECS ducts gave some concern, before the mission because they are made out of that fluxible material and they tend to sag. At least they did prior to flight in some cases there and we wondered whether or not you noticed any deformation or anything that could affect	the flow reduction because of the sagging of that duct material?	of three large ducts?	Right.	I think they are all fully extended at all times. It looked like they were maintaining their shape.
SPT;	Ref. 2.68		·	PLT:	SPEANED					SPT;	SPEAKER.	PLT:
1 30 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	I think the fact that they were toggles, like switches, instead of the old kind of circuit breakers was really what made the difference. They were easy to flip, inadvertantly. Anytime you grab the little in fact, anytime you grab one of those little switch guard covers, use it as a handhold, it was very easy to trip a switch or a circuit breaker.	Tripped a master alarm one time, grabbing the guard.	Did you have any electrical discharges occur during any activities or equipment operation?	Yeah, they covered that this morning, I forgot to mention it. But let me ask,	With close, only. As far as I know.	We probably spent a lot of money grounding everything, except those just because of the nature of it, we really didn't go overboard on that. But did we probably over that? The impression I got this morning, was, somebody, Owen thought on one occasion he developed some static electricity, but other than that there was nothing.	I didn't notice any at ali.	When I took off my clothes, sometimes I could get a little static electricity on the arms, you know, but none, nothing ever visible and you're right. We shouldn't do, bother doing that unless there's a need for it. I don't know how you do in airplanes, but I'd say about the same as in airplanes. Never had any problem, and probably spent millions doing it. Got to cut the cost of this thing.	Maybe the reason you didn't have any trouble was because you had everything well grounded.	Yeah, I think thats true with respect to basic structure and everything, but all the add-on items Most of them just didn't lend themselves to it.	Went through a considerable program to make sure you had grounding straps, and when things were withdrawn, they were grounded until	they came apart and things of that nature. I would be hesitant to eliminate grounding just because you didn't have any trouble with it.
	PLT	CDR	SPEAKER	SPEAKER	CDR	SEAKER A-77	PLT	сря Ref. 2.67	SPEAKER	SPEAKER	SPEAKER	

....

SPCAKER	You mentioned about the dryness and chapted lips, cracked lips and so forth. Now, do you know after the second EVA that TCE, you know, stuck. It, where the main control velve in the welleck system normally controls to degrees. Its whit clearly your dew point inside and its stuck at forty two, which tended to lower the dew point, you know in the spacecraft. But I was wondering could you tell any noticeable difference, did most dryness occur after that happened or was it just
SPT	I noticed no difference.
PLT	I didn't either. We thought it was dry at the beginning and that we might get use to it, but I don't think we ever really did and maybe that's the reason, because the dew point did change in there. Maybe we would have gotten use to the higher alright.
SPT	Did you know the dew point went down?
PLT	No, I didn't know. At least I dont remember. It may have come up and went over my head.
SPEAKER Ref. 2 PLT	Ref. 2.70 The average dew point was running somewher area of 51° or so prior to that sticking of valve in there. After the valve stuck it was more Ref. 2.70 The an average of 46°. So it was a fair decrease in dow point. PLI I think we generally preferred it on the dry sive as orgosed to the humid side though because it sure was comfortable in expresse and not be seeating for a long period of time and every thing dried out quite readily. Rags or anything you had hanging out dried and if you got your clothes all sweaty kith they'd dry in a hurry. If you splattered water around it would evaporate quite quickly also. I think I preferred it on the dry side
SpT	While we were in there we wished that it was more himid I mean

While we were up there we wished that it was more humid. I mean not like Houston weather. But above the dew point that we had.

But these are all advantages and had we had it at say 60° or something instead of say 41° or 50° we might have decided that the other disadvantages were not -- were worse than the advantages we had for it, so we might have preferred to go back. Although i do remember talking inflight about wishing it were a bit more humid. Don't you remember discussing that? <u>P</u>.T

I think I did. But later on in debriefing to 487 I think I concluded about the same that it would be better to be in the dry end.

tape recorder and the removal of several cards from inside the recorder, it, thening of the chain linkage on the experiment 5019 articulated mirror system, repair of an ergometer pedal, and electrical continuity tests of cubles which were exhibiting an intermittent condition, The tools used to perform these maintenance tasks were, for the most part, satisfactory for accomplishing the task; however, some of the specialized tools did not work as well as standard off-the-shelf tools. For example, the socker-type tools fit very loosely. Some of the maintenance tasks were not foreseen and, thus, specialized tools were not available. In these instances, either an available tool was used or a tool was improvised to solve the problem. Not only should specialized tools be suphome tool bench should also be provided. This visit showed that, in general, given the proper tools, any maintenance task that can be performed on the ground can also be performed in space. In performing maintenance tasks in zero-g, a method for containing and retaining tools and removed parts must be provided. A solution would be a central work bench area where the various components could be taken for maintenance, with tool and component retention capability and good lighting. plied in future designs, but standard tools such as one might have on his

10.2.9 Clothing and Footwear

Used clothing items were discarded when soiled, since no onboard laundry facilities existed. Enough clothing was provided to change socks, T-shirts, and shorts approximately every other day. The crew preference would have been to provide enough clean socks and shorts to change each day. The brown durette turtleneck shirts were not used because they did not absorb perspiration well, and they fitted more tightly, and were warmer than the white T-shirts.

Trousers were provided on the basis of approximately one change pervers, and this was more than adequate. The trousers had three pough-type pockers do not a footh pocket. The pough-type pockers were used mostly service on a contain more feam. The flap on the solssore professional transfer that the solssore were continued to be not a self-or that the solssore were continued to be not the solssore.

ignis of laggestorin prokite kapitish perdatuk a chama nga gyari otka wek, batupe fates for avei, ten 1995 nga nga garanga filatest, file kopa, shaga ka 1995 milas nga nga gentraest aste skalab tasés.

elastic cuffs are unnecessary, as the clothing did not rice up when the cuffs were removed to provide better ventilation. Whether the snaps for connecting the trousers with the jacket were used or not need so recol to make no difference. However, the snaps on the back of the clothing made an uncomfortable pressure point on the spine during entry and should have been removed. legs would not ride up on the body in zero-g. This visit showed that

made of heavy canvas and had a toe cap which prevented fracing and excessive wear. Each shoe developed a pair of holes above the health as a result of an insert which were through from the inside. One best developed a 10-centimeter tear parallel to the sole from loads exerted while pedalting the ergometer. Overall, the triangle shoes were confortable and the slippers, and triangle shoes. The boots were seldom or never used, and the triangle shoes were used almost exclusively. The triangle shoes were Two types of footwear were provided: soft boots, much like house better of the two designs,

10.3 COMMAND AND BERVICE MODULE SYSTEMS

The command and service module systems performed satisfactorily with the exception of the problems with the reaction control system quads ${\tt R}$ and ${\tt D}$ discussed in section 7.7 and the coolant leak discussed in section

The fundamental Lesson relearned from this flight is the need to communicate information about unusual systems behavior as soon as the condition is noted by either the crew or ground bersonnel. Pramiles of first space of the right-hand wind. That is not likely where it is the district of the space B existing likely lead in the district of the right of the district of the right of the space of the right of

channel 2, 9; channel 3, 9; time line, day 324:04:20. T003-3, 324:04:25: channel 1 with 159; channel 2 equal 2 channel 3 equal 2. Filter position 4, day 324:04:30 hours: channel 1, 212; channel 2, 11; channel 3, 3. PLT with the Coolenol postservicing BAMD readings: 5.3692, 5.36907, 5.3684, 5.36960, 5.36676. the top two laces on the shoc so that I don't get the extra ankle support from them. Filter position 6, after: channel, 11^{4} ; 2, 15; and 3, 1^{4} . triangles to the very tips of the shoes so that anchoring my feet in; and, also, I'm not tying I have to use my calves more and whenever I'm SFT at 12:25, M133 log. Day of the year, 324; length of sleep, 7.0; quality, fair. PLT, T00 - T003. Position 2: channel 1, 318; The PLT reporting on T003-234 housekeeping. readings were station 6 - filter position 6: channel 1, 80; channel 2, 4; channel 3, 3. Say again channel 2, 11; channel 3, 3. TIME SKIP TIME SKIP TIME SKIP TIME SKIP SIT out. PLT out. 5 PLT PLT PLT PLT PLT P. SPI324 04 33 11 33 55 324 00 05 27 01 42 43 324 01 43 08 324 02 23 49 8 324 12 25 36 5 ₫ 05 354 324 35 But as soon as my body would rotate to the one-g attitude, that's the attitude which I had in working with - in the trainer for well over a year now, then all of a sudden my mind would flash and say, "Yes, I know where I am," but until that time, why it would look like something enon the ground, but, apparently, this atmosphere up here really enhances that. ore interesting thing I've noticed in the effect of zero g - Well, into a given room sideways or upside down and not recognize it, or I would recognize it, but I would not feel at home in it. medical director. We all have noticed - too much since we got here - a dryness of the skin and certainly in the mouth, And a good part of the dryness that we feel in the mouth is from the medications which we've taken. We noticed that much in the old standard way. And as soon as you get pretty close to the right orientation, then all of a sudden, zap, you get these - transformation made in your mind that tells you exactly tirely different that what I had been working in. it's really an effect of body orientation on the and then finally coming down into the experiment compartment on the lower deck. When I come in there, everything looks sideways. And not until I rotate and put myself in the same attitude as I do in the one-g trainer, do I really recognize room you happen to be entering - that I can move The SPT, 00:02, talking on medical observations. And this should go over to Jerry Hardinsky, the You usually use one-g, believe it or not One thing I'm trying to do is to keep the calves in shape. And two things there: Just move the the situation you're in until it sees it pretty The lack of one-g has some odd effects; for example, we've noticed it's very hard to tie your from up in the MDA through the OWS forward area It's as though your mind won't recognize the -I noticed this effect especially in traveling to pull yourself down. and feel familiar. where you are. spoes. Š SP SP SP SPT 324 00 04 23 324 00 02 27 324 00 03 24 324 00 04 49 324 00 05 06 Ref. 3.3 A-80

Tie

One thing that we've noticed is that we may be running out of tissues, and because of the combination of 5-psi environment and zero gravity, we have - I have a continual problem with numn congestion. And it may be something that is - Before I forget it, it would be nice to include in all Auture stowage areas - Put in tissues. I think we're probably okay, but we're going to run pretty tight.	Okky, on the triangle shoes. I've not been able to use the mushroom shoes; I'm not reporting on them. The triangle shoes really take a beating. This has been reported by all crews, and I think it's, of course, that we've use - When you move around, you tend to sort of move with your hunds and try to stabilize and stop your thrashing about with your feet. The shoes really take a beating, the backs and the toes. The fireman's pole; excellent. I - I use that all the time.	okay, I think I've already covered item number 2 in my discussion of temporary stowage provision and small restraint. As far as body restraint, triangle shoes are excellent. I have found reyelf at times when there's no grid pattern - Like when I did the Coolarol servicing maintenance task, I actually took tethers, tethered my ankles to handholds on the mol sleve. Because as you maneuver with your hands, the rest of your body torques about. And you've got to have some way of restraining your feet because this is the one part of your body that - over which you do not have as much control as, of course, the arms and the upper body. As far as recommendation - as recommendations for improvement, I would say that the triangle shoes are very good, a little bit difficult to get in. If it could be made easier, that would be an improvement. The only way I can think of improvement. The only way I can think of improvement. The only way I can think of improvement of its, where you don't have the permanently installed grid, that you could have some way of attaching, say, something like a fishnet webbing or something into which you could put your feet to restrict - restrain the lower part of the upper body while you could warehing like a fishnet that you could asretch around - and I'm talking about one you can just poke your feet through and maybe entangle them in a coupie
332 17 40 34 PLT	332 17 41 13 PLT Ref. 3.5	332 17 42 46 PLF V V V

A-82

be - of course, clips are very nice, but once they're off of the counter bungees, it's very useful. Hovever, when you're using the bungee, you almost have a convex curved surface, so that the bun - bungee or rubber band or what-

is getting them off. It takes an awhul long time to get them off and get them on; it's awkward. I don't think the lacings that we have on these shoes is the answer. It's awfully time

And one of the problems that we have with them

consuming taking them off and putting them back

on, and we have to do this several times a day

One of the things that we - we found that would

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338 03 35 05 SPT	Going back to seasoning dispensers, I've not used them too much at all. I guess I'd give them an adequate, the problem being that many times the seasoning leaks out of it, and it will also run up the side of the dispenser when you try to get a drop out. Eating utensils: I'd give those inadquate; the main reason being there that like ser - spoon is way too small. I've had to use one from the command module. Sleep restraints:		It puts the ground into a full-scale panic to even touch those things. So I guess I'd say that prort to adequate would be the rating I would give the hundralls. And as far as the MAK and SIS as a working area, as far as restraints are concerned, I'd say it's unacceptable. Gross shortcomings all cover the place, and the MDA is just a lossy place to work.
	I'd give that an adequate. One of the problems is that it's kind of tough to get in and out of that thing. It's a real struggle every time I werk at it. I also don't know what the heck that thing hanging over my head is supposed to do. I would much rather have something you could pull from one side to the other. The thing hanging over my head just really gets in the way, and I'm thinking of cutting it off.	344 21 41 22 PLT Ref. 3.13	Triangular shoe cleats/grid: I would say very good to excellent. Conical shoe cleats/grid: I've not used yet. I want to get around to using those; I'm going to try to fit up my second pair of shoes with conical cleats and try them out. Water tank foot platform is excellent for working dome lockers. It's no - not much grad for working water tanks. I'd say It's poor for working water tanks.
338 03 36 07 SPT	Trash airlock - Okay, sleep restrairt ; give an adequate. Trash airlock: Commund.r does al; the		the received by the ercuching action that has the replace. By the way, a crouching action is the very afficult in zero g; so if you design a fact
Ref. 3.8	work there. From what I see, it looks - looks very good except for the posability of liming up on you. Vacuum cleaner: I'd give that an adequate. The problem there is that it just doesn't have		resitaint where there's - this posture requires a securiting action, then you're not helping us at Gil. In fact, it's a great hindrance to have to by into a crouch because you have to hold your
A-83	enough suction. Wardroom table, nonesting ures:		Library Year Still and your leg missies very stiff and you're at a constraint atrain even putting on shore. When you bend down to put on your shore, if you bend down, it's difficult; if you pull one leg up at a time, it's not too bad to lare shore.
·	poor just from the general concept - maybe if I ever have the occasion to use than four or five tools, I'll go ahead and use it, but I find it just as easy now to tuck the tools in my pocket and go. Portable fan: I give that an excellent. It works real well. We've got it sitting over there by the bike; it cools us off real well.	3% 21 42 22 FLF	Potteire W512/479 foot platform: Not applicable except for its EREP proposes. So - And that's very good except it's very limited. It's only good for the Cab panel, and that's about it. The rest of the thrashing about for the Cab and the VTS operator is done without foot restraints and its difficult. The ATM foot platform is good.
338 03 37 19 SPT	What the heck is an ODAE kit? I give that a question mark. Garments: I give those an adequate. Problem there is that I just get tired of this darn brown. I would like to see some fire restrictions such that we could get some goodlooking clothing in here. Other than that, I find most of the stuff fairly useful; some of the pockets are a little bit too small for what you want to put them in - put in them, especially around the back.		them wy last time because I was - I had to use them wy last time because I was - I had to use my FoA foot restraints for the EVA - foot restraints for the EVA - foot restraints for the Signaturence. Portable handholds: Not used. Portable equipment restraints - tether; bungees, universal mounts, et cetera: Tethers and bungees, in general, are - are - are very nice to use; however, the ones with the little, line wire comes out from under the rivets, and you've just lost it. And not only that, but wiren that happens, you've got a nice wire flashhook there threshing

•		we have on here, the scissors keep coming out of mi**. They weren't oute large enough for the scissors. I don't know how. The little flags were just not long soungh on a lot of them. If the flags had been about an inch and a haif long we could have used the little - tiny little posters, and I'm talking about the one in the front, i've used - I use it for pencils now. It would sare	be nice for a peninght, but it's just no good because the little flap isn't long enough. The snaps on the clothes, that one in the center - These clothes were incl - snearently wave not	designed by a clothes designer because - but a snap on the back of it, it rests right on your spine when - of course in one g, it's very bad. In zero g, it's no problem. But we use it a lot in training. In one g, that thing was really bel. So overall - let's see - overall, I give parments an - an adequate rating with the qualification. the comments that I've made, again understanding that those were - those were made in the - on	the busis of experience that we have gained as in actual use and not because there was any fallence on the part of people to anticipate, because we just didn't know. Light baffles: Now, I don't know. At least that's in the sleep compartment. I have no question about the light baffle. I have no problem with that.	Privacy curtain: I've no problem with that. That's certainly, say - Give it very adequate to very good on the light baffle and privacy curtain.	they're completely adequate. And I - I know we have not gone around screeing them in and out or anything like that because apparently we're getting enough flow and it - it doesn't bother us that much. Air wents in the sleep compariment: I've adjusted mine several times and they're excellent. I have no question about those. And that ends the debriefing on 3 Alfa for the PIT, pages 3-3 and 3-4 in the mal checklist.	PLT out.	This is the CDR at 22:15 Zulu with a 487-3 Alfa, a subjective evaluation guide, number 1. And we'll just get right - right off with the top one
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	756	Wardroom table, non-eating uses: Well, we find ourselves not putting the top on the food trays a lot. It certainly would - it - it makes a nice working surface. I would say it was anorequate. Tool caddy: Oh, that's - that is unacceptable, the tool caddy is. I used it one time, lost two or three tools, and I don't know what all else, and I threw it away. I threw it back where I got it and wowed I'd never use it again.	It does not hold the items, and it's got all the little pickiest pockets on it and everything and I think I could - I - I - I don't want to be unduly	critical on it because I'm sure that someone had our best interests in mind when they designed it, but that thing is unacceptable for all because it doesn't serve the purpose for which it is designed. Fortable fan: We have - thère's - there's certainly — Let me give it a very good. They certainly move air, and they seem to be a lot bigger than they would really need to be, but from that standpoint, and from the functional standpoint, they're ex - ex - Let's see. I gave thum a very	Good. Okey. UDA Kit: I don't know what that is. Garments: Garments should not be made of the synthetic material if you plan to wear garments for more than just a little while. Cotton is very nice next to the skin. The - Whatever this - PBI, or whatever if is we wear, it's very odorous -	outliertus. It sinks, is wife It does after a couple of days' use. And if you looked at our consumables, you can - you know what we do not have a change of clothes every day.	So that this - Whatever this brown - dirty brown stuff is that we wear, it certainly is not good for repeated wear. Other than that, I think we were high on the learning curve, and I just cannot criticize people for selecting this fabric. We just din't know. But just to make - make it clear, so that there won't be any failure in communication, I would say that the clothing is poor to unacceptable because of the fabric and	qualities.	Also, the - Again, I don't know. I don't want to be mean about this, but the little pockets that
		344 22 01 17 PLT	344 22 01 42 PLT	Ref. 3.14	±14 52 05 52 14€ A-84		344 22 02 56 PLT		344 22 03 31 PLT

the beta angle gets lower and we start getting cooler. I just put on a half union suit. That keeps my feet warm and the rest of my body stays quite warm. In the very hot weather, I leave the top blanket rolled up and put it under my head rest, and I sleep in the nude. And I found - find it to be quite comfortable. So I found essentially that	i. We had no use for the - the large overplanket, i. We had no use for the - the large overplanket, if had that by just either rolling up or leaving the top blanket down and changing what I sleep in, the clothing I sleep in, that I'm quite - quite comfortable in the sleep restraint. I think the head restraint has been a good idea. I've made quite a - quite a use of that, and it helps quite a bit.	The trash airlock: The trash airlock has been very good. I think I would give it a rating of - I'd give it a rating of - I'd give it a rating of - I'd give it a rating of overy good. Works quite well. Thank heavens we made the - the pressure relief valve, the orifices, large enough so that you don't have to wait an unnessary long period of time while that airlock either verts or pressurizes. The trash airlock is neathy airself forward where	quite vell. He've not head any problem with it so far. We took the advice of the GL-3 crew, and that was: "Be careful. Do not fill your bags too full so that they cause any trouble gitting out." The three little tabs on the bottom of the bags that fasten over the dogs, the ears on the trash airlock, I think were a very good lies. It gives was an opportunity to eat a good it institute.	with the pusher in the trash airlock and get the trash propelled well out into the - into the waste tank. The vacuum cleaner is quite handy. I would give it a rating of very good. The improvements I would recommend is that we just have more vacuum; that's all. I realize the design of this and where our limitations are, and I think nuture designs - Somebody ought to dream up a new vacuum cleaner, design it from soratch, and do it so that it's got a good, high vacuum.
344 22 44 38 CDR		344 22 45 25 CDR	344 22 46 14 CDR	
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turn the spoon over and smear it over the top of my food and it seems to be - it's evening out quiter nicely. The eating utensils: The big spoon is by far the most handy. The fork is used only when we have meat - frozen meat, and it doesn't get much use other than that. The small spoon, in my cuse, gets very little use. So let me go back. I have - i've broken away from the grading system again.	Food cans. I - I've - I gave them a grade of - Let's see. I think I gave them a grade of adequate, and it would have been better except for the dan- ger of it, the sharpness of the thing. The beverage dispensers also are adequate. Seasoning dispensers are adequate. We need to - need some improvements. Esting utensils, I would say, are very good. I think we could probably leave the little spoon home. I could move in - move on to	miscellaneous nov. We have sleep restraints. I vould grade the sleep restraints as wery good. At - Having had to sleep in the command module with no sleep restraint and then getting the next night down here in the workshop in the sleep restraint, I must say that the difference was quite quite - quite sharp.	It was a very strong difference; it was very it was very pleasant to get into that sleep restraint. I think the best thing we ever did was make those body straps. I think that they've been very fine. I think maybe that in the future, that we don't need to go quite to the extremes of having to get in through a neck ring. I think it would be just as easy to have a sleeping bag sort of thing. If you could zip down and get into it and then sin in then won wouldn't have to o'limb	
	344 22 42 02 CDR	A-85	344 22 43 04 CDR	3th 22 h3 h7 CDR

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6.15.16	:	Observ that is an or man	mary, curs is the FLT. We will be confinuing the narration of the suit donning. We only have 3 minutes left on the video tape recorder; so we probably won't be able to get all this, other than the closing of the zippers. We had to interrupt this for the science conference.	Okay. Now we have Ed partially donned in the pressure garment easembly or our space suit. And Jerry's going to attempt to close the two zippers. There's one zipper on the inside which you see him reaching for now. This is actually the standard.	closes up the inner part of the suit, which is actually a pressure bladder, a large balloon which encases the upper torso and the arms and legs everything some the balloon than	you'll notice he'll be very careful to hold his fingers in the right place there and to avoid any damage to the zipper.	And it - it's not considered the safest thing to do for a man to don himself; so we assist each other. It is possible for a man to put it on by himself; fairly difficult. And Jerry's now fastering the - the zipper to the bladder - pressure	Disider, and then he will get another zipper and close it. When - This completes this zipper operation, and you will be closing the zipper - which actually completes the outer garment of	the pressure garment assembly. And when he completes this zipping operation, you will have a lock, which will be pro - provided to lock the zippers so that they can't come unzipped.	Okay, in spite of what Story said, I think we'll talk about visual observations here. We got the ATM this morning. We'll just start off here talk-ing about handheld site 33 Alfa	And you see that he'll be working this around, working with his fingers.	:	Of course, we - we certainly don't want to damage one of these zippers, and you can see - One of the difficulties we've found in donning the suit
	CREW	345 02 16 50 71.7		345 02 17 12 FLT			345 O2 17 56 PLT			345 O2 18 48 CREW	PLT	MCC	345 O2 19 OO PLT
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	Get 1t on?	Yes.	All right, one of the more interesting aspects of at least of the operation on board Skylab has been the domning of the suit, the spacesuit, or the pressure garment assembly, as it's called. We normally have the suit situated in a foot restraint,	Which you see attached to the floor here, and we've found that one of the more difficult things was to actually get in the upper part of the suit which - Turns out it wasn't - it wasn't too terribly difficult on the ground, but it's difficult to lean over in zero g because normally you have one or helming	you on the ground when you lean over; that is, just try to bend over and touch your toes on the ground, and it makes that sort of a gesture.	Here we have Ed Gibson getting into his suit here, and Jerry is assisting him. We won't go through the full procedure for donning the suit because	procedural cue cards. But we did - thought it may procedural cue cards. But we did - thought it may be interesting to - just think it may be interesting to look at the operation and the dexterity involved in - or lack of it, as the case may be - in - in doming the suit. You see that we do take ful:	advantage of zero gravity in that we try to move around so that the assistant or the individual assisting has the best possible perches.	Now this is, I think, the more difficult part of the operation - That's actually getting your head through the neck ring. And we first that we actually have to have another person in - in some cases,	cur head down to get if down far enough to get through the neck ring. And now you see - Well, looks like - There. Jerry's helping him, and, oh, he's made it very nicely. Must be adapting to	zero g. Okay, now he has his head through the neck ring, and the next operation will be to line up the material, the zipper in the suit.	:	Okay. I - I'm going to cut. I'll go - I'll go kill the recorder.
	34	CREW	_{г.т} Ref. 3.19			345 02 06 00 PLT	A-88		345 02 06 41 PLT			CREW	345 02 07 33 PLT

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4.10.6	interesting, and we're going to begin concentra- ting more heavily on that arma.	Yes, we've got an awful lot of photo coverage of that - that serpentine plume area.	Good. We're hoping you'll keep an eye on it and	not necessarily take more shots of it unless $y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ begin to notice some changes in it.	I concur.	Okay, actually you don't see the	Okay. What we - We got interrupted twice there with a science conference. I think we're at the end of the tape. Locks like in.s is ont of a bust. Oh, well, it was a good idea at the tipe.	Okay, moving on here. This Ericay, we'll ne holding	our first team mesting - "	Droopy-drawers Gibson.	H - Visual Observations for probate will be domine	in, going over ine transcript, see at a time.	Then we'll make und discuss those from an Assess-	ments pound of Yield to see how we're doing, whether we think that's the way we ought to be doing,	And	Okay, in this particular operation here, where	s strap there to pull the two pieces of the garrens	fogether so he can close the zipper. And this Wis discovered to be a problem peculiar to zero-gravity	operations,	Now ne pulls the two pieces of zipper together. Actually, he pulls two simples from most ones.	other, and there's a - a lock-isstenor-type device which insures, of course, that it doesn't come	unzipped.	There you are. Scratch my back, I'll goraton
		CDR	MCC		PLT	NCC	345 02 21 55 PLT	345 02 22 08 MCC		erina.	MCC		345 GD 25: 17 MOC			345 02 35 52 FLT				345 02 36 17 PLT			CREW
		Ref. 3.19	-							•	<u> </u>												
in zero gravity is, actually, we lose the effect	of the weight of the individual and the weight of the suit, itself, in assisting us. Now in other things, some things are easier, and	some things are harder, more difficult in zero gravity. And -	÷	he's now completing the zipping operation of the front part of the suit.	Just Wanted to pass on	Also attaching safety clips, which take the stress		÷	And we find ourselves moving all around the space-	Crait as this takes place. And the - One of the things that we miss is the weight of the upper part	of the suit assisting us bringing the two eages of the simmer together Novill and forms and the simmer	quite a bit of difficulty in trying to pull the two	faces of material together. Once he gets past about the middle of the back, it'll be much easier.	•	er witting up a new topic, 34 Alfa, which will use	the race that you can detect	And of course, the - Notice how easy it is, of course, for Jerry to move serving a 155 years.	plus 30 to 40 pounds of suit.	Over.	Roger, Bill. In the area of planiton growth and	impressed by the Falkland - Falkland Current down off the eastern coast of Arzentina.	Yes an home de Tudente in and an analy	ic., o may we, oughing by that, i think the South Atlantic currents are converging in there. We've certainly found your observations there
			NCC	PLT	MCC	TIG		MCC	345 02 20 07 PLT	ı	A	39		CDE			24) UZ ZO 45 PLE		8	345 02 21 04 CDR		OOM.	

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Now the zippers are fastened, and all that remains to be done is to take the zipper straps, stow them properly, remove the donning assist strap, and to Velero down the pieces of overlapping fabric.	So there we have the pressure garment assembly. Without the helmet, donned. Subsequent to this operation, the pilot would don a secondary oxygen pack, which would be put on his right leg. That's focusse, putting the gloves on. And he would also put on a pressure control unit, which it is special device for merering the oxygen into the sitt while we are inside the closed shit. Notice the suit, and then he will full the material up over the wrist ring. And he'll do the same thing. And he'll do the same thing and then he'll do the same they have special layers on them to prove tect your hands from thermal heating and also to prevent acuffing and tearing of the gives while working outside the vehicle.	Now you can look - recognice this, of course, as a helmet; actually a little bit more than that. You have a clear plastic neimet which is very You hastic, and you just sort of pull down What's called the extraventualer visor assembly, Which protects your eyes from harsh rays of the Son in antillored by the atmosphere. There Son in antillored by the atmosphere. There bly, Ard in addition to the Sivi, of highs, oxtraventings which extraventicular visor highs, oxtraventings which extraventicular visor hasen- bly, Ard in addition to the Sivi, of high of a win- whidoshade-like devices or Sun-areade devices, which son be pulled cown to give you anded sheeting and shelding from the Sun, if you're working in an sarea where you're taching, more or less, directly loward the Sun.	This device separates from the helmet. And the helmet will be put on first, and then the extra-venturar visor assembly will be put on second.	Okay, that terminates it. I nope we've got it all in there.
345 02 36 51 PLT Ref. 3.19	345 02 37 13 PLT	ଅ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧ ୧	3-5 02 39 14 PLT	345 62 39 40 PLT

How adequate has the - the sleep restraint been for aleeping? Has it been useful for anything other than sleeping? Well, I just hang in there and read obserimes. I think it's perfectly adequate for sleeping. The one thing that I find gets in my way is that top cover which comes dwen, which is - Who knows what you're supposed to do with a lt's always either in my face, or I tuck it in, and I can't get my arms out if I want something. The thing is just a general nuisance. I think they should have made that thing so you could zig it on or off or at least so you could zig it on or off or at least so you could have arm armioles through it if you wanted to use them. I don't have it on there. Just the netting, and the enerting, and Ans in there.

The restraints for that table are awin.

Defining the foot restraints. I think the best thing they could have done was to park them - never put those foot restraints in there; strictly splick with the triangular grid. If - If anything, people may want to use soft shoes in there, which is a good idea. We should have had foot restraints - light - lightweight foot restraints which are portable. [ou The other day 1 had to take plants welcoits plants - eloges plants nut of the agar, and I used the table -I think one of these nights I'm gaung to try sieephang without it - that is, without the outside of that, just floating free. I think that can be done, and maybe there'll be an savariage to it. So far, I've not been able to willow the chance of loading a good might's place for the experiment. Other than the EREP foot - triangular shoe platform and the one for the ATM, you've got very little to grab onto in there. Airlock: No, that's just a Actuaily, used the food tray itself with a couple of What non-cetting uses have test found for the vard-room table! Yould a wester nothingation of the table and its sesociated restraints be desirable for any or all uses? With the cover on the top. that seems perfectly sufficient, place to go through, Š. 347 18 47 49 SPT 90 ā, 起路 医络食性体 347 18 18 40 347 18 47 34 3-7 15 -9 06 Ref. 3.20

TIME SKIP

can move those around and put them down there if you want them. Hight now you've got ... triangular foot

force of your other leg coming down and the inertia which if you put your heel back down at the bottom stroke, rubbing your toe down - if you put your heel down, which I just happened to be doing because of the way I was pedaling one day, you can catch it on the triangular grid. And with the And that occurred one day on the bicycle ergometer, It has not sloved me up at all and has not gotten appreciably larger, and I expect that if this'll hold up at least until halfway through the mission, we should have no problem. In general, the shoes are vearing, but the thing is, we've got another set of canvas on board that we'll put in about halfvey through. Seeing as we're about a third of the way inrough now, it looks as inough we're pret. by much -got it made. We - we expect no problem tape over those locations and I'm about to do the back on the left, have undergone a pretty healthy In general, the shoes The SAL DOOR tear. And that is the - right along the bottom edge of the very back, parallel to the ground. The CDE and SPT have - the CDE and PLT have put same. Now one part of the SPT's shoes, on the ifeld is number 213, and exposure will start at 14:54. We're beginning the SO19 operation. The SAL DO is OPEN. The mirror is EXTENDED and set at a ROTATION of 31.0 and a TILT of 6.2. The first This is the CDR at 14:52 [sic] and 30 seconds. The bottom has been ripped straight across. TIME SKIP Ath them. SETS OUT S Š CDR 347 13 31 49 347 13 32 40 347 14 51 26 3.21 Ref. No, make that frame numbers 52, 53, and 54. Correction, that was frames number 51, 52, 53, and 54. The first three were taken of all three triangle f/8, 1/60 with a flash attachment; frame number of left heel, which has become fairly ungled. Let me describe the conditions of the shores in general, that is, what seems to be characteristic of all the shoes and of the SPT's heel. through quickest at that location. With the Loc guards on, however, it seems that they can be quite adequate. As you'll see, there's a lot of scuffing shoes - all three sets - on the grid, all from the same angle, all - each one with three different of your foot, say right below the small tee, if you will, on the outside. But that's minimal and is There is not much wear on the side of the shoes - just an occasional amount of abrasien. I think you tainly see the wear of the toes. Wherever there's Okay, the toe guards which were set up have done a good job. I wore - did not have the tre grands on for about the first 3 weeks, and I could cershoe, which I could not get in. And I have worked with the - for the past several weeks without that We don't expect to nave any a hard surface underneath, it tends to bein wear 94, 5 c. 1 problem with them. The only problem encountered install. And in my set in particular, there was angles: left-side front, right-side front, and can see that's very minimal at the largest width And the last one was taken of the gru's SFT at 13:28 reporting on the photos taken of triangle shoes. They were taken on may Clillo. screw in there, and it seems to be in no way a one screw, the one at the very tip on the left in the toe guards is that they'r reny and discoloration of the toe guard: detriment to the shoe or to myself. holding up real well. S. SPTSPI347 13 27 58 347 13 29 34 347 13 30 37 A-91

The $n u_{\rm Z}$ correction is zero. The $n u_{\rm Z}$ in the ATMpC

Okay.

back on the inside, a stiff - very stiff one, maybe 2 inches across at 1-1/2 inches across. At the

porder to these ridges, the canvas is stretched and encounters a fair amount of wear and stress

where they have started to come through on almost

werybody's shoes.

from wearing. The other real wear points come in the back and - that is, with everybody's shoes,

there is a ridge which runs vertically down the

more of a discoloration or dirtying of the canvas

PLT CDR 9 is minus 2.4, and on the pad, it's minus 2.5.

CREV 347 15 29 41 PLT 347 15 30 37 PLT Ref. 3.22 shirt-type insert at the sleeve. I find it difficult to get the jacket on and off with a wristwatch on, particularly if you have to use the SO cumbersome. So one of the things I think we need is the ability to put trousers on and off withthe idea of this sweetshirt-type sleeve, but - Also, the sleeves are too long. Now all i'my sleeves lot of trouble. And also, the sleeve opening needs to be just a little bit more flexible. I - I like are about an inch and a nair too long; I've rolled the cuffs up to a sort of jacket. And I think that's a fit problem. It was just not quite tail-ored properly. The - They just hang down too long Now comfortable are your garments in terms of fit, warmth, and don/doff ease? Fit: I lost a lot of that's a good question. The jacket has the sweatthe passive radiation dosimeter on your watchband. I finally took the PRD and - the passive radiation out taking your shoes off, because that causes a Weight, I can't complain about the fit because they fit me when I was about 15 pounds heavier, dosimeter off the watchband because it - it was Warmth: No problem. Don and doffing: Well, on the arms. 347 15 27 13 PLT PLT ¥3. 15 28 31

What recommendations do you have for improving IVA garments? Do they tend - Well, that's first. Do they tend to snag as you move about in the OA? Pight Plan book and also the scissors pocket tends to snag, but you could - I finally took the cord off my scissors because I figure it was a safeusing it for pencils. The scissors pocket: Again ty hazard. The pockets are also inadequate. We've sort of marginal, useless, although we - Of course, almost made them good enough. You know, it was just like if they'd have just used 5 more minutes of time and thought, they could have made them real nice, because the way they are now is just sgain, the flap is not quite long enough to really we do use the Flight Plan pocket ... the little straps aren't long enough. I - The little pocket already commented on those before, but they just in front, I think, was supposed to be used for pencils; however, it just - just accommodates a flashlight. But this - this flap isn't long enough to really hold it in. I keep losing it. So I finally stopped using it and went back to

flip and you can knock the sciesors are of your them out real easy if you hit something.

to dig and hunt and probe for the little zipper-pull - they just left these off every place. And I don't If it's nothing more than a little inch and a half lace or cord or - with a knot on it or something like that. But I find myself irritated by having that's so critical on the clothing here. But they think the people really knew what they were doing. and - in order to get at a flashlight in a hurry. IVA garments? Well, any place there's a zipper, there ought to be a zipper-pull tab on the zipper, be an opposition pull-tab. In all, I don't think Also, any place there's a zipper, there ought to I mean I - I've seen an awful lot of things designed with zippers that have pull-tabs on the What recommendations do you have for improving zippers and opposition pull -

ments discussed as the last question in the first debriefing? Have you used any of the M487 to document these changes? And what have you detected in environmental ele-Anyway, that's my comment on zipper pull-tabs.

I'll have to answer that later. I have an Aill pass now. 347 15 30 47 PLT

TIME SKIP

SPT at 13:55 [sic] for M151. Just starting the M092 run now. SPT, observer; CDR, subject. SPT347 15 55 23 347 15 55 35

SPT out. SPT

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PLT, debricfing the ATM pass started at 15:14 - actually 15:32. JOP 9, step 1, building block 2, performed per pad. 1 left DETECTORS 6 and 7 on there when I first started the set at 2500 - and first started the MIRROR, AUTO RASTER, Ground call, I got that off. Other than that - that was performed nominally - truncated at 6; got the nu. update.

give you good positive retention of the scissors

down. I was really whistling along, though. What recommendations do you have for improving IVA garments? Well, one is, even though I like these pockets, I'd like to have a couple garments around here which don't have these blooming pockets, that I could use lust for comfortable, casual wear. I'd also like to get some different colors. I feel like I've been drafted in the Army with this dam	brown; it gets pretty obnoxious after a little while. I'd like to get some different colored T-shirts. Seat shirts might not be a bad ides, but probably	there are better to go with nor right now— either that or lust pullover cardigan type. I think they're plenty warm. Might think a little too warm. The pockets on the gear, though, is not - for the flashlight, is not too sterling. The pocket is either too small or too big for whatever you want to use it for. This pocket, I just don't use. I put the pencil over on the inside pocket ton law thing.	to hold the - my schedule book, although I think that the flap on that is too weak - the Veloro is too weak. The po - or the flap itself is too short; Just barely makes it.	The pockets on the back right-hand side, which I guess one is a pencil pocket and one's a flashlight, are next to uspless because they're too small for a flashlight or too big for a flashlight. The	cassingly gets tost in the center pocket and comes out of the other one. I have not found them very useful at all. One thing I would like is to have a couple of plain old handkerchiefs around here. Not quite too sure why we have to go around here.	plucking tissues out of every all the filme. I would much rather have the two handkerchiefs, and we are running short on tissues and wipes.	What changes have you detected in the environmental elements discussed in the last question in the list, debriefing? Have you used any of the $N 4 b \gamma$ mentuments to document these changes? Environmental elements: Oan't say - environmental	No, I have not done light surveys. Spot meters, I've only used for photography. No, I have flat
	347 19 08 30 SPT			347 19 09 30 SPT		~	347 19 10 16 SPT	347 19 10 47 SPT
hour. The net result is, you end up being uncomfortable for a good part of the day. I think a lot of this is a requirement put out by the experiment itself. And the time can certainly be cut down to far less than that if the experiment did not exist. But the way things are right now, the process just takes too long.	c	Haven't used it yet. It is readjusted for each crewman? No, we don't use it. Do you use the shoes or grid with it? No. The toe bar useful? No. Do you use the chair anywhere other than the ATM? We've got it stashed up there in the top of the OWS. What design improvements do you recom-	ating in the ATM, I personally have to reach all around from one side to amother. One, I use the timer over on the STS for some function. The the as I look at the time, I have te turn the VPS on a present at the time, I have te turn	e L	I generally just have to reach all around, end also, I don't like to be confined. Macy limes, when I don't have my hands on a switch on the panel, I lean back and move all around. I find it	much more enjoyable to work when I'm not confined. We will be glwing that thing a try, though, in the future, just to fill the square.	->	, ht
	SPT How pedu position top	Have Crewer Shoes No. ATM?	ating aroum times use t	metic a par to -	SPT I gen also, when penel	muca We wi futur	SPT How comfor and warmth not too bat tearing an although I question,	I had pocker

the - the ones that are designed for scissors don't have a flap long enough to cover the scissors; the one designed for the flashlight, the same. And so you end up having - you put things in those pockinteres one one of the book, and the book's end the book's end in a second things. Other than that, it's There's one on my left hip. The book - The pockokay. I've already discussed my dislike for the ets, and you put the scissors and the flashlight One thing I mentioned last time a - about them other small pockets that are on here - because snagging, and that is the - the book pocket.

The fact is, I think the way it stands now, I have my flashlight in my scissors pocket; I have pencils in my flashlight pocket, and I have my scissors in the upper right leg pocket. And every time I raise my right foot to tie my shoelace, I jab myself in the groin with the scissors. The - the most im-portant recommendation I would have for the IVA sweat, and they allow the water to - to ewaporate; and the rest stays, and they smell. They react with the sweat and pick up a real smell. Okay, special-purpose pockets and make sure they fit, with a little bit of leevay, the things that you intend to put in them. And I don't know what to tell you about the shirts. They catch the - the garments is, for crying out loud, let's be more careful about how we design all these little

Question number 9. What changes have you detected The last question is lighting, noise, temperature, in the environmental elements discussed as the last question in the first debriefing? All right. humidity, airflow, and all that sort of thing.

It cooled off and was quite comfortable, and now we're back up into a hot cycle again. It's startof course, I've noticed was hot when we got here. ing to get warm; OWS temperature is about 75 to 77 degrees now. And the system can't keep up with it and it's just getting warmer and warmer, but, thanks beavens, we can doff clothing and stay reasonably comfortable. The humidity in this - As the temperature goes up,

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probably allow more on the order of 30 minutes, If you're poing to do just one men, allow 15 minutes; if you're going to do two men, you should probably allow 20 minutes; and for three men, 30 minutes.	357 Ot 57 35 CDR Okay. The next down the line is M509-1, 2, and 4. Bill and I both have felt crowded the local and 1.	times. We think maybe you ought to allow 3 hours and 30 minutes. Give us an extra 15 minutes, and if we start gettime shead, we'll give it hout to	you. SO19 Papa Romeo 2, we think we can do that in 35 rather than 45 minutes. SO19 Sierra Tanko-1, we think we can cut back from 40 to 30 minutes	on that. We can do that in 30. 357 04 58 06 CDR Going down to S063 Hotel Pens Ponso. University	done it before. Looking at the proceeding, we never estimate it'll take 30 minutes to do if the first time. And if we get better, we'll cut the time. SOGS Hotel Oscar Papa - In fact, all of these 04 plus data take plus 02 entries, we don't think		357 Ok 58 38 CDR So I would like - 8063 Hotel Occar Pape to be a 10 data - 10 plus data take plus ≥ is okay. S953 Kilo Hotel Papa Romeo, both to 30 minutes. Kilo Hotel Occar Papa, 10 minutes plus data take plus 2	The stow is okay. S073, S183, we don't have any thing to argue with there. S233, the data take should - It should be a 10-minute blue data take	plus 2 because you've got to go in, you've got to close the hatch, you've got to turn off all the lights, you've got to make sure your watch is running prop - properly, set up properly, you've got to open the window, set up - make sure the camera is pointed in the right direction. And you	Jack don't do all that in 4 minutes. You really need 10 to do that.	357 04 59 40 CDR Stereo photos for all three guys, we think that ought to be 45 minutes. It takes quite a while to set up all three cameras, get the string, get all that Junk put up, get three guys undressed, get two guys positioned, talk over what you're going to do, and get your signals all down square and everything, and we don't do that often enough
hot right now? 25 at 0.4 may be the one; so make it 01 is the one. I took another look at it after the JOP and after the observing time, and did not appear to - to be particularly active even in the XUV MON. I did not look at the coronu.	PLT out.	SFT at 16:12. MIS1. Conclusion of MO92. Start of 171.	Out.	TIME SKIP	SPT at a 20[sic]:34, with a message for FAOs and anyone else who gets involved in flight planning. Okay, this morning on paper our schedule looked fairly straightforward and relatively easy. Met	All the gridelines and just looked as though you could zing right through it. Let me tell you, blow where think go awry. Number one: After my	019 was going. Could the debriefing; so per so I would not for- llater by voice.	After the ATM debrief, I had 13 minutes before the - After writing it down, I had 13 minutes before the	ATM conference. I came whistline down the OMS; pulled Jerry away from hes work. We had 10 minutes at that point and concluded we had insufficient time to do the limb-volume measurements - about enough time for me to get my drawers off and pull out the tape measure - so that was not accomplished.	At that point, the MIM conference was coming up. Then we had our S233 going on - all coming up in the	MA at the same time as the conference - just when all the lights had to be out. So at that point, I had to go up to the AIM, get any paper work I needed for the conference - which included a couple of photos, a couple of notes I had made, the AIM schedule - bring all that down to the wardroom. Okay, at that point, I still had a urine drawer which was not empty - not changed out.
	354 16 03 29 PLT	354 16 12 14 SPT	354 16 12 19 SPT		354 16 34 37 SPT	Α-	-95	354 16 35 27 SPT	Ref. 3.27	354 16 36 05 SPT	

I don't know. It's no - no design feature, but on the - when we get to high beta angles, the SPT's sleep compartment gets rather warm on the wall there because there's one part of the will there which is not shaded by the thermyl chield outside. Noise level: Fine. Illumination: Great.	Experiment compartment, general arrangement and orientation of compartment: Okay, here I would like to see us start using valls a little bit more. We've just got bare open spaces on walls. I don't know why we can't use equipment. It's really a one-g device. OWS is one g. That's one feature I do like about the HDA, is that at least we've managed to make use of all the walls. The walls are the working area.	made for working, for training in one g. *** photography or for better vision, for one reason or another. They could do it in the airlock. Well, what can you say about it? And airlock is an airlock. The tube - the tube is a tube. There's not much else you can do with it. General arrangement and orientation of the compertment for EWA is adequate. Volume: Well, I think it could be a bit larger. Run into a few instances where we had though thems a high and or a reason of the competition of the competiti	of gear just because we don't have enough rough there. I'm afraid one of these days we're going to kick one of those delicate pieces of gear while we're in there and really mess it up. I think the volume could at least be 50 per - should be at least 50 percent larger for that kind of operation. Getting yourself in there with all that umbillical and - and in a situation which may require that you have a volume available to you for crew asfety, I don't think it's good - a good design in terms	of Yolume. You just flat need more. Ceiling/floor proximity: Yes. That's not applicable. Ingress/egress provisions: They're great, one after the other. Trash collection provisions: There are none, but you don't need it in there. You're always passing through whenever you'd be in the mode of making or generating trash. Stowage
-	361 04 26 35 SPT	361 04 36 32 SPT		361 04 37 43 SPT
				Ref. 3.29
triangles in there; we need flow throughout the Whole room. That exhaust fan does a good Job, but I'm not sure where it's coming from. Must be coming through the door. What we retaily ought to have is some way of sucking the air right up room below, same as we do in the -in the other r oms. Thermal comfort's adequate. Noise level's great. Illumination's fine.	Okay, in the sleep compartments; general arrangement and orientation of compartments. General strangement: I would like to have it so that the SPT doesn't have to go truiging by two other guys on the way out in the middle of the night and wake them up. I think the arrangement ought to be such that three guys could have access to the sleep compartments without having to go through or immediately adjacent to the other two. The compartment, itself, is too small. I think what we need in there are some locations where a person could	sit down or at least, if you will, sit as best he can in zero g and work. You need a small—small desk in there. You need better, more provisions for your personal equipment. I've had to bags out of there, which have no place in the sleep compartment, a whole host of other things, and try to make a little more provision for some of the things I'd like to have immediately accessible to me.	Ceiling/floor proximity is fine, Ingress/egress provisions, I just discussed. Trash collection discussed. Again, that is poor in that stowage volume for personal items is negliaible. Access to them: I would just as soon use a few more walls for that. Temporary equipment restraints: There are none. Personnel mobility aids: None. Personnel restraint devices, other than the sack which we've already discussed, none.	or too co. put my fee vent comd ar one or so my feet
	361 04 23 25 SPT	д-96	361 04 24 35 SPT	361 04 25 13 SPT

S183. Usually took about two men to get that think wased into place in the SAL is the trainer, and here one guy can handle it very early with one hand with no problem whatsoever. It's Just a matter of taking your time and ictuing the inertia work for you rather than against you. Tart C, work activities requiring assistance from	other creament I don't see any either detriment or conclidal thing there. Fercons, maintenance activities of personal hygiene, Johning and defining parachts, and all that: Personal hypicare, the art of defecation is made more difficult because the - the waste products don't move away from you and you have to pull them away from you. That is definitely a disadvantage.	and we'd like to point out to you that the stee at 19:13 is non-time-critical and that we	cortainly don't want to cut = cut into your JOP 18 maneuver. You can put that off until 19:17, 19:15, something like that.	whe that for me?	• 'c	• क्षेत्रह	Whatever you need,	Durning and doffing of garments is really easiby in zero g than it is in one g, with the exception fyll snows and nocks, things that require you bending. We were quite surprised to find out how nich we use gravity when we bend over to tie our shoes or untie our snoes or put on a pair of socks or nomething like that. Up here, you've got to use those etomach muscles to pull your foot up close to you to the your shoe or work a sock or something like that, and it really works the old stonach muscles for you.	Haste management cleanup chores: Okay, I guest I called that personal hygiene, and thrula all-ready covered, Locomotion in and through various OA compartments: Zero g almost invariably works for you. The forward compartment of the workshop
.8 03 CDR	·	89		CDR	PLT	CDA	აა	срк	19 22 CDR
365 18 18								Ref. 3	365 18 19 22
more than adequate. I've learned to use them, and I think they're super. But there's no handhood in there; Just list noted in there; Just list noted in the which I have to grab onto. I think in the the one-g layout that you have down here in the experiment compartment, you don't need hape out in the center of the floor. By there of the NDA. I think you at least need some handless.	or something to grab onto to move from one inser- to the other - sticking out a lattle above some of the equipment becase that equipment - Come of it's fragile; some of it's just flat barcsided One thing I have a deathly fear of is gratising those rate give and sending us off on a - rate gyros off on a wild goose chase. Granted the were not supposed to be in there to begin with	cate equipment,	357	Ref. 3.30 and I find myself taking the jacket off, scientimes the I-shirt. I know we got an insert the rese.	Noise level: May too high. Acide from the regulation which I mentioned, we've got note gyras in the re-	And they're both making so much mistor, or or theil mist noise level exists noisence or or or or or		they do make a whate of a lot of noise. Gradually, you tune it out after a little while, but - For example, when you're recording, it begines the recording. For example, when you're recording, it begines the recording to the noise that think you can think as clearly in there, as you - as you might be abit to without all that racket right behind you. I think anything like that ought to be greatly reduced. Internal of energy, a factor of 10 to 000 or so less than what it is right now - that's noise energy. 361 04 49 02 SPT Illumination: Again, it get - it's a little dark	in there. I faink we got enough light scattered ground to really get good photography. You have to take and bring in some high-intensity lights. For some reason, the lights we have in there matter of fact, all throughout the whole space-craft - are just low illumination. I don't know

various sized equipment items - small, medium, and large: Appurently, the - the big help in that you don't have to worry about lifting against the one-g force field. And the big problem, of course, is - is moving from one place to another and not binging something in the process. Other than that, I don't think there's a big problem, and I think it's quite easy to move things around in zero g. You just have to look where you're going.	Work activities requiring assistance from another crewman: Not too - That hasn't been too much of a problem. We usually can pass things to each other in zero g quite handily. As far as working	together in zero g at a specific location, I don't know. Personal maintenance activities - personal hygiene, donning/doffing garments: Well, bending over to tie your shoes is a big task.	Putting the suit on for EVA is a big task because anything that requires you to bend over like that turns out to be a - about three or four times, maybe lo times as hard here in zero g as it is in the contract of the suit	one guerance, strange as it and yours for or field pulling your head and shoulders and force field pulling your head and shoulders and torso down really is a big help. And donning the suit, we've found is extremely difficult just from the standpoint of the - the difficulty of heading over at the waist.		water spatter is a big problem there. I've already mentioned having lots of tissue and certain types of blotting devices for handling the problems that occur - peculiar problems that occur in the waste management area. But I think in the future, in spacecrafts you ought to be able to have one place for washing your hands and shaving and that	Bort of thing, and another place for going to the bethroom and taking care of the bodily functions. It's - I think it's preferable from a hygiene	standpoint, and I think it's also preferable from a traffic flow standpoint.	I think that the - you ought to have a place to wash your hands and a place where you defecate and urinate, but you also ought to have a separate place for shaving and taking care of routine primping and - and - and cleaning up - combing hair and
	1 PLT	33	O PLT		PLT				12 PLT
	365 22 00 41 PLF	Ref. 3.33	365 22 01 10 PLT						365 22 02 12
can become a problem in locomotion and moving; and that is, if you allow yourself to drift many from a handhold and it's 20 feet to the next handhold, you got nothing - you got no choice but to be patient and wait until you get there. So you have to be careful in the large dome area, forward compartment. And if you want to go somewhere, point yourself and go; and it's no problem. But if you want to stay where you many whether anchor yourself. hereaise if you start shifting off and get	without reach - outside the reach of a restraint, then you're - you've just lost time. And you can flail and thrash all you want, and it won't do you a bit of good.	365 18 20 23 CDR How satisfactory is the frequency of change of bedding, clothing, towels, and washcloths? I don't think the bedding has to be changed quite Bof 3 32 as much as - quite as frequently as it does. I		the problem and we can live very nicely with what we have. Okay, this is the CDR. I'm going to terminate this because other people need the recorder. And I'll try to get back and talk a little bit more about question number 5 later.	→ 365 18 20 56 cpR cpR out.	CO 365 18 21 26 PLT This is PLT. The time is 18:21. And the exposure terminated prior to 18:21. And that was for field 043. TILY was 0 - 10.3; NOTATION, 166.3; for PLATE number 20; 000/000/0620. So we got by in fine order on those two exposures. I'm starting to now - to do the stow on 183.	365 18 21 58 PLT PLT out.	365 18 25 15 SPT SPT at 17 - Make that 18:25. And this is some of the TV which can be fitted into TV-77. If you will, shift this portion into the part that I'm about to	record later on, which - This will show the point- ing of the comet. We're now looking at the display for the white light coronagraph. And down in the lower left is a very faint object which turns out

problem. I found that it's a heck of a lot easier Just to put the tools in your pocket than to go round up that other thing which looks real official but maily to the contact the text.	Once you're vorking on a surface, however, you'd like some way to hold it down and if there's no Veloro handy, then you're a little bit stuck and we always end up using a little gray tape. There a piece of gray tape maybe a foot long or so accepted it to something and then how the tools of the loop. Anywhere along a couple of inches here	or there. You use that gray tape pretty much in that same manner for a whole list of things.	If there was some other way of holding tools, I'd most welcome it. Individual tether -	***tools are provided? Yes, I think I could use a different type acrevirior. I think I was try-ing to put the - put my shoes back together again. Put the toe on and I had to put a - a new covering or over one - the right - my right shoe. And those acrevs on the bottom are a little bit too large for one size screwdiiver and too small for	the other. And you got to put a lot of force on those screws and a lot of pressure. And I find it would have been useful to have a screwdriver which would fit, and we didn't have it.	I've usually been able to make almost anything. I've usually been able to make almost anything. I can get almost anything I needed to get done in one way or another. I find the Swiss army knife is an exceptionally useful tool itself. The	postural adjustment is question number 2. What postural adjustment have you had to make in order to accommodate task performance in zero gy First one is at the ATM panel; I wish that the flooring was a little bit lower there. I find myself having the continually bend over; was much worse as	the beginning of the mission when I was used to the simulator. Now, I'm used to working a liftile	higher eye level on the ATM panel, but I still find myself bending over and that is somewhat of a problem.
			022 18 52 53 SPT	.	TAS 63 83 70 .			·	Rof 3 37
you got to go back and very carefully get them all off, make sure they're all off before you on open what it is you want to get to. And that's a time consumer, that's a real waste.	*** I think I mentioned that to you in an earlier briefing when I was howling about the rilm valit, and I still feel just as emotional about that dang thing. We really let a bad one get by when we dian't force the issue and require that retention in the drawers be taken care of and a decent latching system be used on the doors.	CDR out.	TIME SKIP	SFT at 18:50, MABT-2 Delta. How effective are the various tools used thus far; particular, which are poorly suited for use in zero g? Do you find that you needed any tools other than those provided in the kit? Okay, I'd say the most of the ones that I used so far are very effective. There's not much shout union.	in one g that's different in zero g, in terms of the - the tool and the structure that you're working on. Retention of the tools is somewhat of a problem, however. You do have quite a few tools that you're working with.	Skylab, this is Houston through Guam for $10-1/2$ minutes with a data/voice tape recorder dump.	Ah, they're dumping the data/voice recorder. Well, that blows this. So I'll have to pick this thing up later. Well, hold on. Houston, I was in the debriefing at this point, can you hold off for that tape dump?	W111 do.	Thank you. Okay, the problems that I have encountered with the tools is first of all, the - to go get that tool carrying kit, that is always a Rof
	022 18 24 16 CDR	022 18 24 36 CDR		022 18 50 35 SPT	A-100	ઇ	Lds .	ົວວ	002 18 51 56 SPT

Ref. 3.37

			・ 1977年 - 19	es piter, and 11, no swist have an error or mannes 1.0 whiter		Gray Fights on the revenue of the control of the co	Nogen.	CARY With party companies of property of the Cary Market Cary Cary Cary Cary Cary Cary Cary Cary	Roger, Jerry, We week at	Rock, I'll ber it's more like 1000 miles.	Roger.	With the PLT's shoe problem, we told him if he pulls up lame, we're going to have to shoot him.	(Laughter) Roger, And, PLT, Houston, If - if that window will let you, we'd like you to look	as close of Havill - Havil - as close - as	That's almost impossible. We'll give you the best we can.	Окву	You can almost not see the ground at all, there's so much haze now.
20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		6.			J)	ŧ.	C16 30 78 27 70	}3 82	20	cps	99	016 00 29 28 CDR	၁၀		CDR	20	016 00 30 05 CDR
1 90 mg						Ref. 3.40	316					910					016
Cleanup phores. I don't find those to be shy vorse in corp g. Well, I guess I do in s Way. think when you're working with s - with s wash-	cloth and it's wet, falthy - later and she was really scared for min; that's	why	And you splash it exound -	 to be - be sure and not let anybody pick him up again mistake. 	I'll speak to Sue	Then it tends to splash all over, and goes in one direction. On the ground, of course, it all ends up straight down and you can get - a little easier cleaned up.	Locometion in and through the various SA compart- ments: No protlems, I find I can publy way	around this place pretty quick frow. Any February to zero & or one &, I find it'd be a heck of a lot harder to well around. Certuinly in the one-5 trainer it was always hard going up and down stairs. Around here I could go whistling from the orders.		How satisfactory is the frequency of oracies of bedding? No problem there. We have more than we	need, way more. Clothing: meth, tothing to change my shorts and shirt once a day. Towell	washcloth: Okay, we got nore than enough of those. I guess socks - socks, shorts, and shirts I'd like to change more, at least once a day.	SPT out.	Okay, PLT. Subject is M487-1 Alfa, Charlie, and	Bravo.	Bravo. I'm going to read off the levels of the sound meter first. And this - these were taken	over a period of time. Okay, wardroom, over the table. Temperature was 72.3 degrees. Ambient
148 54 E0 800	d er	rado.	Lds	RCO	PLT	Ids	003 03 04 29 SPT	A-10	וְן	Tes	Daf 3 38		003 03 05 19 SPT	003 03 11 22 PLT		TId	

TAG Tape 017-01/T-732	23		
Page 4 of 5 /3934			about right - Negative, no, it was later than
PLT	Press on, Dick.		view occasie we mad the limb blood flow. I don't really know; you'll have to check on that from when the data came down on NOO3. It now has
9	Okay, here's one on TCO2, Bill. We noted in - in - noticed in the data some large blases in the sightings including the zero reading. And it's - the data's sort of similar to a couple of sessions in Bean's mission, and - when the transparent vardroom window protective shield was left on. And we were - just wanted to confirm that the sheet - the shield either was or was not removed for this particular sighting.	022 02 35 14 CDR	takes us about an hour and 10 minutes to do this whole thing. Okay, the unta is as foll was the PLF's left calf measured 13-1/4; his right calf measured 13-1/8. The legbands that were used were Charlie Juliett, with a cal adjustment of 2.5. And Alfa Quebec was used on the right side. And that's all the data you need.
FIL	That might have been it. I - I'm not sure.		TIME SETT
017 00 10 44 CC Ref. 3.41	Okay, one other quick one, Bill. Before I do, we're about a minute from LOS; Tananarive at 00:29. Another one is you reported a triangle snow failure. We wanted to know a little bit more about that. What were you doing when the right shoe failed, and do you have any comments about the design as to whether or not you think that contributed to this particular failure? And - and also what kind of loads did you have on	022 12 09 59 PLT	Okay, this is PLT giving M487-2 Lelta crew debriefing. I got the time to 20 more minutes. Okay. How effective are the various tools used thus far; in particular, which are poorly suited for use in zero g? Did you find that you needed over yourse ther than those provided in the kits?
ਸ਼ੁੱਕ A-102	# H H H		okay, yes, we've round that we dills are to may files, regular-type files, and dills are a couple of things that we'd like to have. I guess that the tools that we've used - I know we've had difficulty with some of them. I was just trying to - I was trying to remember the specifics
	metal had already been latigued.		
037 00 11 32 CC	Okay, we're going over the hill here. If - if you did want to add any more about that, why don't you just put it on the voice recorder, and we'll pick it up. Thank you much, Bill.	022 12 11 14 PLF	One of the biggest problems we have is in managing the tools. And I end up carrying them in my pocket. The tool caddy is almost useless because it doesn't hold the tools. They just ome out of it when you're - you try to put them in there and
017 00 29 19 CC	Skylab, Houston. Hello, at Tananarive for 5 minutes.	Ket. 3.42	move, why they just scatter all over everything, come cut. Things like putting all of the Alle - little hex, or Allen wrenches, you know - in a lag.
CDR	Roger, Dick. On those two SOPs, number 006 has		where you have a bag with them. We're dolighted to have the Allen wrenches or the hex wrenches, but see, when you open the top of the pocket.
99	Okay, Jerry. Sure appreciate you taking the time to read them down to us. We appreciate that. And I've got a change to the ATM schedule or an addit - Slight addition to the ATM schedule pad for someone for this daylight evole that hearns		you know, then it gets - everything just comes floating right out in your face. And with it - it sounds like chimes ringing. And - that - that's a difficult task to handle and I'm sure that's -
	upcoming here at 00:35.		

TAG Tape 030-07/T-888 Time: 030:16:30 to 030:18:00 Page 1 of 12/4845

SKYLAB AIR-TO-GROUND VOICE TRANSCRIPTION

My shoes getting worse all the time. Just about tore my foot off.	Oh hush.	Okay, downling switch, position 7.	Okay, there are scattered to broken $clouds$.	We're with you guys across the States. Procedly got you about 15 minutes.	Окау.	Okay, Crip.	Okay, waiting for 46 even.	Okay, Dillon Reservoir, if you can jus, kind of jump out and lit me right in the real	You might get wet that way.	That soka, At least I'd get the uso.	Stand by for 46.	Okay, that's the end of the nadir swath. I can start -	Stand by -	MARL SCAL STAIDSY, ANS -	MAKK. 1929, ETHEDBY. 193 MEDE, CROSSTERNY COUTTON. 1905, And ANGLE ROLL, plus 30. POLARIZATION. 1. Waiting for 46:30.	Everyhody's socked in up in the northyest.	Stand by -	MASK. SCIR, CN and RAB, CN. 193 ALTIMENER MONE to 5; RANGE, 73; POLAR - Ckay, that's that one. *** link, 7. And you might confirm our downlink switch position 7 if you would, Grip.
030 16 30 07 PLT Ref. 3.43	030 16 30 10 CDR	030 16 44 41 PLT	CDR	8	#12A	CDR	030 16 45 26 PLT	CDR	8 A-1	6 03	TIId	GD5	IIId	214 00 95 97 050	030 16 46 62 PLT	88	PLT	030 16 46 30 PLT

- GIBCON As I recall, it was straightforward, no problems.
- CARR Water System Gas Bleed:
- PACUE Water system gas bleed, water sample, H₂O system flush, H₂O system bleed, WWCH activation: I didn't like the design. The procedures were well written. Everything was nominal except for the error on me. It was recoverable. All it did was cost me time.
- CARR Triangle Shoe Distribution: I was very relieved to get them.

 I was tired of not being able to anchor myself properly to do anything.
- restraining yourself. The more grid you have available around
 a work station, the easier it's going to be. My only regret
 is that even though we had grid, the floor people had managed
 to bollix up at least 50 percent of the available triangles.
 I'd say at least that.

A-104

I remember being impressed right at the outset with the triangles shoes. I wish we hadn't gone for hightops, I wished
we'd gone for low-cuts. I never did lace my shoes to the top.
I always laced to about two or three eyelets short of the top
and tied the laces around my ankles. I would have much preferred low-cut shoes.

CARR

Ref. 3.45

GIBSON I did that, too. I did it to try to allow the calf muscles to get a little more exercise. Rather than have the arkle restrained with the hightops, sort of make them into a low-cut. We get more exercise in the legs. I think it would be an idea for the future. Those hightops, if anything, gave you support that you shouldn't have had.

- CARR I'm sure that was the purpose of the hightop, ankle support, so you wouldn't hurt your ankles.
- GIBSON Yes. The problem is that you want to work your ankles so you don't lose all that strength. You keep your legs in trim.

 That's one reason I tied them down a couple of eyelets. We should have had lowcuts instead of the hightops.
- POGUE I like the hightops. I have weak ankles to start with. The point you're making is very good. There's no reason why we couldn't have had both. They don't weigh that much. I ended up breaking one of my shoes. It would have been nice to have a backup there.
- CARR Yes, we should have had backup shoes.
- GIBSON Foot-plates. All we had was a canvas cover. One evening I tried to put the toe-guards on mine. I spent 2-1/2 hours and nearly put the acrewitiver through my palm a few times trying to get them on. I thought that was a poor way to go. We

5-13

PROPERTY AND THE THE TEXT OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPERT

GENTYD) should've had shoes that were right to begin with. Secondly, (CONTYD) to change we should not have had to unserew every little strew.

Ref. 3.45 There must have been about 20 screws in each. That was a real

vaste of in-crbit time.

CARR I have to take a lot of the blame for that one. I was the one who bought off on bringing up new shoe tops. The choice was to bring out new shoe tops or nothing. The option was not open to take up a new set of shoes.

GIBSON From the amount of time and effort it really took inflight, it was a poor trade off.

CARR We were forced into taking shoe tops because of a weight CO consideration.

CAMB Miscellaneous Medical Supply Transfer. That was very badly handled both by me as well as by the jecule on the ground. We should never have got ourselves into a situation where I had to open up those cans and start miscellaneous medical supply transfer on activation day. That was absolutely ridiculous. That should have been done many days later. It shouldn't have even been attempted in activation. We should have transferred only that which we felt would be possibly needed early. All of that foolishness of working with tubes of lidocaine and epinephrine was a gross waste of time in activation. We never

POCUE and make sure that we were aware of those that applied to any (CONT'D) part of that day's work. That is a management function that was not allowed for in postsleep activities.

Then we had wrine sampling and drawer resupply. These are simple, straightforward tasks but they are time consuming.

Toward the end, we were doing them within 10 minutes, but at the first, it was taking me approximately 20. We had the receptable for the bag that we had to put in a position to measure the quantity. Then we had to sample it, get a new drawer and a new bag out, and suck it down to vacuum to make sure it didn't have air in it. Then we had to put it back in and reinsert it in the drawer. Then we were through. In the process, we almost always spilled a few drops of urine. What looks like a simple, one-line entry turns into a great complexity in total time management.

The BAAC required getting use to, and it took a little time.

The S233 could square wave the postsleep activity. The experiment only took 7 or 8 minutes, but we had to make sure we had a camera, took our pad, and got there in time to get dark adapted. We also had a remote device. If we didn't have time to get dressed then we wouldn't have the pencils in our pockets. All this added up to confusion if we were not thinking

POTE 1/2 boar about. We possibly had not enter at this time a r (CONT'D) changed the union drawer and we ware account thinking about comet photographs.

We had to unfinate before we did the 1985. So, there are many serial tasks that made it not downtail topether. Later on in the mission, this started to fit in quite well. The 233, a comet photograph, could take 12 to 15 minutes. We had to make sure that the namera had the right type of film in it. There should have been one carera didicated to 3233 only and there was after some time. We did have occasions when the camera was downloaded, and there was confusions about it that did require strentism. Total of the time, everything was all right but we still had to sheek it.

The early ATM work caused Ed prolims. It usually did not affect us but we made sure that we worked aroust him the right way. The pad organization means getting the pads straight, We had to make sure we had the surmary flight plan sent in the evening and all the supporting documentation sent the following morning. If we did that experiment twice, we had to make sure that we had them in the right order. Sometimes they were addrensed to the wrong crewman. If I had a certain type of experiment, I may have had the maneuver pad for somebody else who was going to do the maneuver. This was not a simple, straightforward

6-5

Ref. | 3.47

POGUE management operation; it required attention and interpretation. (CONTID) And all this time we're supposed to be weighing ourselven,

And all this time we're supposed to be weighing ourselves, getting breakfast, talking to the ground and answering the questions, throwing valves and switches for them, going to the ATM console and back down, getting another drink of orange juice, talking to the ground again, and this was supposed to be a nice, relaxed postsleep activity. It turned out to be a chaotic operation some days.

In between all of this we were supposed to be reconstituting our food. Updates and corrections of pads started at breakfast

time and continued through the day. We were also supposed to shave, comb hair, brush teeth, and do whatever else was listed

We did this very rapidly.

on a standard format.

A-107

GIBSON We just skipped it.

POUR We didn't do it, that's right. We did get cameras in position at the wardroom window.

Ref. 3.48

Normally the first thing I do when I get up is I shower, shave, dress and then I go about my activities. We had to weigh in the many in a standard configuration every day, unclothed. We did our first activities without shoes so we did have to wait until that was all done before we could get dressed. If I had to fit my film threading pad in with that, I ended up doing the film threading pad without my triangle shoes on, trying to save

9-9

POCUE
time so that I could fit myself in with the postsleep activity
(CONT'D)
of the SFT and the CDR. That was difficult because I was barefooted doing the film threading pad. And, of course, I out of
3 days I'd have a loading problem with one of the transporters,
and this would be time consuming. I will admit that after we
organized, the film threading pad turned out to be much simpler.
We were doing it in the evening.

I want to point out that what would appear to be a superficial type of complaint is not really that. I listed approximately 13 things that we were doing during that hour devoted to PSA in the morning.

CARR Okny, let's move on to experiments. Ed, talk shout a typical day with the ATM.

GIBSON We're still talking about the first 28 days. Usually, I vould be the first one there in the morning. I would try to get the pads organized and the numbers copied onto the cue cards, although that was not always the case. Scmetimes Jer or Bill did it.

The first pass of day was usually devoted to a JOP 6, building block 1, and that was usually pretty straightforward. If you find yourself rushed from the PSA, you can get behind and start making mistakes. Again we are talking about the first 28 days. There were many mistakes made on the ATM in those first 28 days.

let the computer system drive us to a point that we can't really you tell somebody to go to station 699, if he doesn't know what 699 is, he's got to go to a stowage book, research it, and find that we dehumanized stowage to a point that it sometimes caused that we worked so hard to make the listing computer compatible out what 699 is. If you'd have said, go to the trash airlock slightest idea what station it was, but we had a hunch. We'd was a station or a location that was commonly known by a name go to the stowage book, find the number and, sure enough, it us problems. We've got to be careful about that. Let's not station 699, and it was really called a trash airlock. When There were some areas where something was just not called a directed to go to a certain station, and we didn't have the rather than a number. I think our problem with stowage was were several instances of that in procedures where we were in your procedure, there would have been no question. relate to the human side. CARR (CONT'D)

A-108

Clothes: we've pretty well talked about clothes in M487. I think we were for the most part satisfied with the clothes.

have had pull tabs on them. Ed and I agreed with him 100 percent. CARR I think Bill indicated on one occasion that the zippers should (CONT'D) If there was a little pull tab, it would have been much easier Those zippers were sometimes hard to locate in your pockets. to grasp.

On our brown shirts with the zipper pockets, I planned on using pocket was actually almost over my shoulder. In the future, if big because I lost some weight before flight. It'd be nice to have A little more adjustment capability on waistband would be way clothes work up your carcass in zero gravity, that zipper you have a soft shirt like the brown shirt, something like a kangaroo pouch in it would be nice. My trousers all fit too nice, because you also have visceral, shift in zero gravity. that zipper pocket for a number of items and I never did. POGUE

with the clothes people. In zero g, a gry becomes more slender account in clothing design. I think here we have a legitimate Yes, that's something that the medics ought to really work on slap in the chops for somebody, and I don't know who it is in the clothes area. All those neat little extra pockets that we around and our pens and scissors and all that stuff were not properly sized, and we were unable to use them in the manner and grows taller, and those things ought to be taken into had put on so that we could carry our little folder books CARR

Ref. 3.49

3.49 Ref.

the price with inconvenience. I think that was a very bad deal. the neck. I think comebody really geofed on that one. We paid for which they were designed, and it was a great big pain in scissors would not fit in the scissors pocket, and the book The flashlight would not fit in the flashlight pocket, the would not fit in the book pocket. CARR (CCNT'D)

And the knife would not fit in the knife pocket. CIESCE

looking for something in your packets. You ought to know where I need them, it will cost me extra time and thought process to each item is, and you ought to be able to get to it quickly so pocket or put my flashlight in the same pocket, some time when of time you don't need to waste. You don't need to waste time So you found yourself putting things wherever you coull. I'm the kind of person who likes to put things in their place and have them there so that when I need them quickly I cun junt grab at them. If I can't always put my pencils in the same locate W Fen, pencil, or flashlight. Ann that's the kind that you can do the important things without delay. CAMR

A-109

I mentioned this once, I think, and the counterargument was that holsters be incorporated on both sides of the trousers so that A suggestion for future design is that something like cowing had made all the clothes that way and we were stuck with it. the garment people had been given that requirement and they POGUE

This pouch could be made flat with little receptaches on it or that would incorporate whatever little pieces of hardware you FOGUE You would have a receptdeds for a zip-on pouch of some kind. Wanted.

weren't quite as smelly as I had found them to be on the ground. wore the brown shirts near the end of the mission because they I guess the main reason they weren't as smelly is because we In general, I would say that the clothes were good. I even didn't sweat as much up there. CARR

They Were a little hot and uncomfortable I didn't like the I is recomming liked the white shirts though псия опез мету жисы. and itchy. G13SCN

A very pleasant feature that I found was the ability to zip on and alp off the legs of the trousers. I found that to be very pleasing and convenient, and whenever the weather was warm, I Was quite comfortable in the short trousers. CARR

problem. I liked the idea of having that sweat shirt fitting nicer would have been if I could have gotten the legs on and One thing that would have made the trousers and the Jackets WAS & there was just a little bit too long and I ended up cutting The over cover off over the triangle shoes. It could be done but it underneath. All my sleeves were too long, <u> PG3UE</u>

Posif those with scissors. I liked the idea of having that knit (CONT'D) fitting on the arms and the logs but it would be nice to have

Ref. 3.49 a little more stretch.

dIBSON I don't think we should let the clothing debriefing go by without mentioning that we all got a little tired of looking at brown.

I sure would have liked to have seen some different colors up there. I know the problems you had with trying to make fireproof clothing and the problems of dying, but I hope that the effort doesn't stop. Brown surely is a tiresome color, and I think something in the order of blue and green would have been most welcomed. We ought to push for it in the future and not just live with the drag brown we lived with during Skylah.

CASR I think that's a very good point. I think that future clothing design ought to be rather colorful and it ought to be varied.

A-110

FORCE Crew Quarters: The only point that I'd like to make is about the sleep compartment. I'd still like to be able to adjust air flow from inside the sleeping bag.

CARR Yes. Another item that we discussed in a group and haven't put on tape yet is the idea that crew quarters ought to be more spread out. The three crew areas were so close together that if a crewman did have a loose bed and did do any thrashing at night, he bothered the other two crewmen. If a fellow wanted

GIBSON TOO3: I did that just about all the time in the pre- and past-shop. Bust-shop I got it just which overy norming, no problem. Pre-sleep, I occasionally missed it buthuse it depended upon what I was doing. I just wasn't an organizer at night time and on a couple of occasions I did miss it. The cally other anomally was stowage; with the data card there was no problem.

FOGUE One comment on 1993 which applied to all the experiments in the checklist - It would not hurt to retain censored burkgroun; data from these experiments in the checklist and to add sketchout to show us the various locations that the PI wanted. Scretting I was a little bit in doubt about getting exact inequine.

Ref. 3.50 are sing and undressing bit. They vanted that done at the shower abover location. We did all our dressing and undressing in our sleep compartments. I never understood that and we alluded to that a little earlier. I don't think your shower data are worth a nickel. Instead of dressing and undressing data I gave data before and after our first shower. Maybe that will give you a little bit of information but I think

r containers, the	pank was non-10	_
Water dispensing was very well covered. As for containors, the	specifical was a disliked item and the conical pack was consistent.	the more liked of the items.
CARP (COMT'D)		

freeds. In order to increase the quality of food by including more frazen food on board, we should package three or four frozen foods in the same container, so they could be heated up together. This would miminize container space and volume for each individual item, frozen 77 dinner style. If you know that you want mashed potatees with your meat and peas, you could put it all in one big package, and heat it all together. This would simplify packaging and serving.

Garments and Personal Gear: All zippers should have little pull tabs on them. I believe in the kangaroo pouch for a shirt, rather than the little pocket on the chest because it works its way up to your shoulder. We don't have enough places to stow flashlights, percils, scissors, or tools.

A-111

lef. 3,51

Let me give you a word of caution. Bill says he likes the kangaroo pouch on the shirt. That doesn't mean that the suirts for the next mission should all have kangaroo pouches. The ples is for flexibility. If one guy likes kangaroo pouches, great. Give them to him. If another guy doesn't want kangaroo pouches, don't saddle him with them just because the crew of SL-4 said they like that type pocket.

CARR

PONUE The point is we should not be adverse to trying new things.

CARR Right. But on the other hand, we don't want to saddle every one with the same thing.

TBSON One thing I have never seen anybody use was the strips across the top which were snapped to hold comm cables. I found these things were always open, or in the way. We never used the comm cable holders in zero g, and I would eliminate them from future spacetraft.

CARR Personal Gear: It was great to always have scissors with you and I wish we'd had a better pocket to put them in. The Swiss arry knife was an extremely valuable tool to all of us. It had enough flexibility that we used it on just about all of the appliances, at one time or another. That is a good piece of gear to have with, you at all times, and should be properly stowed on the clothing.

CARR I want to mention the food arrangement. El hal to climb for the table to reach his food. I had the best position, must to the window and the food. Bill had a good position, but the food was not accessible from all positions at the table,

CARR	Crev	Compartment	Crew Compartment Configuration:	Ve	have	We have covered that in M $^{b}87$	that	in	M4.87	
	debr	debriefings.								

Clothing and Related Equipment, Restraint Systems, Thermal Control, Tools, and Camera Equipment:

POGUE The only thing I want to mention here is my shoe that broke. Ref. 3.52 It was the one thing that broke we didn't have a replacement for. We had numerous shirts, trousers, and everything else, but we didn't have any spare footplates or shoes.

CARR We have debriefed everything in the SWS area except camera equipment.

POUE In flight, we had many complaints about DACs. All the suggestions sent up by ground didn't help a bit. I'm sure the people

In flight, we had many complaints about DACs. All the suggestions sent up by ground didn't help a bit. I'm sure the people vorking on this were working hard and had the best intentions, but their equipment was terrible. The DAC clawed film and ruined film. When we were threading the DACs, they would shove the film back into the supply reel. I felt ill at ease operating that. At first, I blamed myself for every mistake. In retrospect, I think I made very few errors. It was the equipment. You can't put the connectors on after you get a transporter on and little things like that which were constant irritations. The ground was saying that the constant

For was very good. The ergometer was pread for the carrier one and other the treatments and great for one-g maneross. The Mark I and the Kark II were real great for your cuter muscles. We did not use the fark III. Miscae screnas carting or after flight - Mone of us complained of any significant madels soreness during the flight, After the flight, name of us really complained much of muscle soreness antil we began running. Bill and I had a bad complaint with the muscles that ingest up from part of our legs. Those were the muscles that ingest up II group your conjudice have been constructing and

us Ed. I grans your socilation tays take none outsons and a the Joints. Ferspiration during nonexervine periods was constituted.

POGUE You know, there is an argument to be made for disposable $|\phi_1\rangle e^{-r}$ sweatshirts.

nonexistent. During exercise, all three of us perspired.

Ref. 3.53

GIBSOM One of the problems encountered when working on the erganiter was that a layer of water built up on the body. I used to build up just a sheet of water across the back. You could really get some pretty big balls of water coming off of that, if you moved yourself around.

CARR Inflight Oral Hygiene: Mouth discomfort -

POGUE A little bit of bad breath.

	POGUE	POGIE That's right; we don't need laces. QUERY Mechanically the shoes were not ideal? TT TT
 J	Ref. 3.54	
 2	<u> </u>	
No, that's a gred lesson; we might just as well from up to that. That's right. If something is going to stick out an moder a nice handhold, it's going to be used for a handhold. Particularly when there's not any other type of handhold? That's right.	From what has been said, we've concluded that the triangles and the grid form one of the best foot restraints we've run across. They are good. We found that we could work those easily and it allows a lot of flexibility. We only had one pair of shoes, netually. I wanted to use those conical shoes more but you couldn't use them with the bicycle. But for general purposes, the triangle vorked fine.	76
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The second secon

CARR (CONT'D) peratures in the high beta case more tolerable for us. As for the showers, the chief noticeable effect was some condensation.	GIBSON I did not notice a rise in humidity on days that we showered.		QUERY Ed, at one point you mentioned you had eaten a meal at the ATM panel. Did you take a tray up there? GIBSON I ate a number of meals up there.	QUERY Was that difficult at all? GIBSON I often took segments of meals up there. No, it was no problem at all. We had the large pockets in which I would usually take up three or four cans of whatever was heated and two or three juices and go at them one by one. That	
0			0		<u> </u>
One of them broke. Did that limit you to one-foot operation, Bill, when you damaged that shoe?	No, I fixed it. With enough gray tape you can fix anything.		fairly massive. But when I wanted to do any work at all, I just had to put the triangles. There was no way around it.	Once we got the suits on in the pre and post EVA, we sure missed those triangles. The IVA crewman really had a time at the ATM grid. I was continually working to hold myself in position when I was suited.	inat's very interesting because vibics and spaces of act both at a position now where we must baseline some sort
Pogus Query	POGUE GIBSON	Ref. 3.54	A-114	CARR	ф

	Topic company to the second se	The state of the s	
CARR	pleasant to have your food open and to be able to cat from		
74 + 1000	it, rather than having to open and close a let of centainers.	(a) (a) (a) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	adjusting to various thermal alloations. Plastic cuff.
GIRSON	We found that the table was a little bit low, as he said,		are not required. Protective headgest is probably not
	but it was still preferable to be able to get everything		A. FOCKETS and Proposition of the Control of the Co
	organize1, opened up, and proceed into the meal the same		in the point real rate of the state of the s
	as you would down here. However, sometimes I preferred		The back of the books of the books of the back of the
	to pick up one can at a time, rather than trying to eat it	CARS	Don'e forget signer pulls I don't know if I ogmee that
	out of a tray. Another general ground rule in the design		glastic cuffs are not necessary. They sure keep your
	of conteiners which interface with fluids is to avoid		apparents from riding up on your leg. The grallow in
	elastic materials. By elastic, I mean the very tain mem-		e astio coffs cs. wake it difficult to jui a fost thinks
	brane over the filet that when cut would cause fluid spill.		A SEAST SING WITH A BENE SI
	Containers with elasticity, when interfaced with liquids.	<u>.</u>	The Control of the Co
,	tend to pump our food particles and lights in no mondled	17. - 1	
A-1	AND AR COLUMN DOMIN DOMIN DE PROPERTIES ALS ALES ALES ALES ALES ALES ALES ALE		
15	example of this.		ign. Dec tengal
CARR	We had a quality centrel problem in that the little loce	CARR	I felt that they rounds a bittie bit on rea
	that your finger went through would break off; it would	Ecc.	್ರವಾಡಿಸಿ ಅವರು ಸಾಭ್ಯಸ್ಥಾರಿತಿ ಅವರಿಸಿ ರವಣಾ ಸಭಾಣನಿಗೆ
	Separate right at the weld or whatever you call it in	2. 1.1 2.	The state of the s
AMERICA SERVICE SECTION OF THE PROPERTY COMPANY	PLBS (1 0 S).		・
7 E S	인 한 한 바이트 하는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니는 아니		ray they's bear to
-		A	Fars a series on a pretty individual to the
	garments coght to be taseafned as a standard mero g wearing		
	apparel because of the otiventence of waste management and	QUERY	You united it would be difficult to design a standard
	7.6		guraentl
			92

The state of the s

	every day. They weren't too baggy because clothing rides	up in zero gravity anyway.		Did your height expansion have any noticeable effect	on the fit of your garments through the course of the	mission?		That may be why I was getting the ride-up effect on the	legs. I would move my legs and my trousers would ride	up on me and when I would straighten my leg the trouser	vas still high. So I noticed that frequently I would	kick my leg in order to throw my trousers down a little	further.	reducity for a new time and and the forest t		f Did you find much use for the IVA gloves in handling reds	and things at the SAL?		Never used them.	I sure could have used some work gloves in many places.	N We found those aloves just before we left, remember?		Yes, in the little valet up there.	
	FOSUE (CONT'D)			MERY				CARR						NO SULE	OT D	QUERY			CARR	Pogue	MOSHIO	•	CARR	
	sas.	-			(1 - 1)		3.50	v , ie	7	-1-6-	cec.	e e	alia.	e-Switzered		* • •				· • • •				-,
						4	Ke t																	
I think it will be, because of individual preferences.	of 1190 mental a function of 190 of 190	Dia you eyere ail of the garmenes through a period of use	as cleaning rags, or were only certain ones suitable for	that kind of use?		Only certain ones. We didn't bother to use any of the	brown stuff for cleaning, but all the cotton material	was very handy for cleaning.		I used old clothes for light baffles also. I had them	wadded up and packed in the area between the two floors	because the lights from the OWS came into my sleep	compartment.	We did a certain amount of counting in terms of what you	recorded for us that you threw away. We decided that	some of you threw away more things than you started with.		That's correct.	Was there an interchangeability between crewmen or were	there leftovers from ealier missions?		There were leftovers.	When I had the problem with rash on my back, I broke out a	the state of the s
CARR	à	T T T				CARR				CIRSON				QUERY				POGUE	QUERY			CARR	POGUE	

CARR (CONFID) reading in position before the shower and a reading after the shower. the shower. WHEN The intent was to take a measurement before doffing your clothes. This was orginally intended to be taken in the forward dome area at the doffing and doming station.	GIBSON I don't recall being briefed on T003. It would have helped to have understood some of these objectives. POGUE It would have helped us to have had either amplification in the checklist on the precise locations of the stations or to have had a drawing of the workshop showing where it was you wanted those. Sometimes it wasn't too clear.	QUERY Right, I understand that. QUERY Okay, any other questions on the TOD3 from anyone? GIBSON I'd like to ask a question about the heles that were left along the side when this thing had to be pried off the mounting plate. I put tape over that, because I din't	know whether that was another source of air inlet. Lid that negate the data? QUERY I'm sorry; you put the tape over what?	
Yes, but you have to be cautioned, though. Many days when measurements were taken we did not all eat together. So they might be sequential. We would take one before anyone started in there and then maybe after the first guy ate or the second guy, whoever was responsible for that	You did take a measurement in the waste management compartment before and after, also? Yes, that was only a couple of times, as I recall. We did miss a couple of those measurements from time to time and I apologize for that, but most of the time they were taken as specified.	We couldn't understand the reason for the shower readings. You wanted them before and after removal of clothing, and you wanted it done at the shower position, but most of us took our clothes off in another area. In the sleep compartment; I understand,	We weren't sure exactly what it is you wanted to to get. When you get in a sleep compartment and start taking off your clothes and start rustling the beds around, you're going to get skin particles and hair out of the beds into your analyzer, which would have affected your data. The	
31RGOM	QUERY GIBSON	Ref. 3.58	CARR	

CARR	And we were prepared to change out the probe on the urine		
	dump systen, but it - it cleared so we didn't have to go	INFEE	Yes. Yes. I do. Panel 217
	through with that.		
X SS ST	Any problem encountered with static discharre? You	CARR	ώλ, yes.
	talked about it being so dry.	Poeur	Yeah. If you could see your hands - All you got to do is
6			just take a picture. I should have taken a picture of my
14	Surprisingly enough, there was no static discharge.	Ref. 3.60	hands after I got through doing the servicing in there,
>: #11 :: 2	We haven't had any report previously.		because there's no way of working in there - Well, 7
1 to 100			could use vork gloves, I guess; I should have used work
	The only time that you got any indication of electro-		gloves. I used the photo gloves. But that should have
Kel. 3.3%	statics was when we took off our shirts, you could feel		been caught by ground safety, that's so had. There wasn't
\- <u>]</u>	the hair standing up on your arms, but I never heard		enough room in there to make them - to make and break
	any crackiing.		those QDs for the Manda gas separator. It was fust s
ን. የ.ም.	No popping or cracking or anything, but you could sure		soury place to work; there's just no two ways about it.
	make your hair on your arms stand up and on your head as	CARR.	The stowage in goneral - The biggest single problem with
	you pulled the shirt over the top, your hair would just		stowage is retention in the zero-g situation. We need to
	go right up sometimes.		do a lot of thinking and get some inventiveness brought
X HELLY	Was the OWS thermal control system ever checked cut?		to play here on how to retain things - little things.
	It's on reference system checklist sheet 9 through 15.		Of course, the film vault is a prime example of that.
	Did you ever - do you recall that you ever checked out		But some of those big film vanits up in the MDA were just
	the thermal control s/stem?		great big empty boxes, and it got to the point where you
ب ئ ئ			just pushed something in there and closed the door real
1	4.00 CT 1.0000 20 CT 1.000 20		quick. And then you knew the next time you hal to open
	Lie Total and the Control of the Con		the door, you had to be on gram guard. And assile things
	in the second se		

And then the sweat shirt knitted-cuff-type underneath, bothered me a little bit because of the - of the vatch. I don't think that's something you really need to legiching.	That's kind of personal preference. I know if you've got - got the capability of putting them in the design, just ask the crewman what he wants.	Окву	But I - I liked them. It kept the sleeves from riding up	too much on me and the trouser legs from riding up, and so I liked them. But these guys found them to be somewhat of a hindrance.	I was more put out with them on the trousers than I was on the sleeves of the jackets, because I couldn't take my trousers off without taking my shoes off, you know, undressing for FT.	But let's face it. If you do them, somebody's going to bitch; if you take them off, somebody's going to bitch.	The other crews - the other crews took them off.	359
POGUE		QUERY	CARR		POGUE	CARR	QUERY	
Poc V.V.	Ref. 3.61	Inb	CA.		2	CA	ng d	
Okay. We have Dick Heckman from Marshall and Hoot Gibson, of course you know, from JBC, you have nown more questions you want to take care of?	<pre>Yes. I'll - I'll cover the crew provision - equipment first. The cuffs on the Skylab jackets - Do you all con- sider them necessary or they're just a luxury?</pre>	You mean the knitted cuffs?	Yes.	Yes, no (Laughter)	Now, wait a minute, now. I like - I didn't like the - the overcuffs. And the knitted cuff was too tight for me to get my watch through; that's the resson I didn't like it. I liked the idea. It just turned out, on my	too tight particular jacket, I ended up cutting - taking	scissors and cutting the solid overcuffs. You know what I'm talking about?	Yes. 358
QUERY	QUERY	CARR	QUERY	eg A-120	POGJE	QUERY POGUE		QUERY

Was there anything that you would have liked to shange periodically? Or had the ability to change, just to allow?	Let's see.	General area of habitability you're talking about now?	Yes. Provide more variation perhaps.	Well. I can think of second to wish the	The color changes would have helped, you know; if you'd	Lass dad maybe variations in this of itabiling wish yes	The Property of the Control of the C	Well, I teil you; in a general area what we really would	have liked - and it's not really the question you're	asking, but it answers - it satisfies the requirement, and	that is televicion for entertainment - and more tapes,	That sort of thing. That's what satisfied that sort of	craving for variety.	Yes. The single best sorts of entertainment we had up	Where, as We've mentioned many times, was looking out the	window. And that was constantly changing and it was very,	very interesting to us.			420	NASA-JSC
XHEE	S. C.	POGUE	QUERY	Ref. 3.63	827			3000d						5.5							
 •							-~~~												ا ا- ا		·
Right.	and they were frayed,	They were a real bother too.	Yes, that's	We'd have been better off with Mosite inserts.	The - Did you have much irouble with the snaph - seimro or decals that were bonded in central off?	Nes, we sure 186. We had a Lot of them owner of the safe	.?	and people had bear the system cown to the part where	they let us take some give up with us. And we woulded	to glue some of them back, and they held very nicely,	Office hairteand life and managed live and	this with M487. We've got a few general comments and like		ability of your surrounding this you notice on an organization	Any particular chings	The second secon	A STATE AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY	Charles as a second control of the con-		97ए	
QUENY	Pogue	CARR	30904	CARR	रमञ्जू	CAFIN	Λ-	-121			VERTIO	ļ				CAER	Dof 3 65	D:0 1024			

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